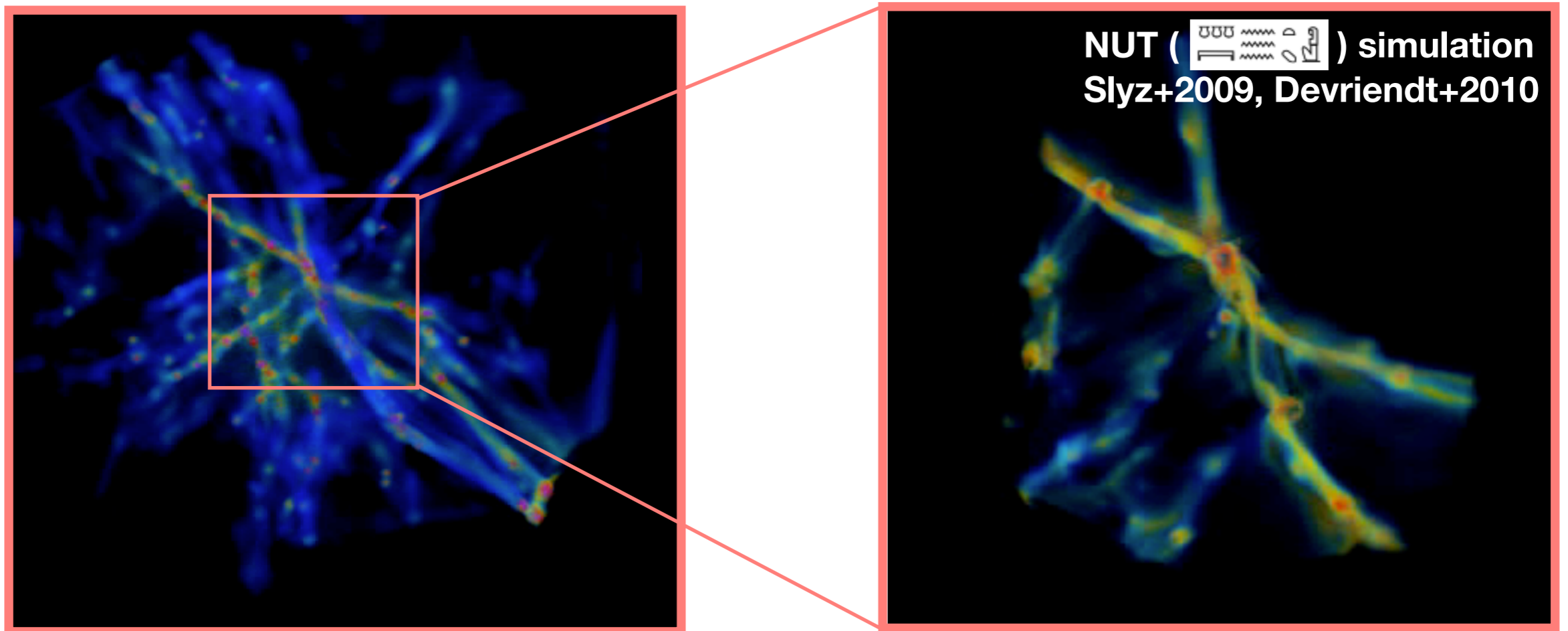


Clotilde Laigle

Devriendt, Japelj, Arnouts, Pichon, Slyz, Dubois, Park, Peirani



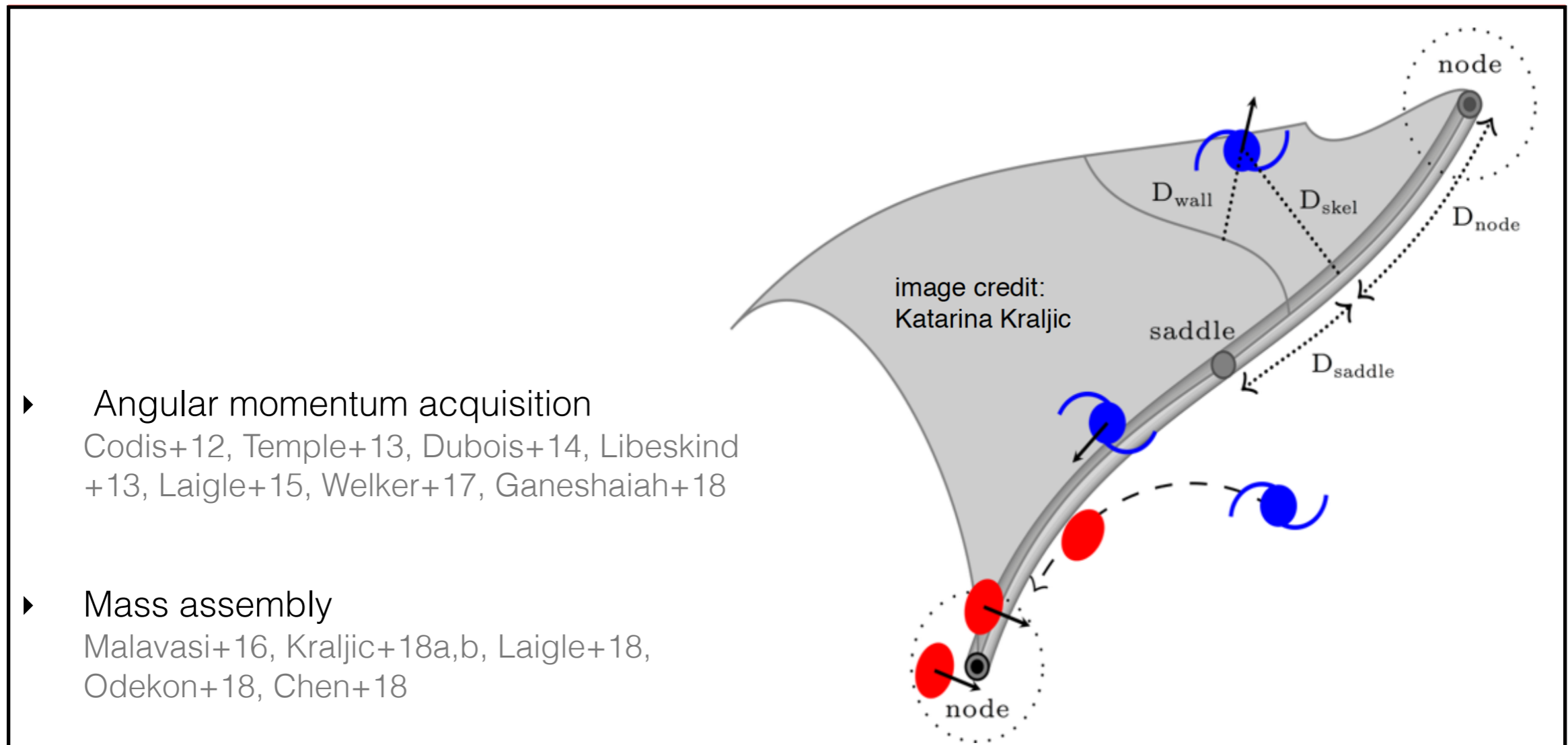
Probing the multi-scale cosmic web forecasts for Lyman-alpha forest tomography



IGM: a multi-scale and multi-connected web

Gravity amplifies anisotropy: **filaments** are found at **all scales**
Connectivity: relevant both for cosmology and galaxy formation

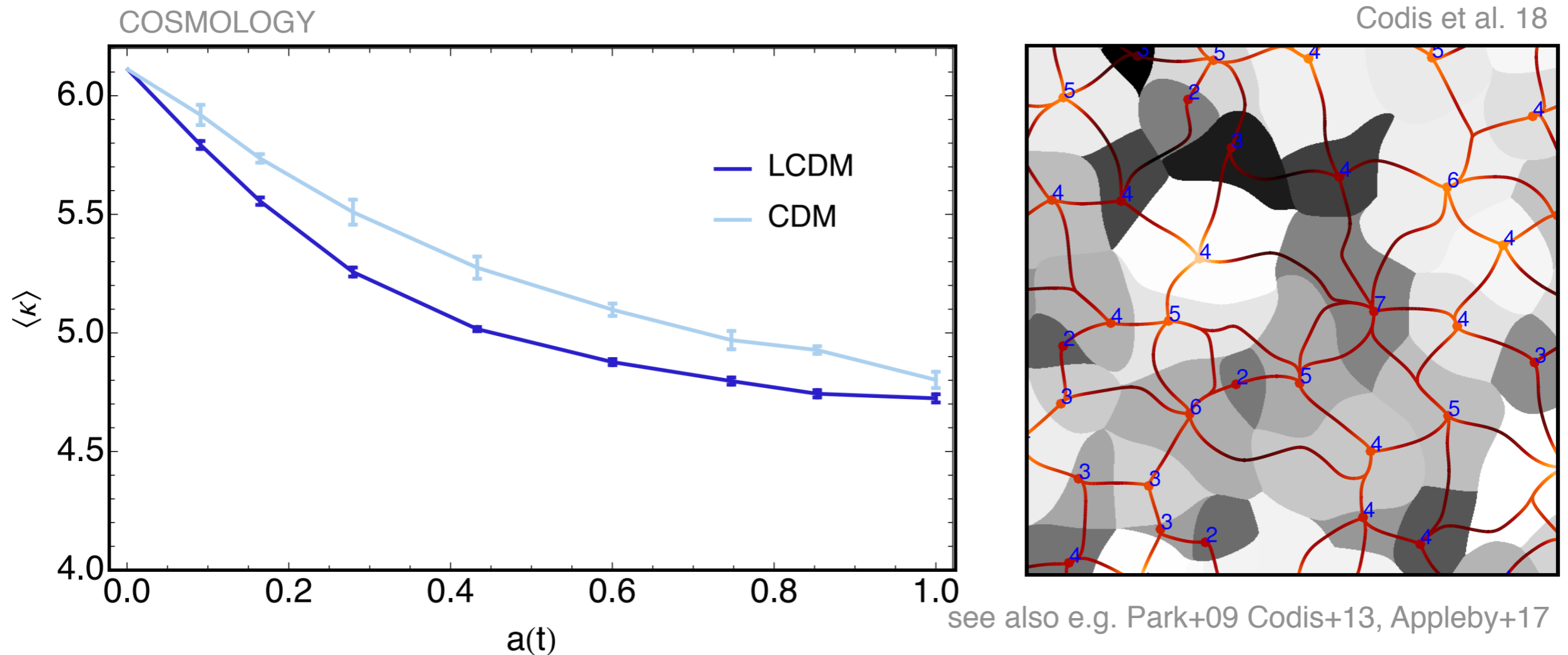
GALAXY FORMATION



Impact of the **geometry** of the matter distribution **beyond density** on galaxy properties

IGM: a multi-scale and multi-connected web

Gravity amplifies anisotropy: **filaments** are found at **all scales**
Connectivity: relevant both for cosmology and galaxy formation



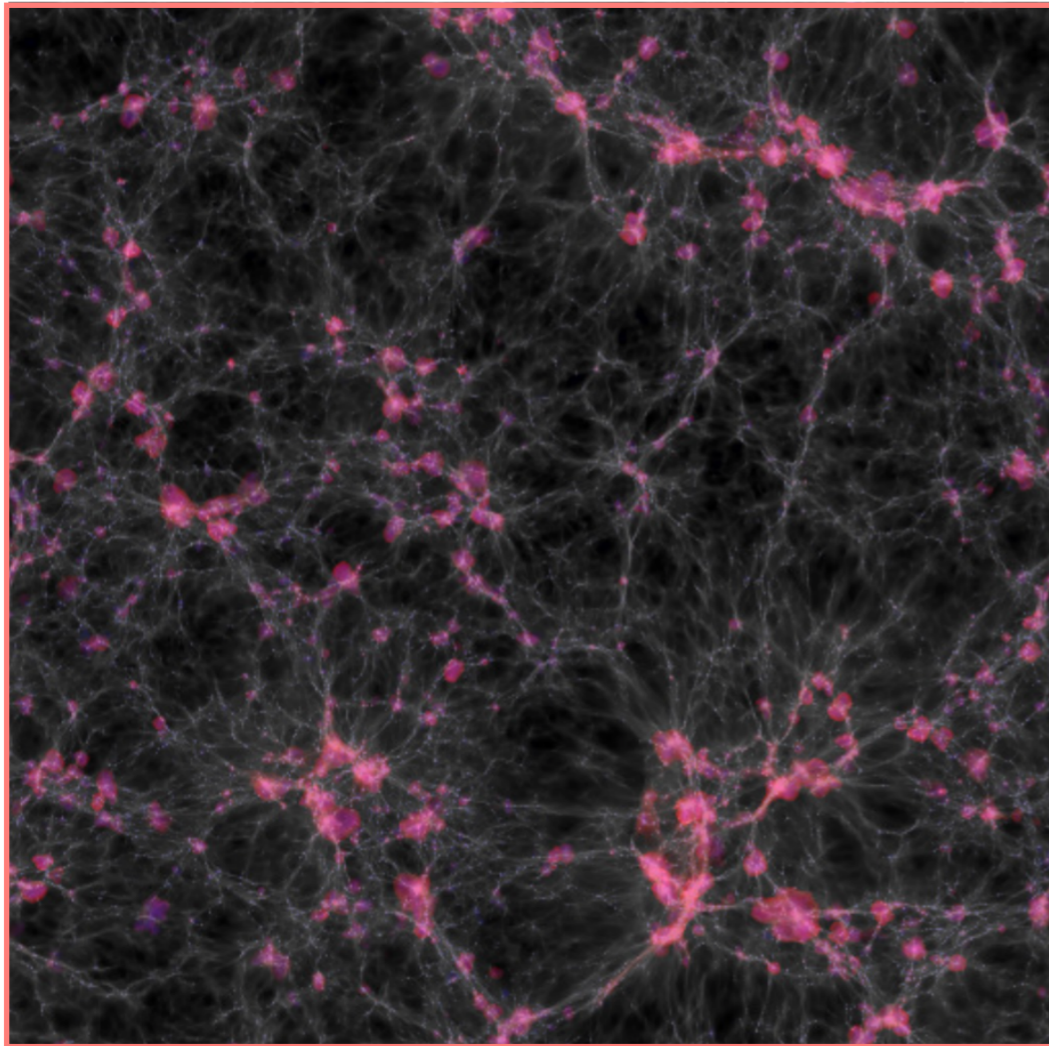
How many filaments a node of a given height is connected to depends on **cosmology**

IGM: a multi-scale and multi-connected web

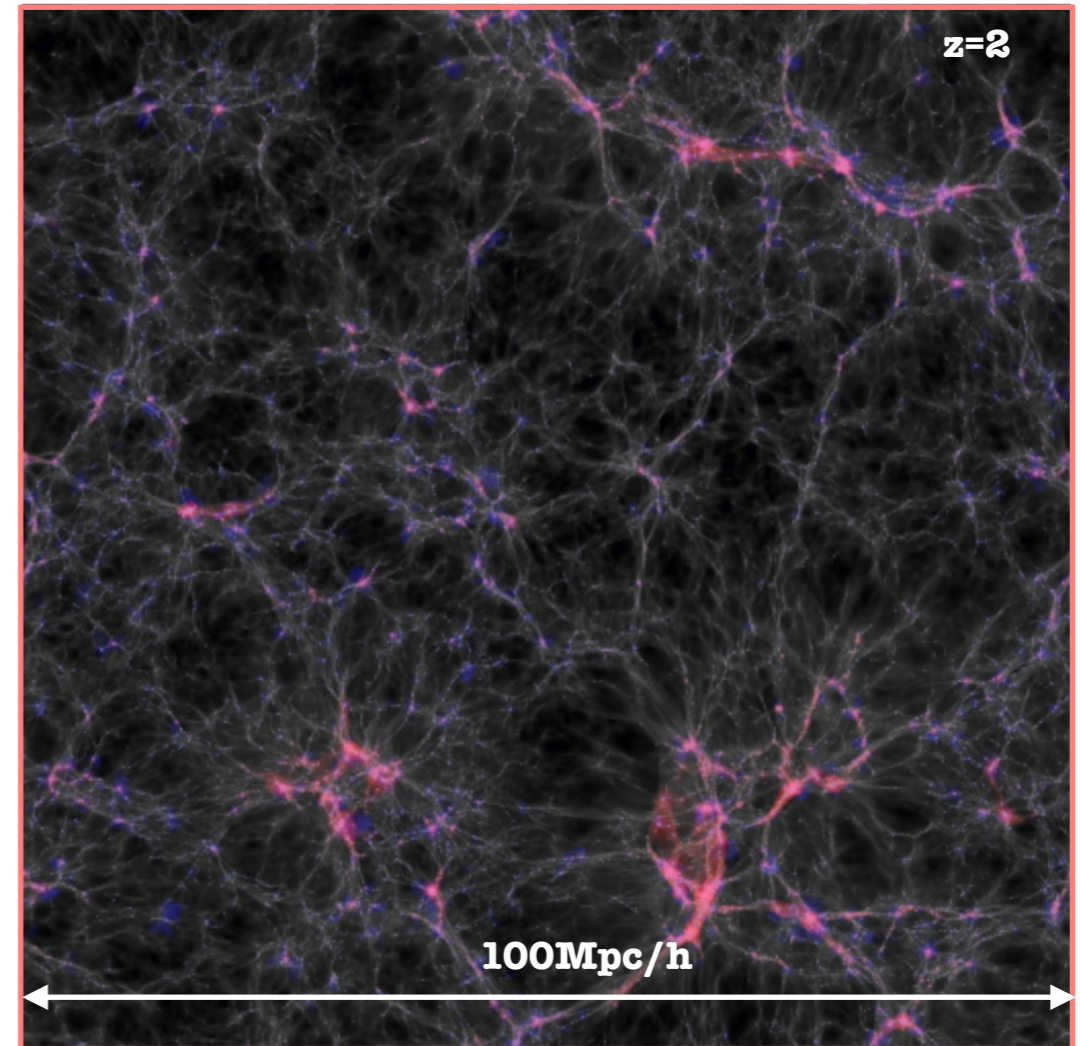
Gravity amplifies anisotropy: **filaments** are found at **all scales**
Connectivity: relevant both for cosmology and galaxy formation

AGN FEEDBACK

Horizon-AGN simulation



Horizon-noAGN simulation

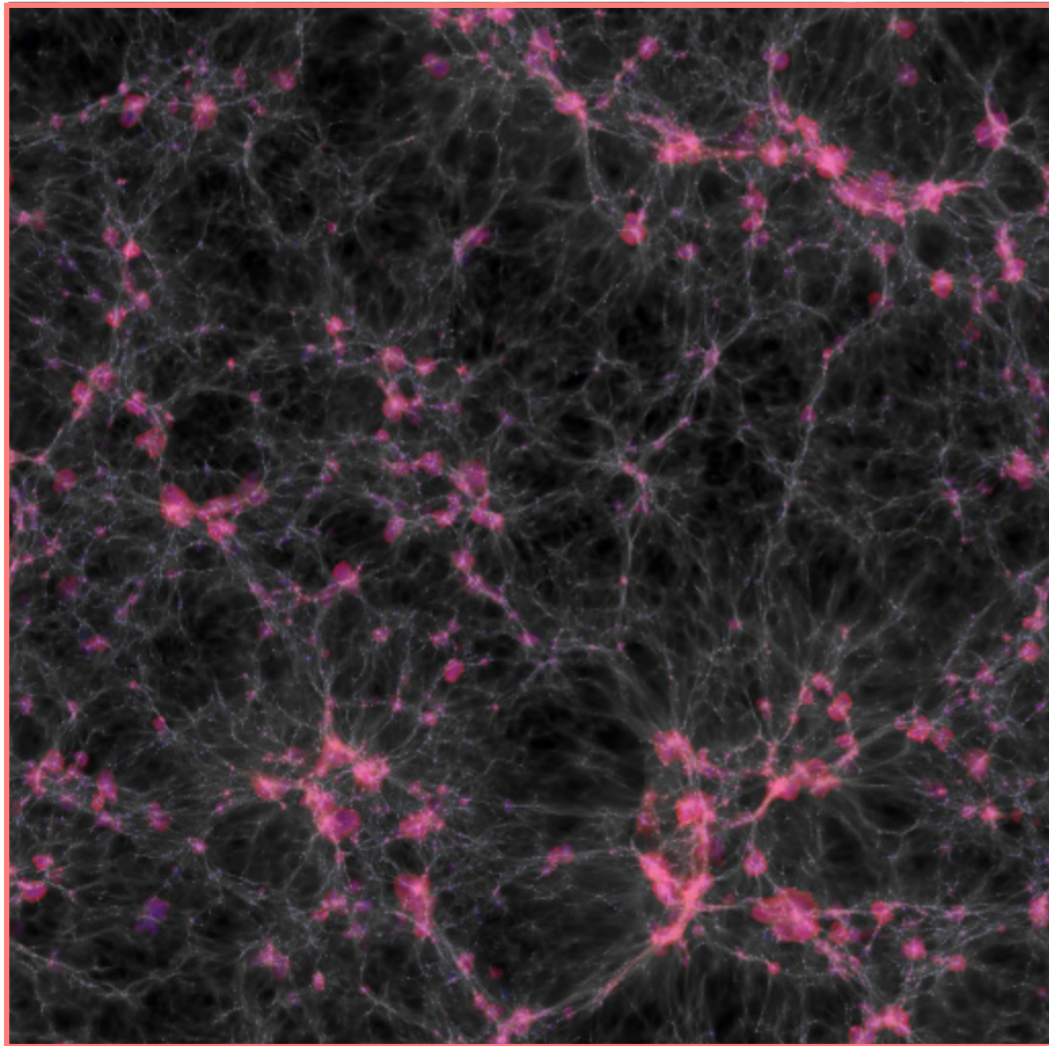


(**Disruption** of the) connectivity of the HI field might be a probe for **AGN feedback**

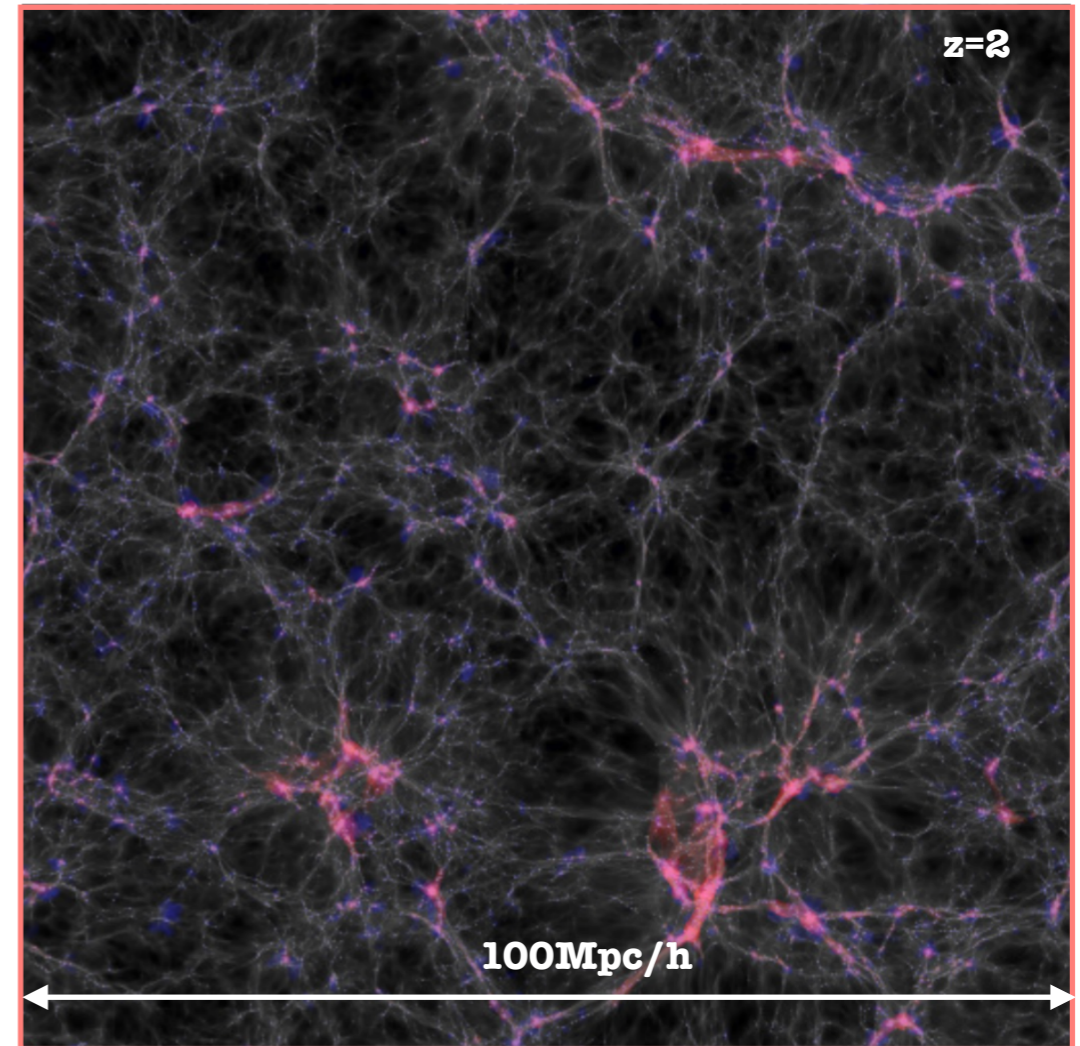
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Horizon-noAGN simulation



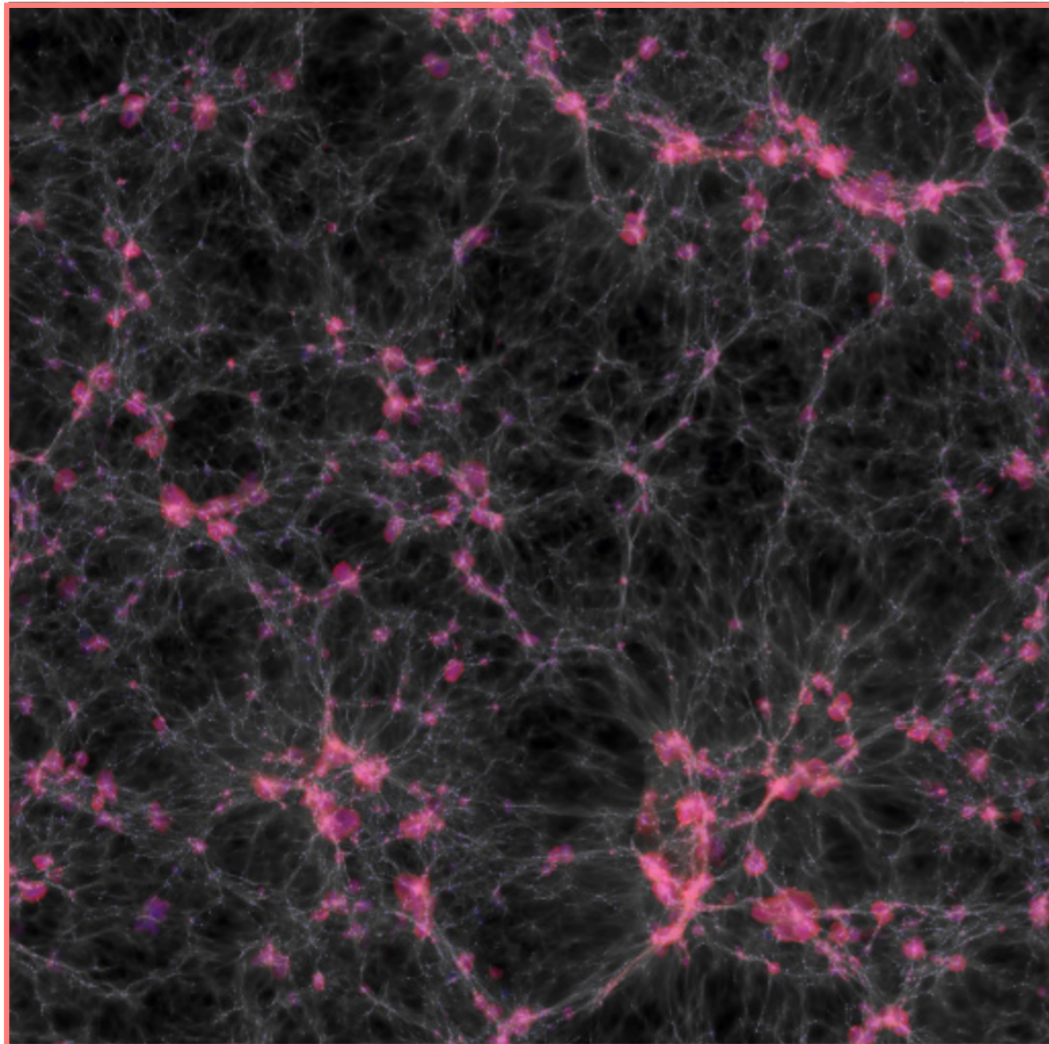
(**Disruption** of the) connectivity of the HI field might be a probe for **AGN feedback**

Probing connectivity of the IGM → **need to reconstruct the 3D distribution of matter**

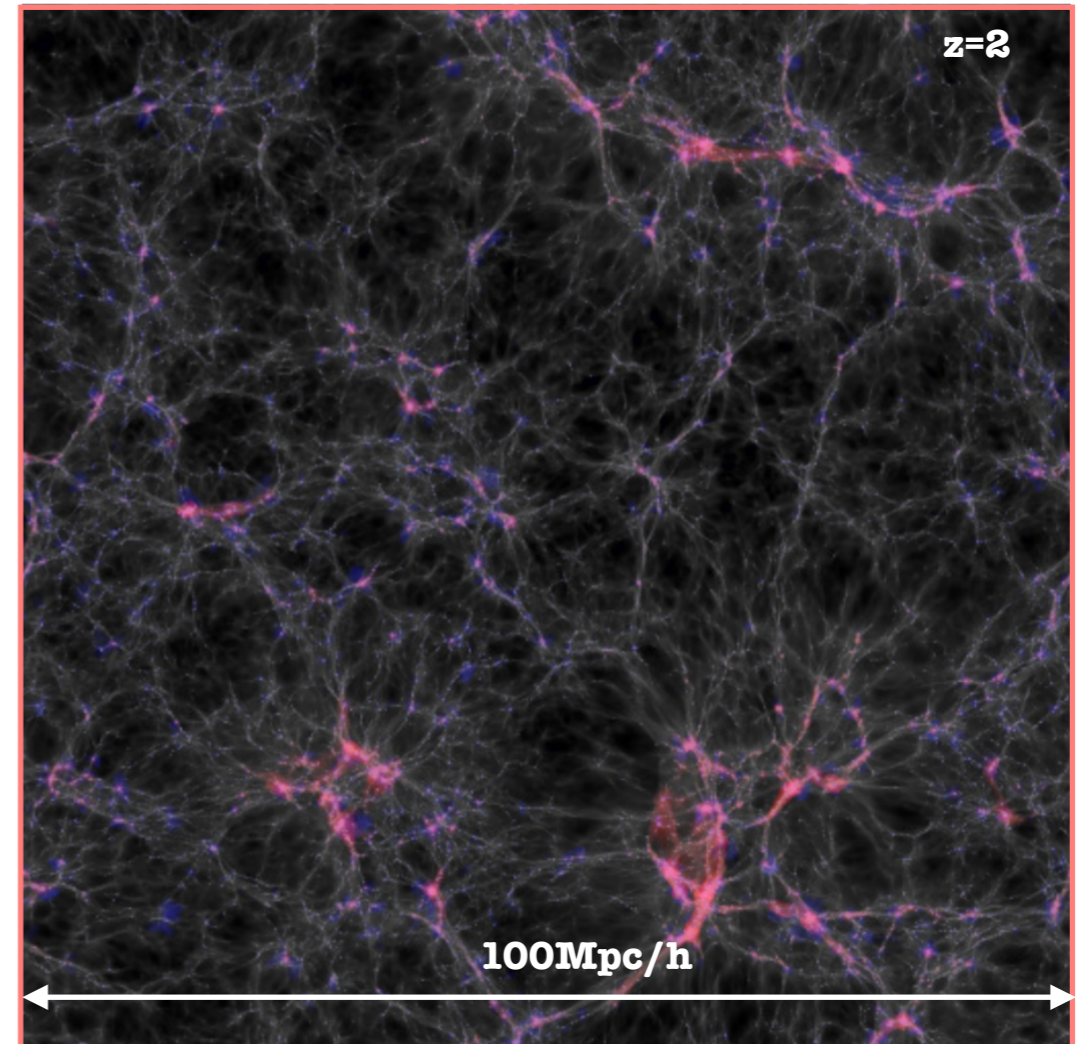
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Gravity amplifies anisotropy: **filaments** are found at **all scales**
Connectivity: relevant both for cosmology and galaxy formation

Horizon-AGN simulation



Horizon-noAGN simulation



(**Disruption** of the) connectivity of the HI field might be a probe for **AGN feedback**

Probing connectivity of the IGM → **need to reconstruct the 3D distribution of matter**

Focus on a global reconstruction (in absorption, cosmological volume, scale >Mpc)

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Current surveys

spectroscopy
(3D galaxy distribution)

VIPERS: Malavasi+17

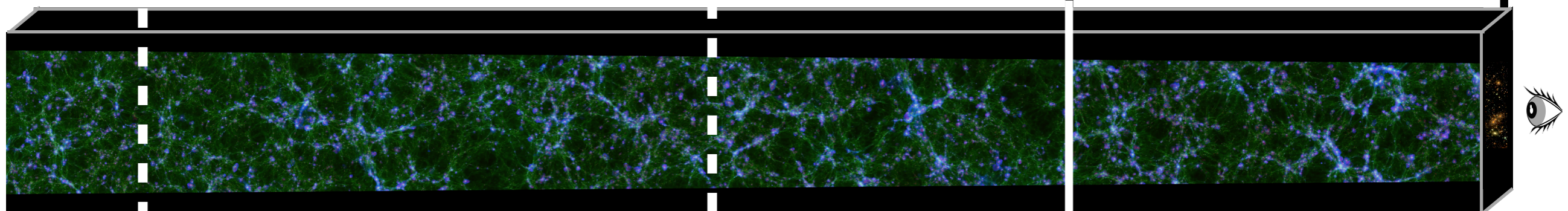
GAMA: Kraljic+18

SDSS, ALFALFA: Odekon+18

SDSS: Tempel+13, Chen+18

Future probes

Previous studies



z=4

z=2

z=1

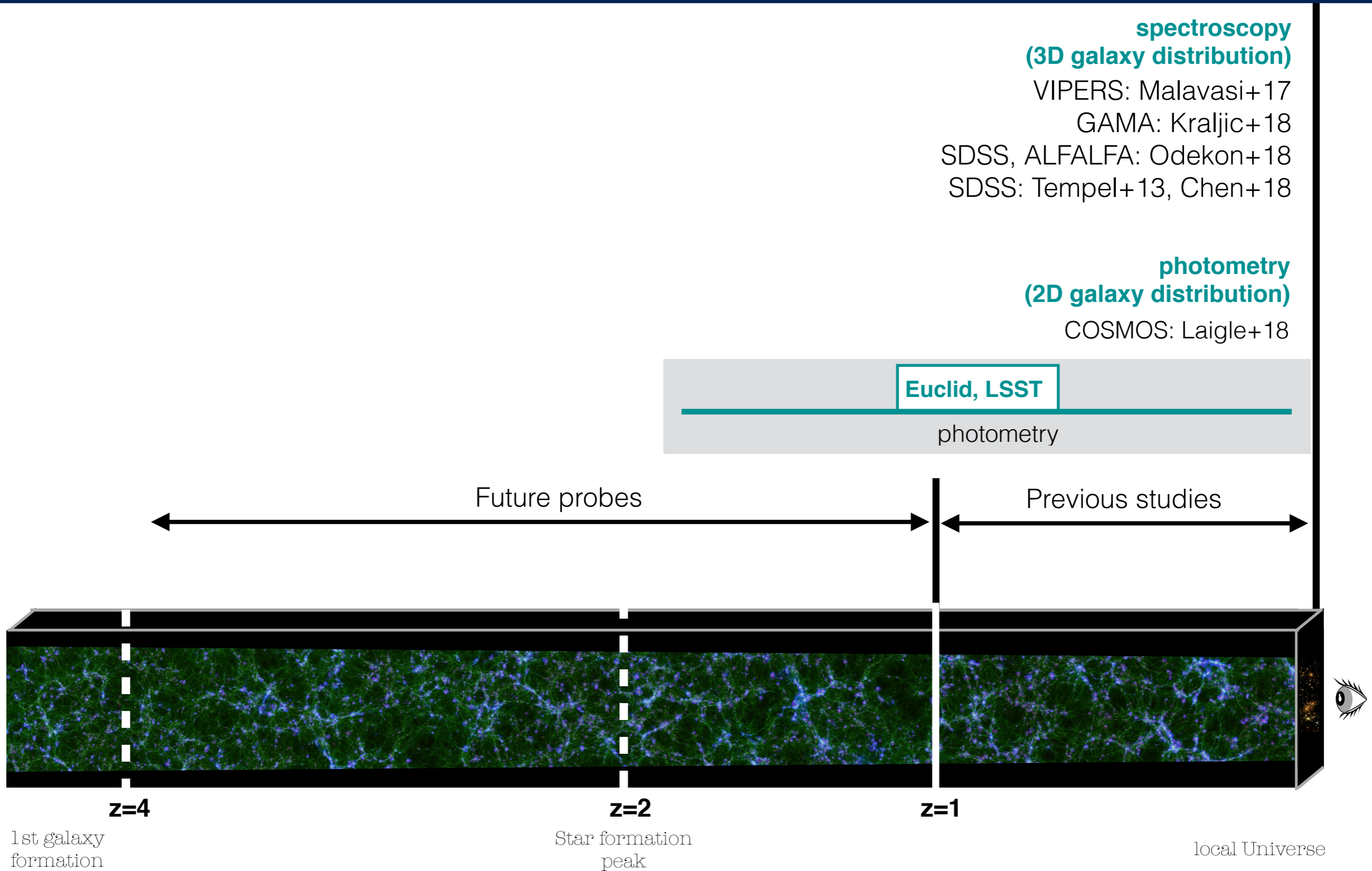
1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Current surveys



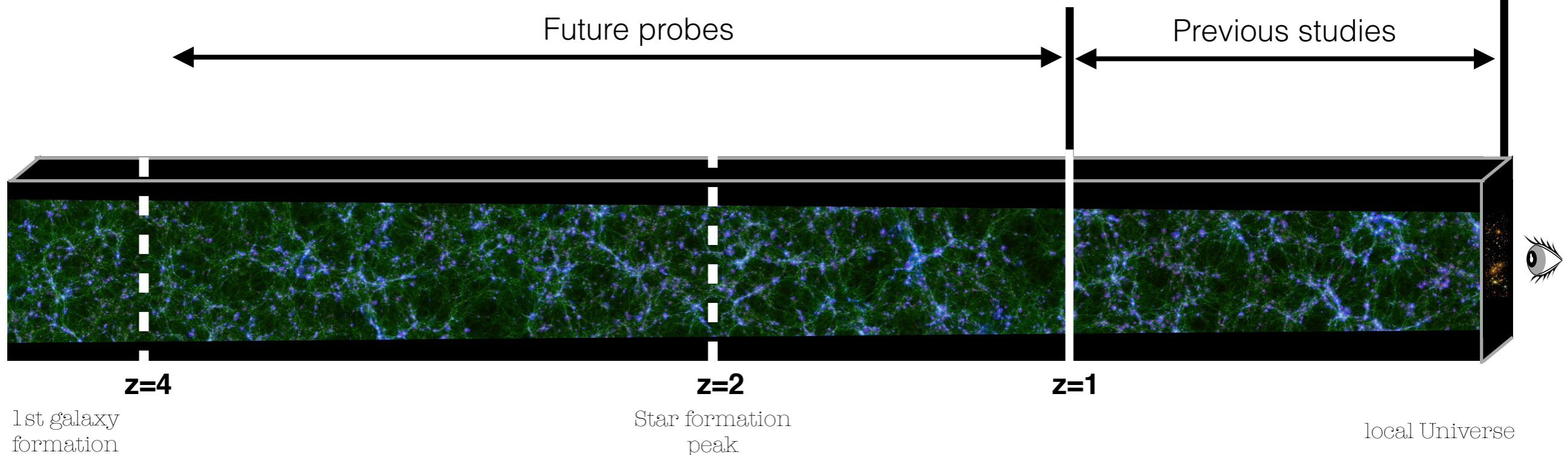
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Current surveys

Lyman-alpha forest tomography
CLAMATO (e.g. Lee+14,18, Krolewski+17)

spectroscopy
(3D galaxy distribution)
VIPERS: Malavasi+17
GAMA: Kraljic+18
SDSS, ALFALFA: Odekon+18
SDSS: Tempel+13, Chen+18

photometry
(2D galaxy distribution)
COSMOS: Laigle+18



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Future surveys

Lyman-alpha forest tomography
CLAMATO (e.g. Lee+14,18, Krolewski+17)

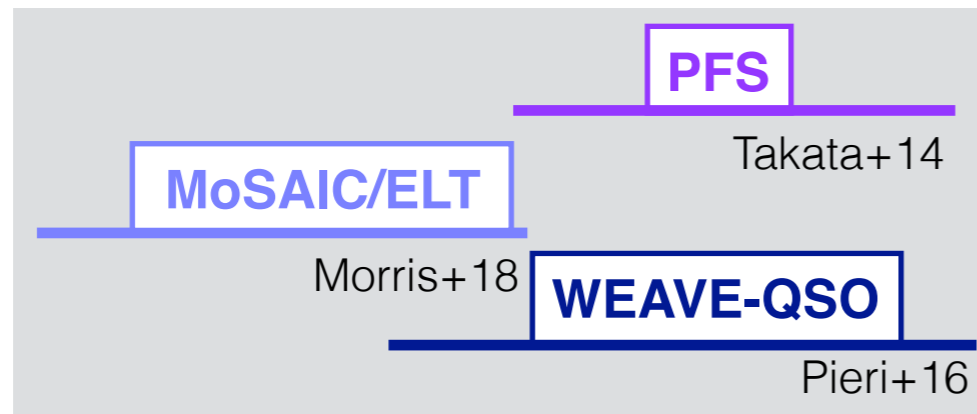
spectroscopy
(3D galaxy distribution)

VIPERS: Malavasi+17

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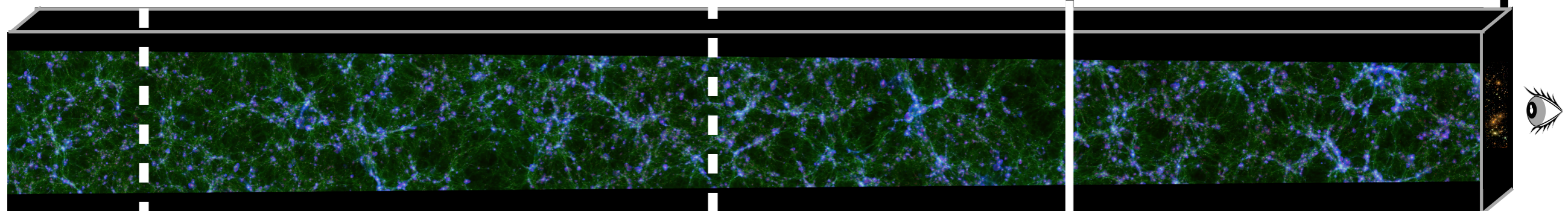


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Future probes

Previous studies



$z=4$

$z=2$

$z=1$

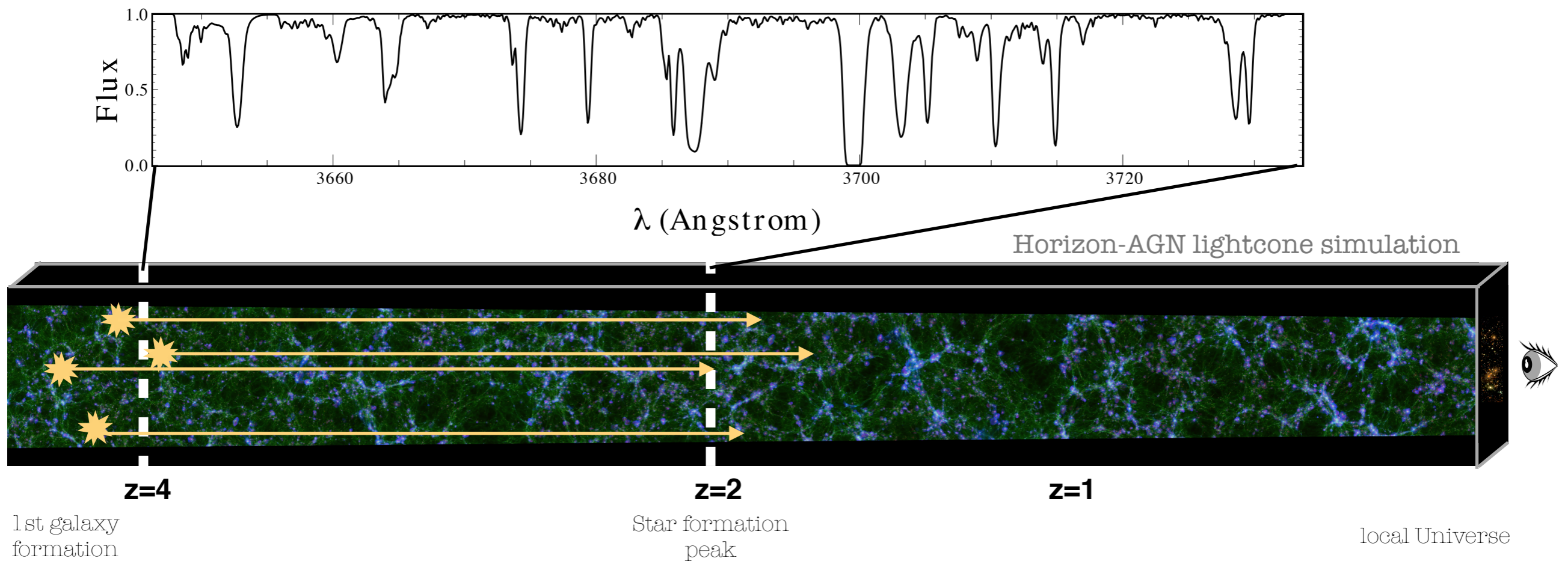
1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Reconstruction from Lyman-alpha forest

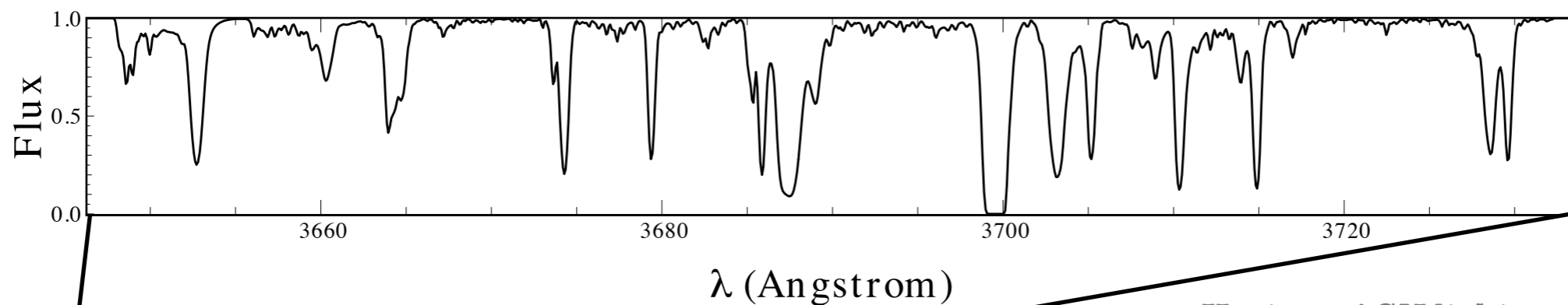


Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

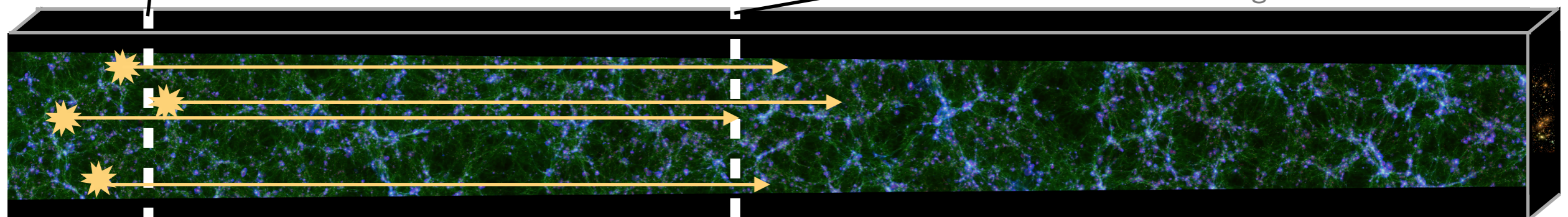
Reconstruction from Lyman-alpha forest

Transmitted flux $F(\nu_0) = e^{-\tau_\alpha(\nu_0)}$ traces the neutral hydrogen (HI) density:

$$\tau_\alpha(\nu_0) = \int_0^{x_s} dx \frac{\sigma_\alpha n_{\text{HI}}(x, z)}{1+z}$$



Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

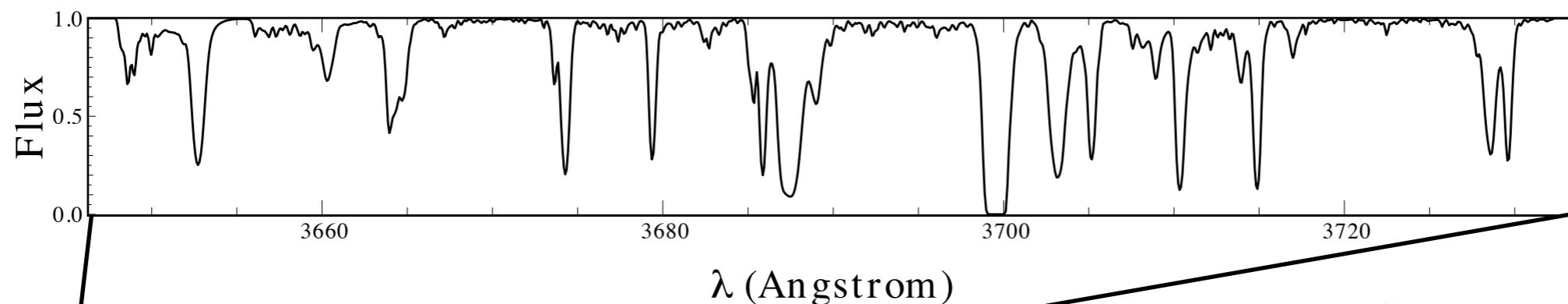
Reconstruction from Lyman-alpha forest

Transmitted flux $F(\nu_0)$ = $e^{-\tau_\alpha(\nu_0)}$ traces the neutral hydrogen (HI) density:

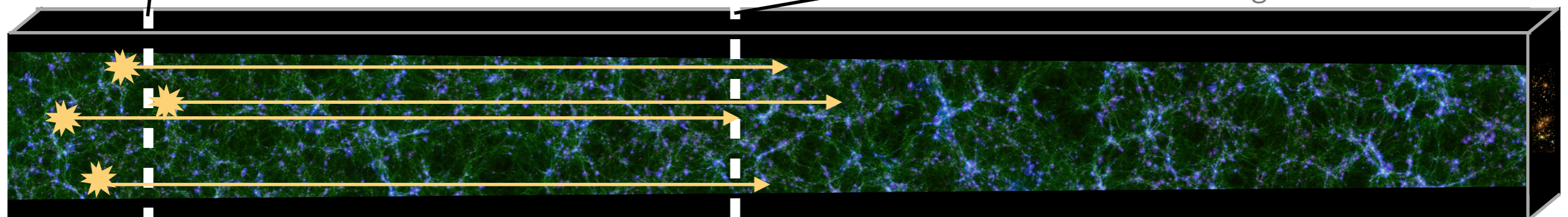
$$\tau_\alpha(\nu_0) = \int_0^{x_s} dx \frac{\sigma_\alpha n_{\text{HI}}(x, z)}{1+z}$$

In order to probe the connectivity of the field: 3D reconstruction of the matter distribution

Interpolation between sightlines: Wiener filtering Pichon+01, Caucci+08, Lee+16, Stark+16
see also Cisewski+14, Ozbek+16



Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

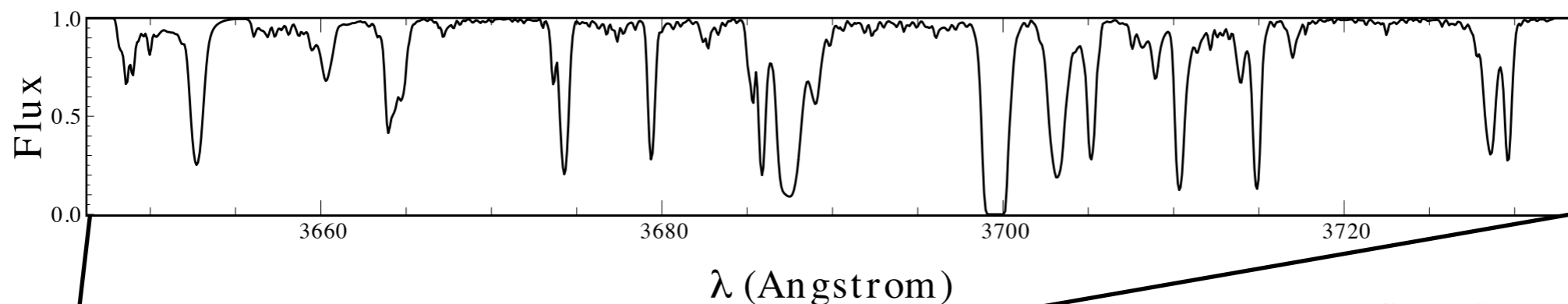
Reconstruction from Lyman-alpha forest

$$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{C}_{\delta\delta} \mathbf{a}_{\delta} (\mathbf{C}_{\delta\delta} + \mathbf{N})^{-1} \mathbf{D}$$

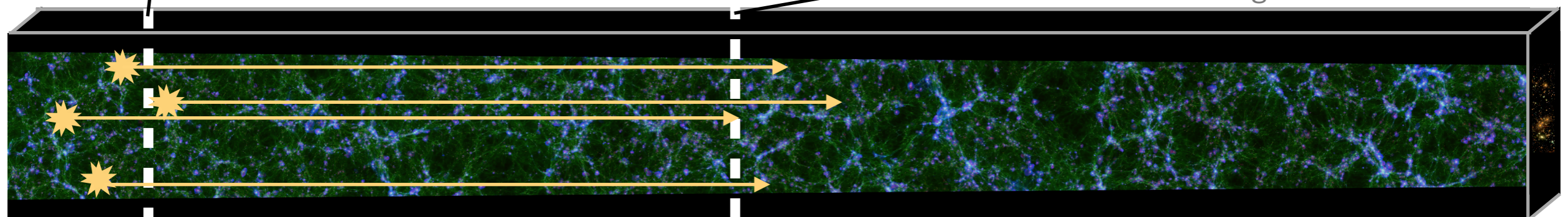
$$\mathbf{C}_{\delta\delta}(x_1, x_2, \mathbf{x}_{1T}, \mathbf{x}_{2T}) = \sigma^2 e^{-\frac{|x_1 - x_2|^2}{2L_x^2}} e^{-\frac{|\mathbf{x}_{1T} - \mathbf{x}_{2T}|^2}{2L_T^2}}$$

Interpolation between sightlines: Wiener filtering

Pichon+01, Caucci+08, Lee+16, Stark+16
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Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

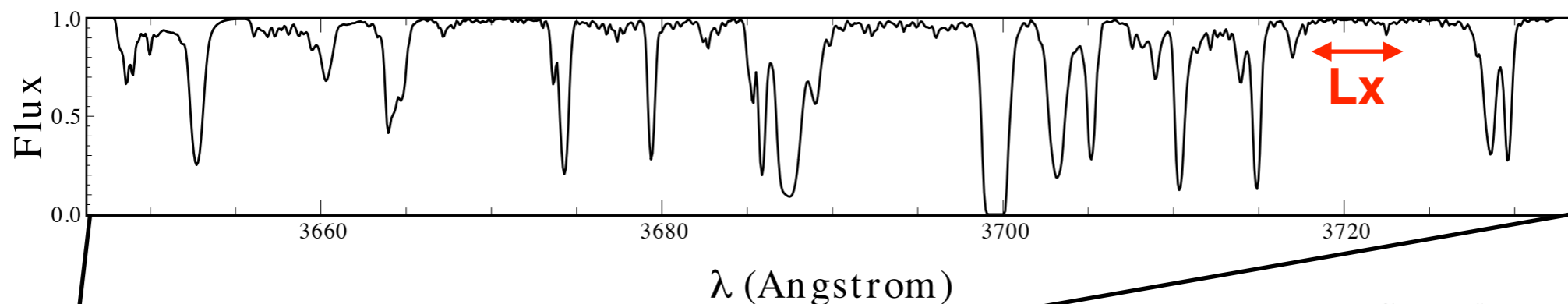
Reconstruction from Lyman-alpha forest

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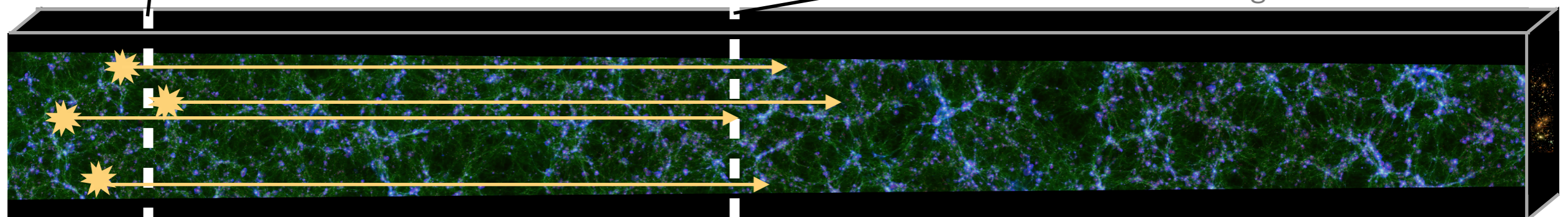
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Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



1st galaxy
formation

Star formation
peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

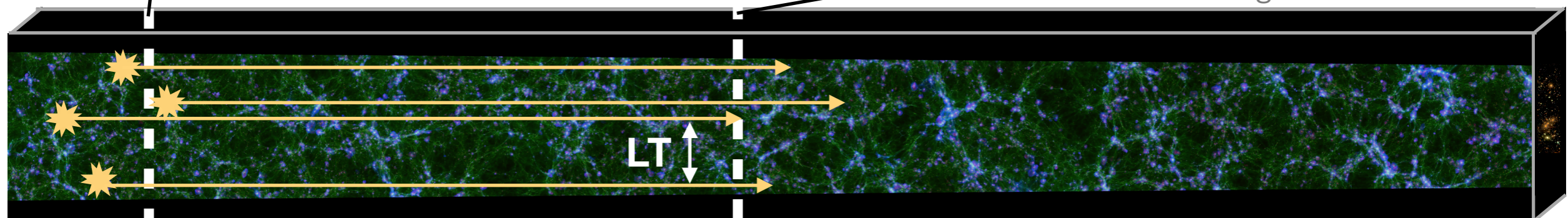
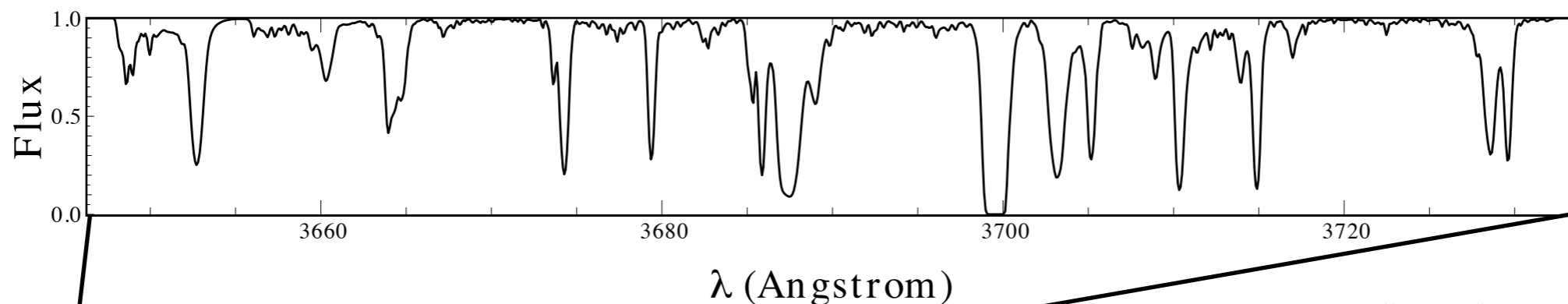
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z=4

1st galaxy formation

z=2

Star formation peak

z=1

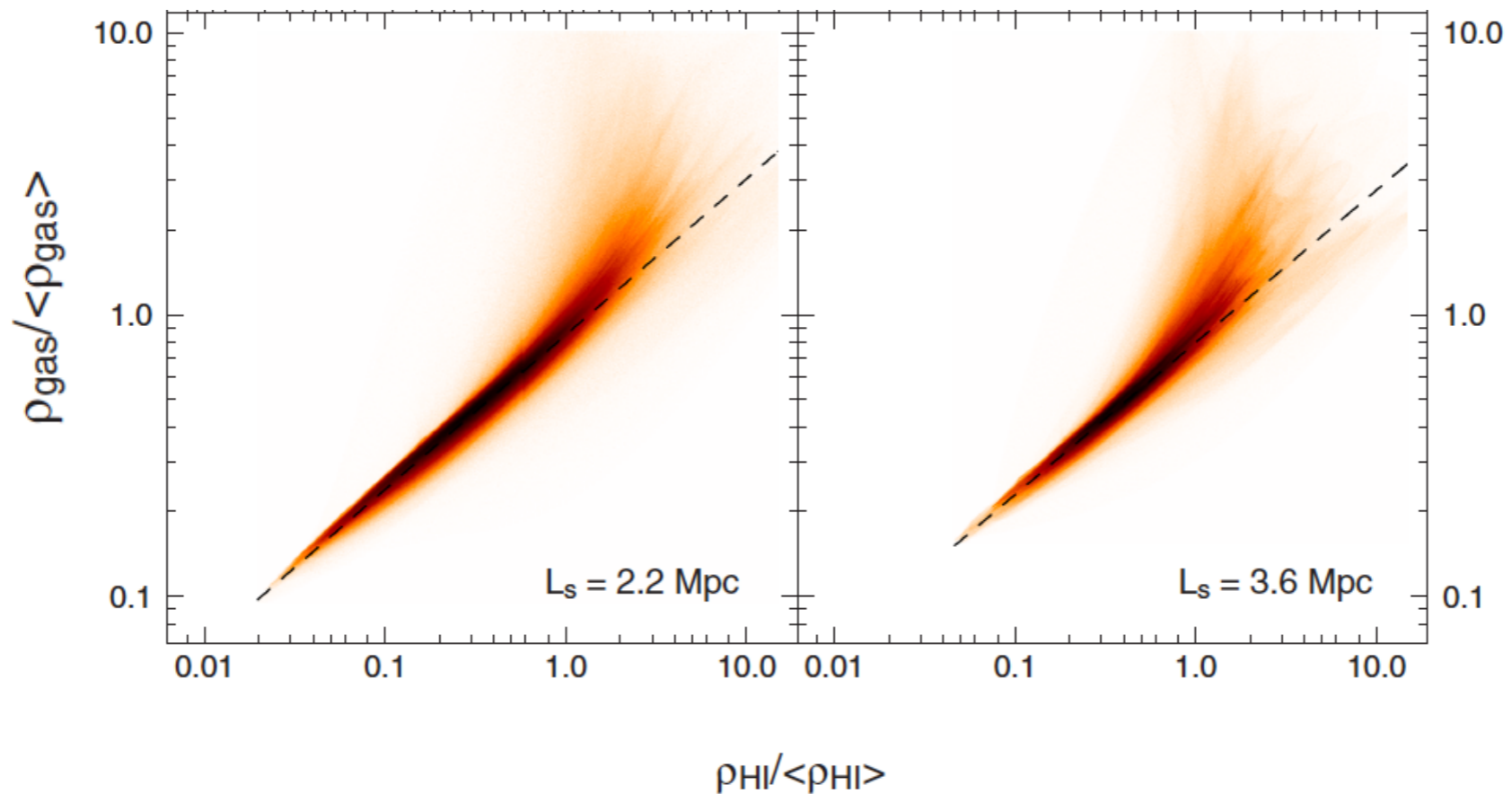
local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

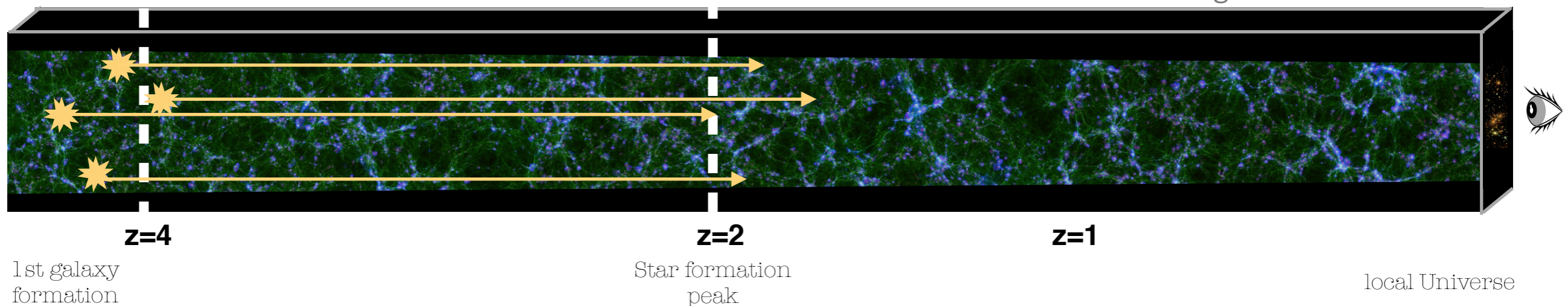
Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

- ▶ HI biased tracer of total matter distribution

Caucci et al. 08



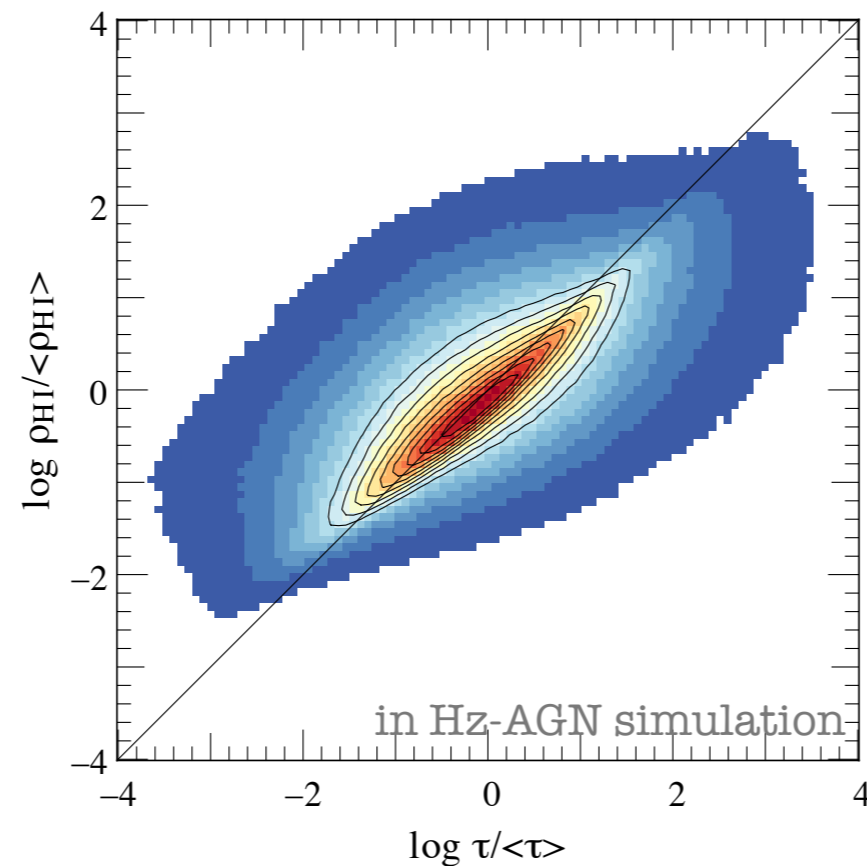
Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



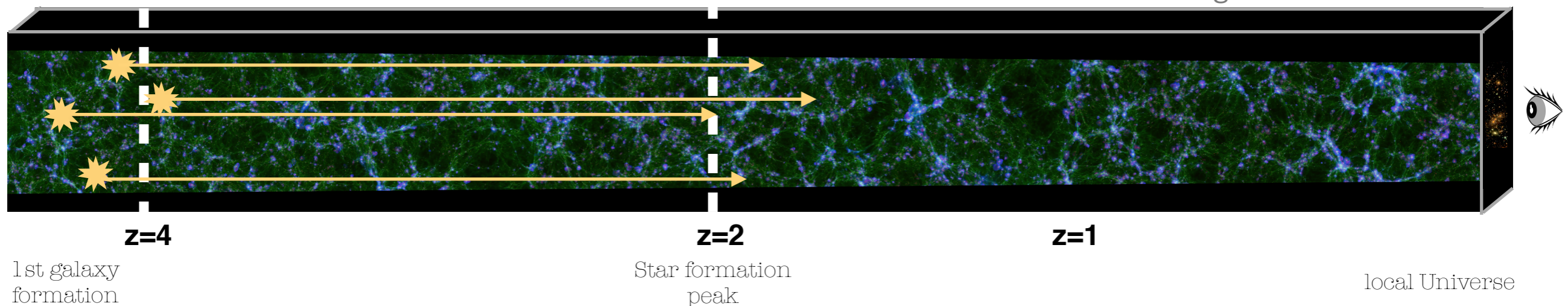
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

- ▶ Reconstruction better performed on $\log(\text{Flux})$



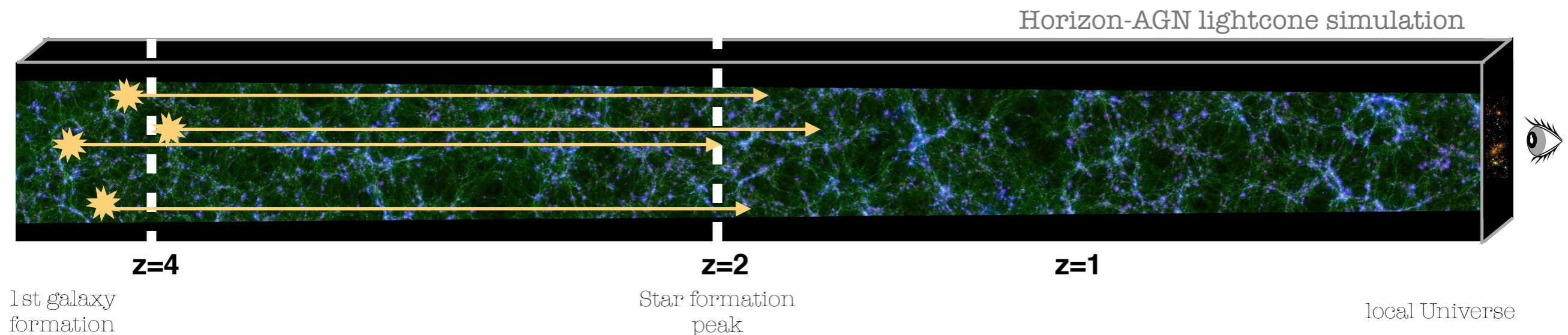
Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

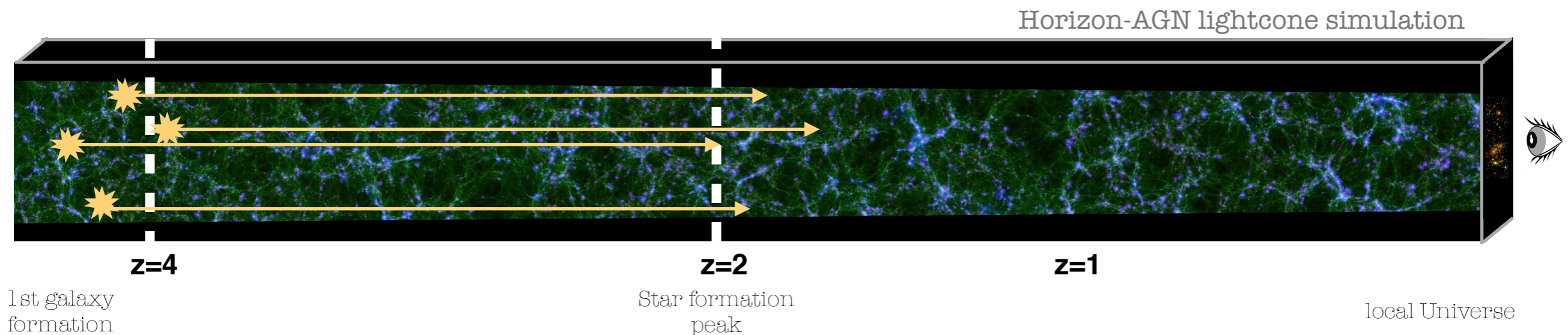
- ▶ Reconstruction better performed on $\log(\text{Flux})$
- ▶ Finite resolution on spectra \rightarrow minimal longitudinal smoothing scale
- ▶ Finite number of sightlines \rightarrow minimal transverse smoothing scale



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

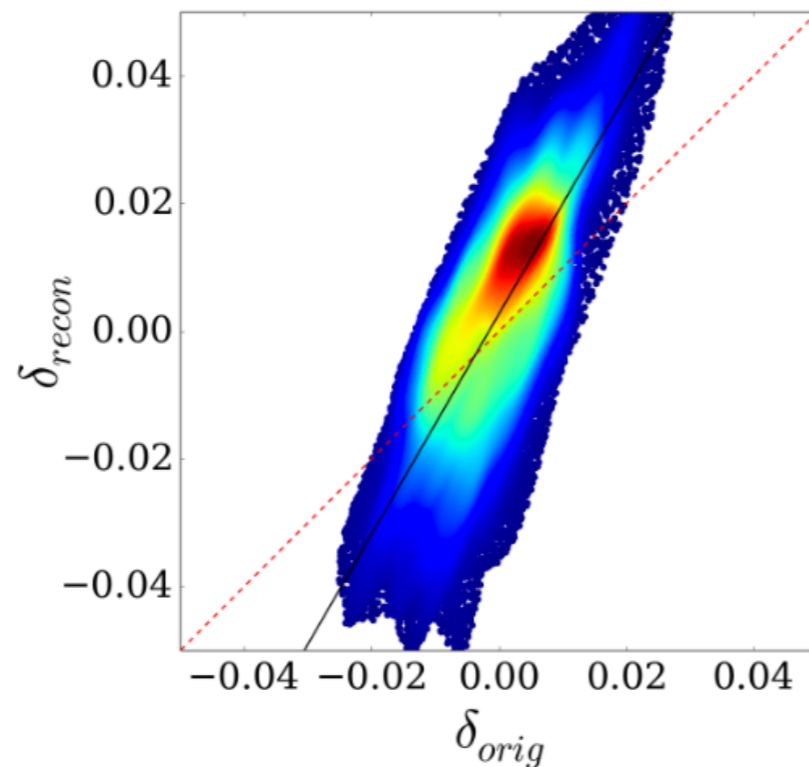
- ▶ Reconstruction better performed on $\log(\text{Flux})$
- ▶ Finite resolution on spectra \rightarrow minimal longitudinal smoothing scale
- ▶ Finite number of sightlines \rightarrow minimal transverse smoothing scale
- ▶ Inhomogeneous coverage \rightarrow shot noise. Larger impact on over-densities
- ▶ Noise on spectra and saturated regions



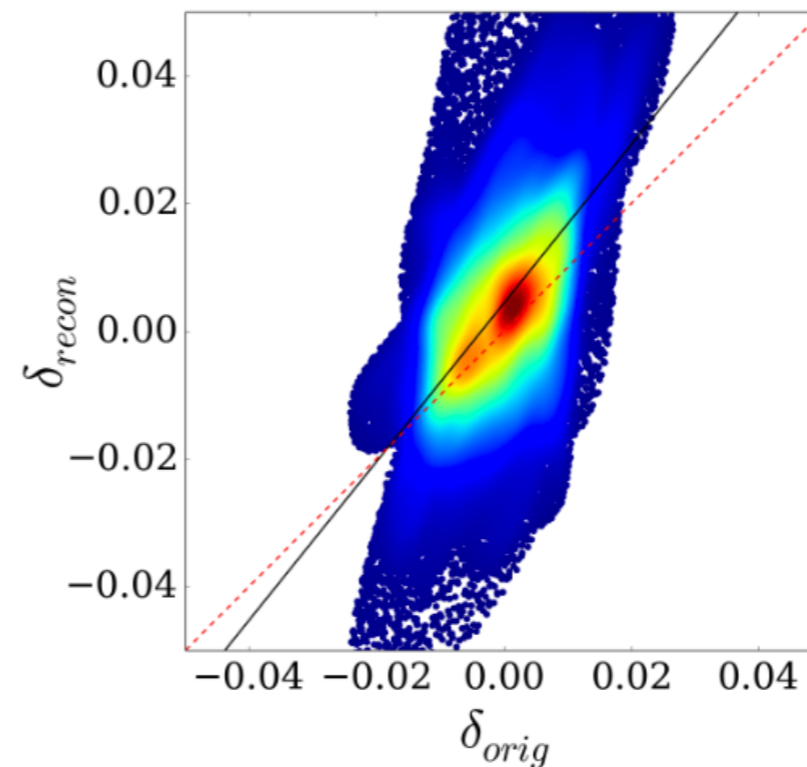
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

Ozbek et al. 16

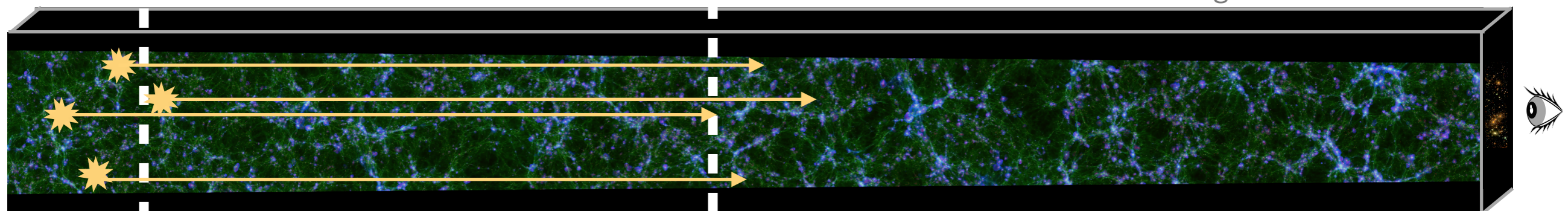


(a) $z = 2, N_{\text{LOS}} = 200, \text{Noiseless}$



(b) $z = 2, N_{\text{LOS}} = 200, \text{S/N}=2$

Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



z=4

z=2

z=1

1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

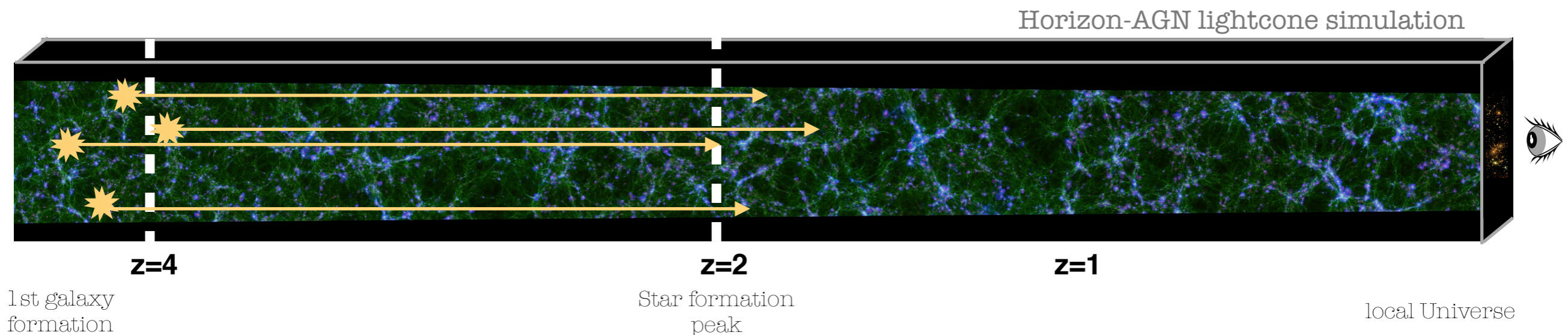
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Sources of systematics and noise — 0th order tests

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- ▶ Inhomogeneous coverage \rightarrow shot noise. Larger impact on over-densities
- ▶ Noise on spectra and saturated regions
- ▶ Baryonic physics: AGN feedback

End-to-end simulations required to make accurate forecasts for HI reconstruction

Realistic background source distribution — Realistic HI foreground — Realistic noise implementation



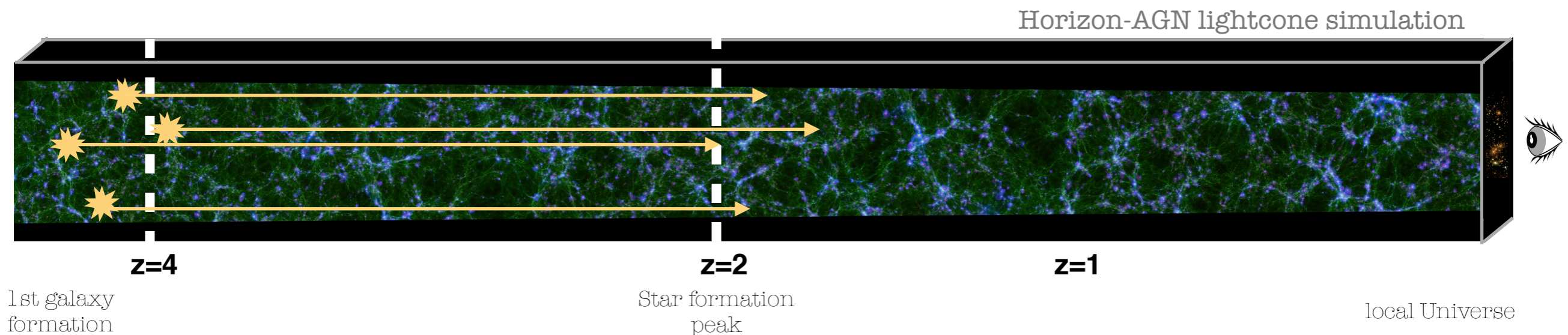
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

End-to-end simulation

The Horizon-AGN suite (DM, AGN, noAGN)

Dubois et al. 14

- ▶ Hydrodynamical simulation run with RAMSES on a cosmological volume (100 Mpc/h, finest cell 1kpc) +lightcone (1 deg)
- ▶ star formation, stellar winds, SNII, SNIa, and AGN feedback (radio/quasar)
- ▶ Gas cooling and UV background heating (uniform UV background, Haardt and Madau+96)



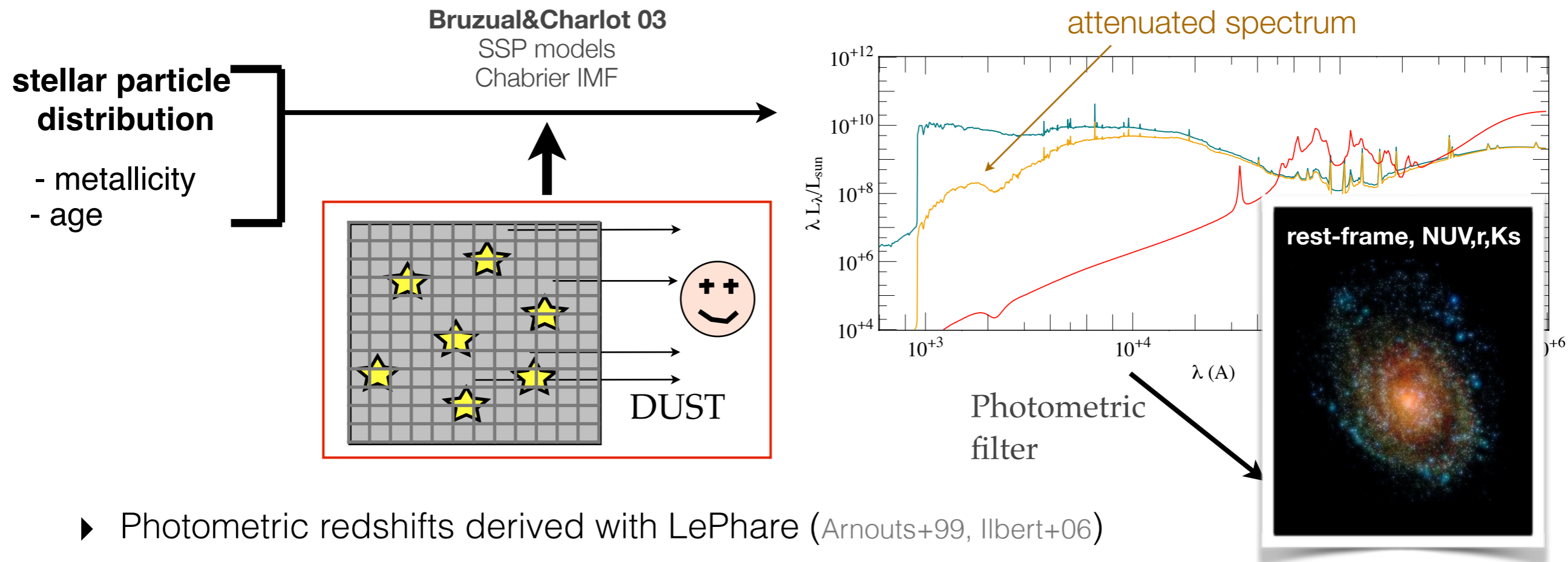
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

End-to-end simulation

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Dubois et al. 14

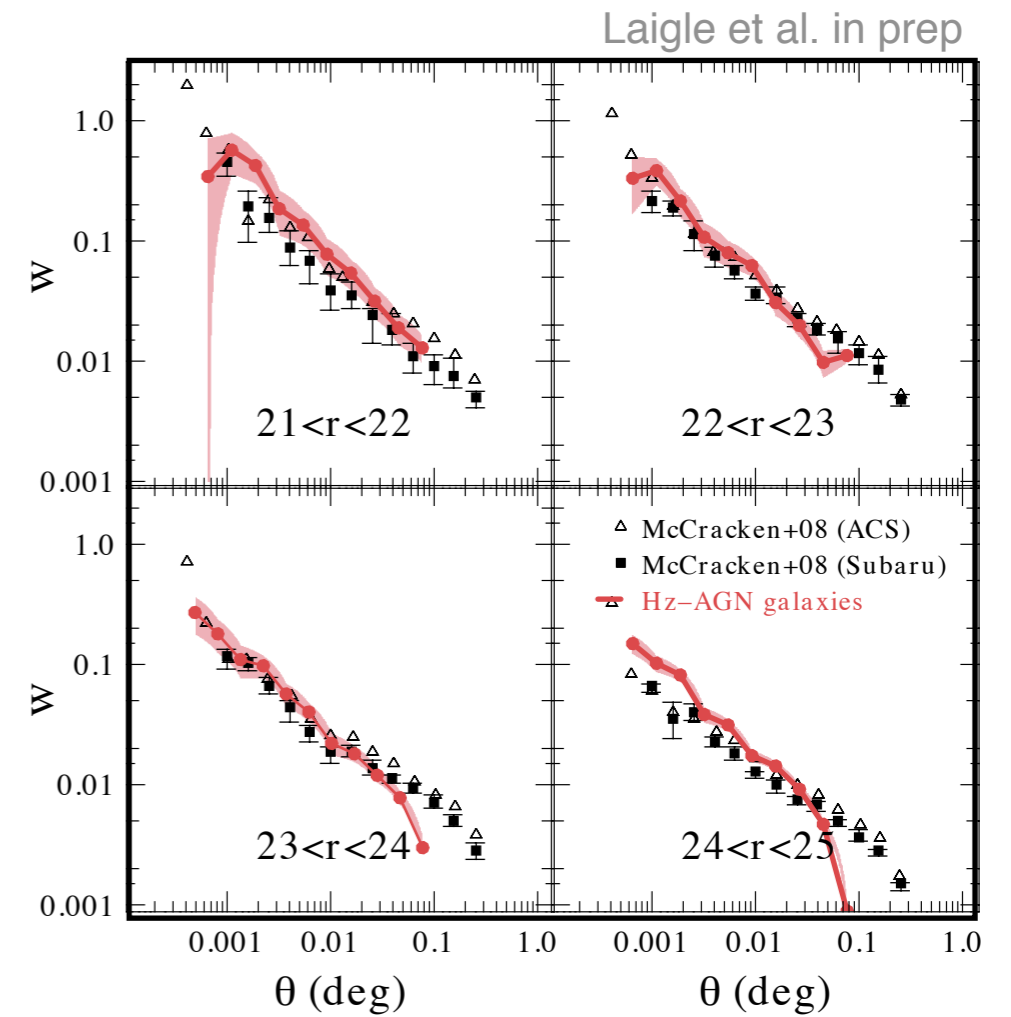
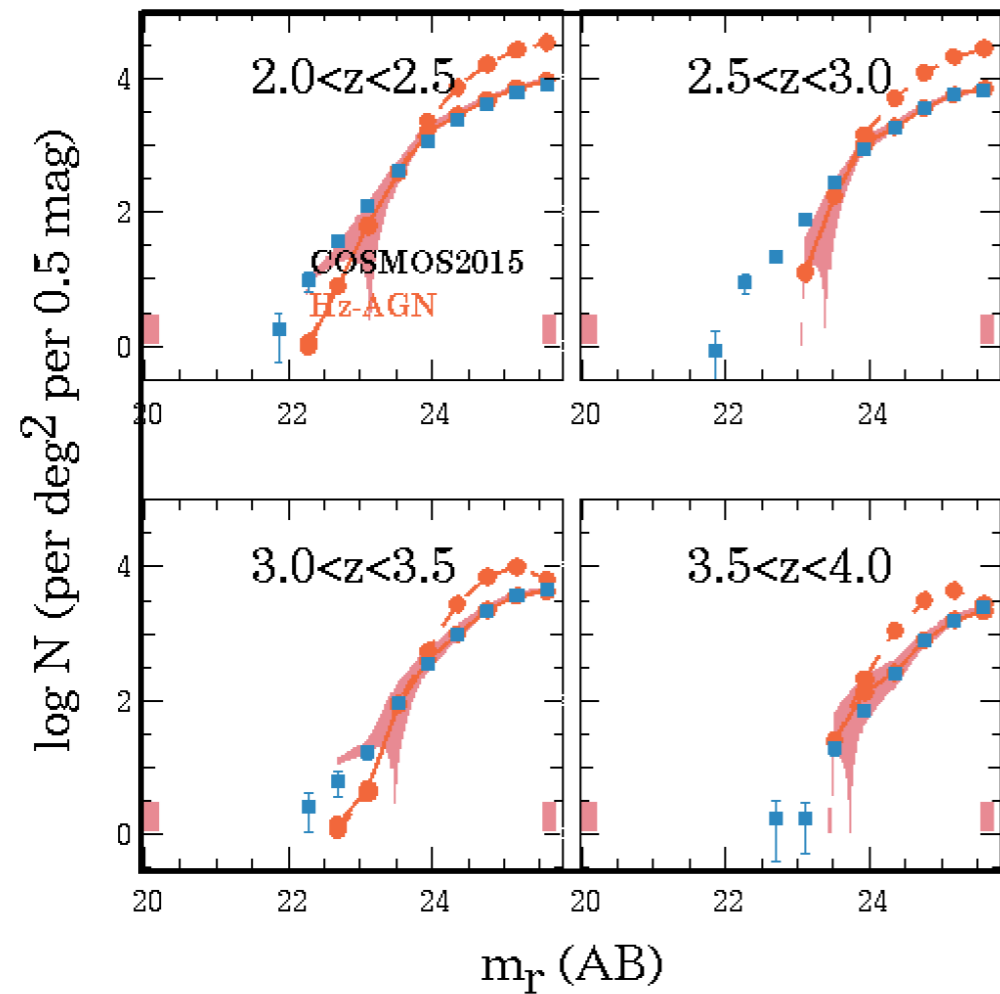
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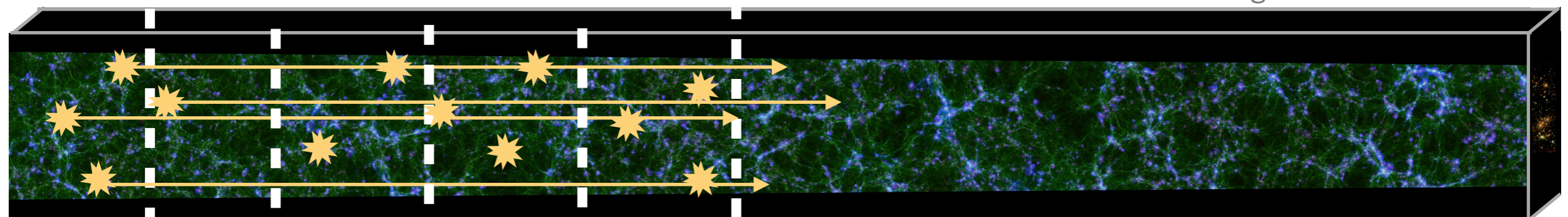
- ▶ Photometric redshifts derived with LePhare (Arnouts+99, Ilbert+06)

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

End-to-end simulation



Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



1st galaxy formation

Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

End-to-end simulation

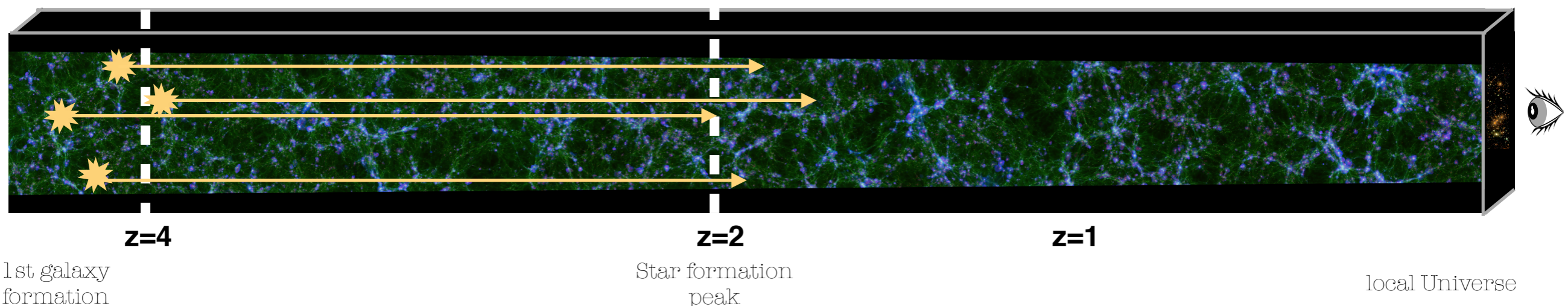
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- ▶ star formation, stellar winds, SNIa, SNIa, and AGN feedback (radio/quasar)
- ▶ Gas cooling and UV background heating (uniform UV background, Haardt and Madau+96)
- ▶ HI density: balance between photoionisation, collisional ionization and recombination (Black+81)

$$x_{\text{HI}} = \frac{\alpha(T)}{\alpha(T) + \gamma(T) + J_{22}G_1 n_e^{-1}}$$

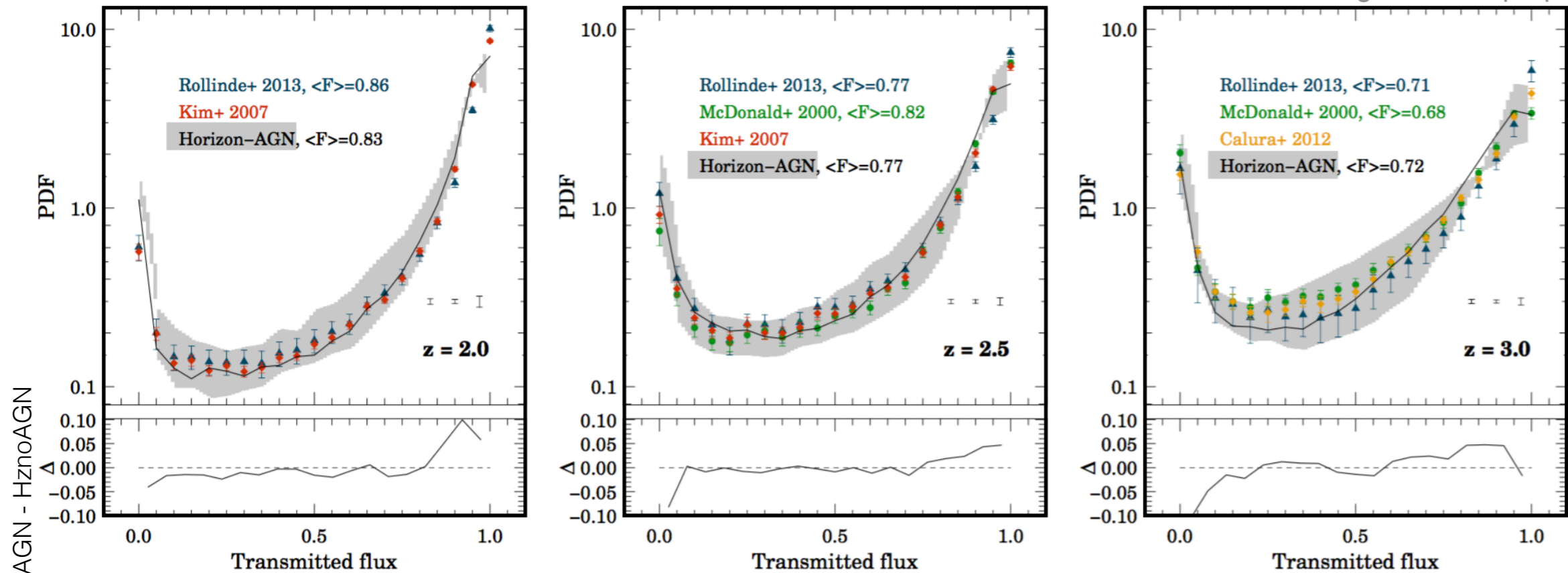
Larger scale HI simulations: see also Peirani+14, Lochhaas+16, Sorini+16, Ozbek+16



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

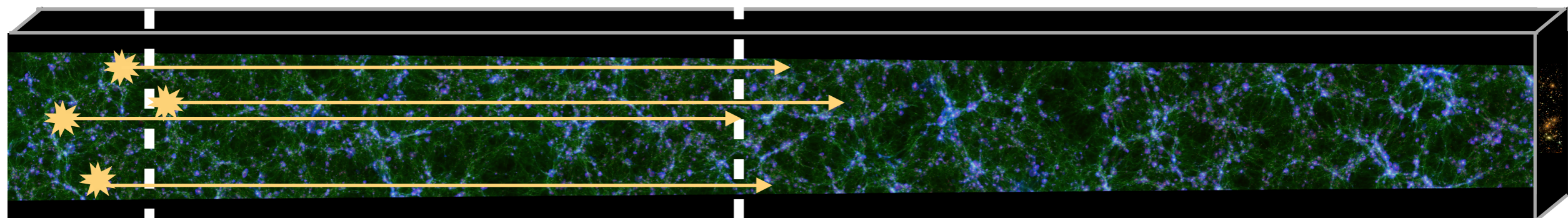
End-to-end simulation

Laigle et al. in prep



Impact of AGN feedback relatively small on the PDF of the flux: need for higher order statistics

see also e.g. Viel+12,13, Nasir+17, M. Brush's talk
see also Lucik+15 for a convergence study



z=4

z=2

z=1

1st galaxy formation

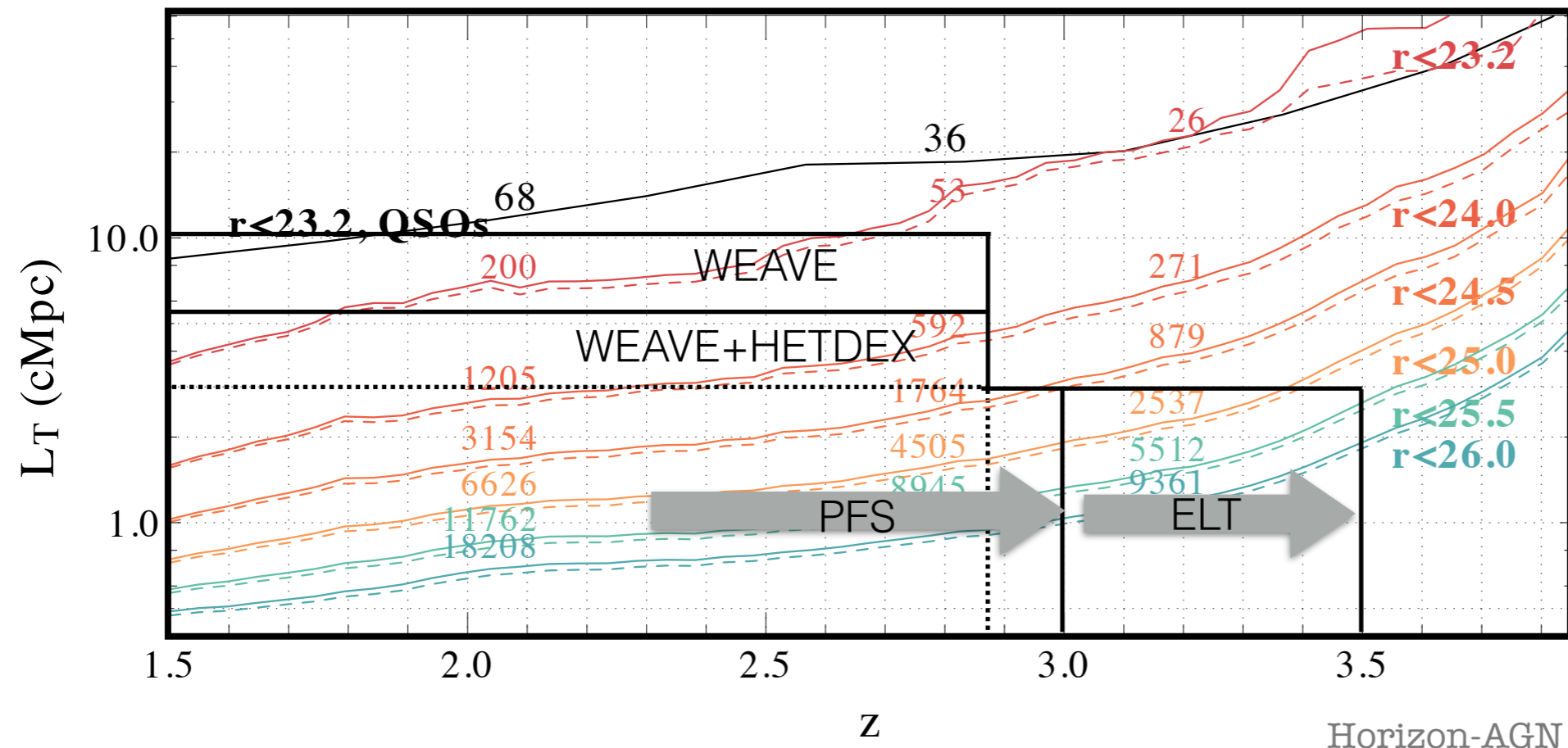
Star formation peak

local Universe

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

0th-order forecasts

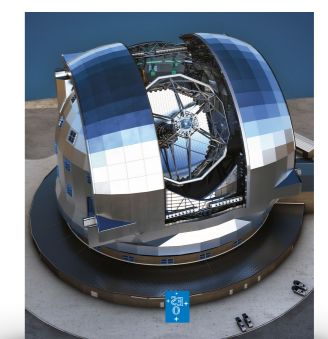
Predictions for GLOBAL reconstruction (Ly-alpha only)



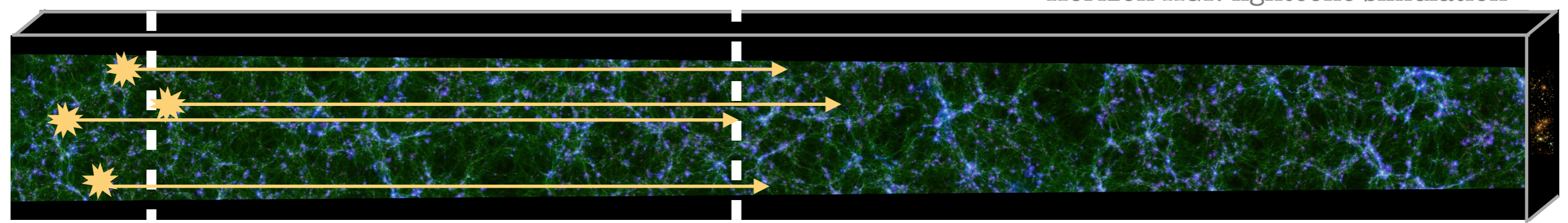
PFS/subaru



ELT



Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



z=4

z=2

z=1

1st galaxy formation

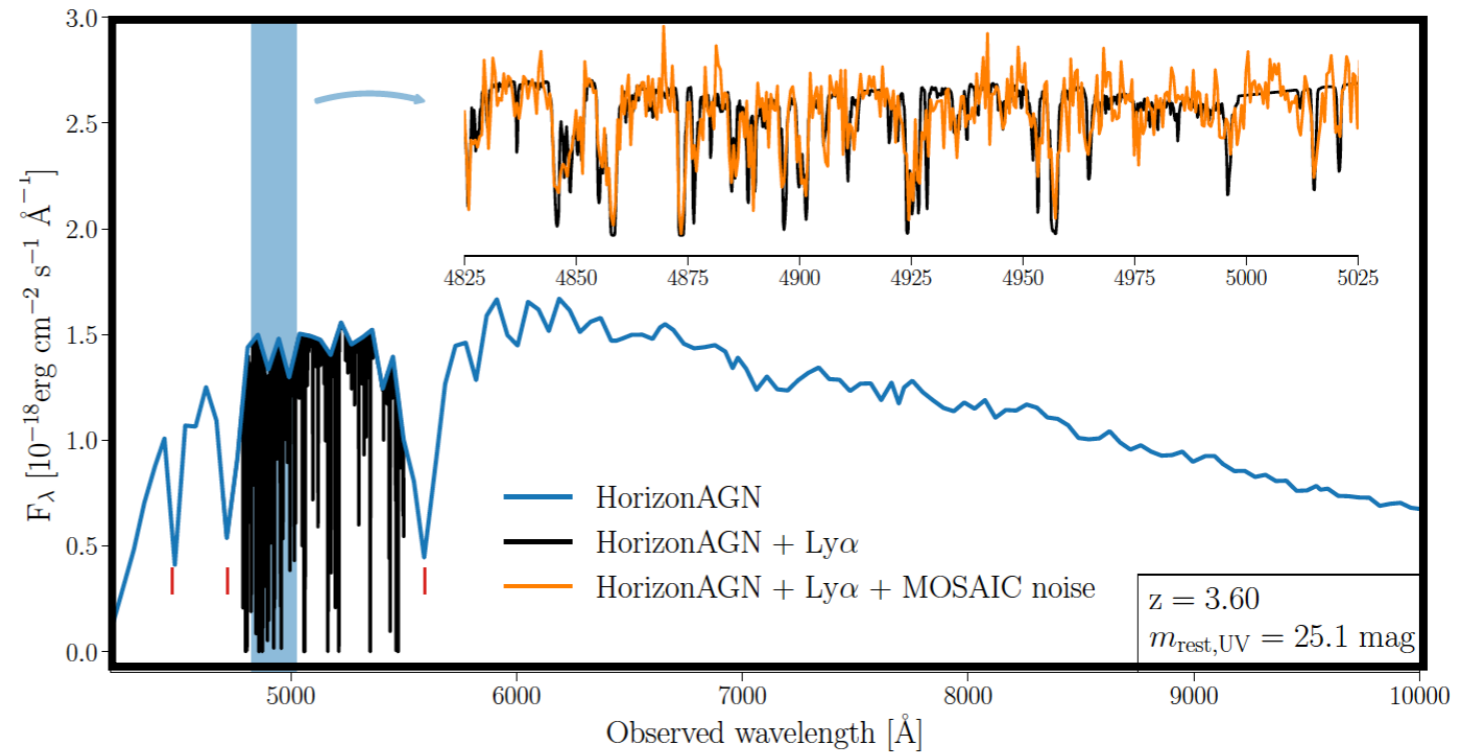
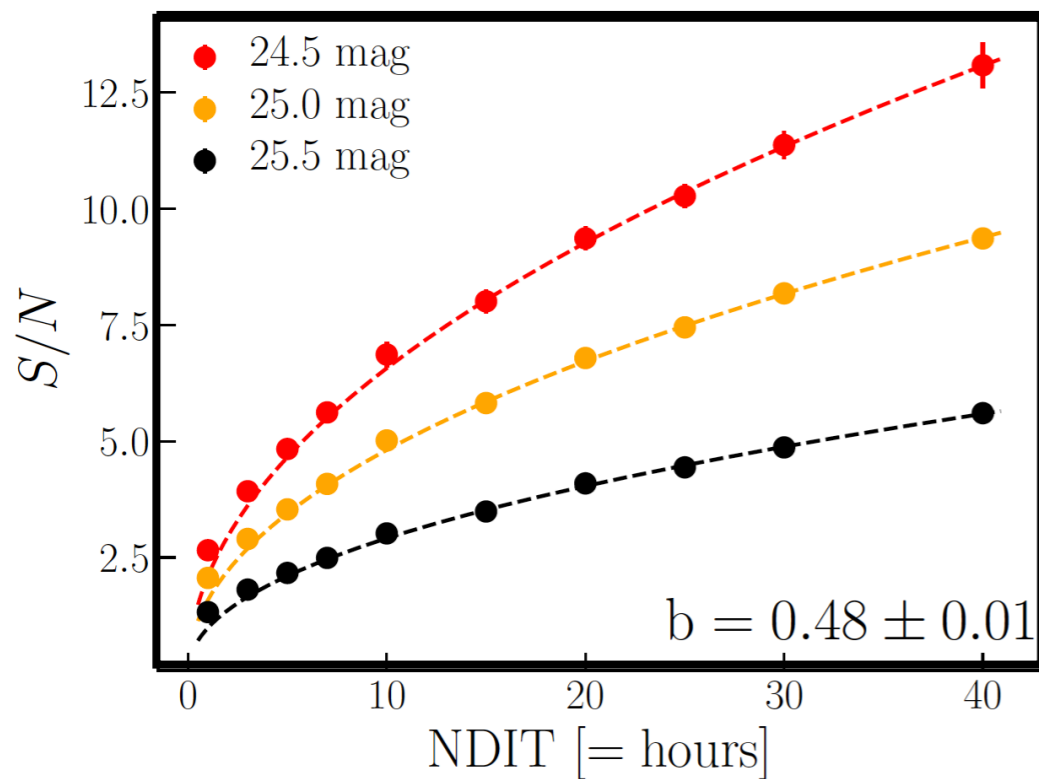
Star formation peak

local Universe

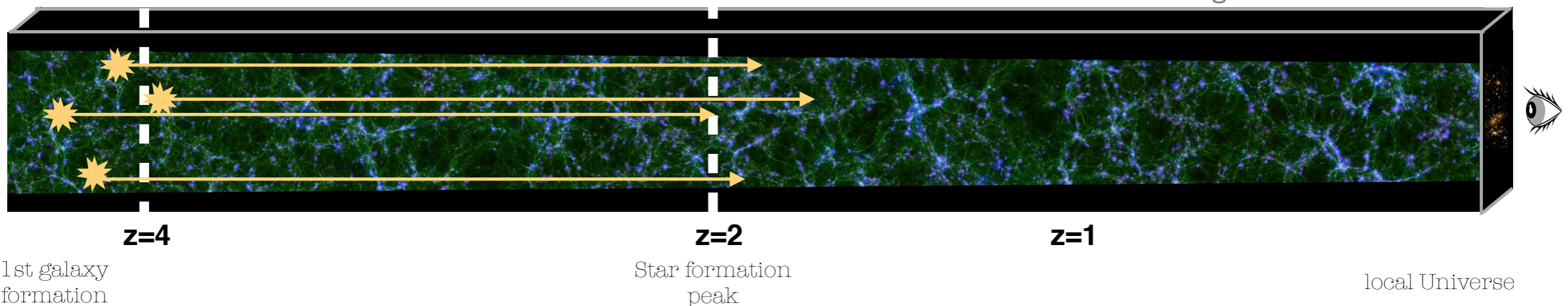
Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Forecasts for MOSAIC/ELT

Japelj, Laigle, Puech et al. in prep
 WEBSIM-COMPASS (Puech+10,+16)
 in VIFU mode, $R=5000$ and $\langle S/N \rangle = 5$



Horizon-AGN lightcone simulation



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Reconstruction

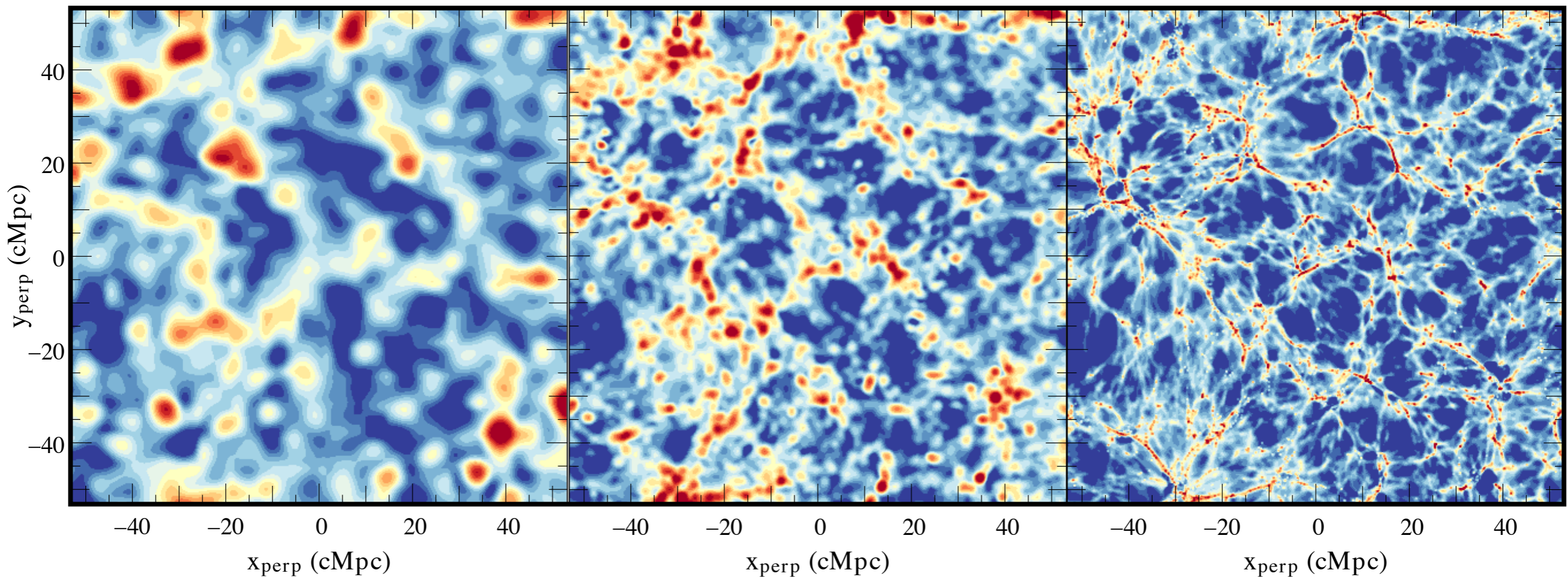
Laigle et al. in prep

see also e.g. Lee, White+16, Krolewski+17, Ozbek+16

$m_r < 25.0$

$m_r < 26.5$

original field



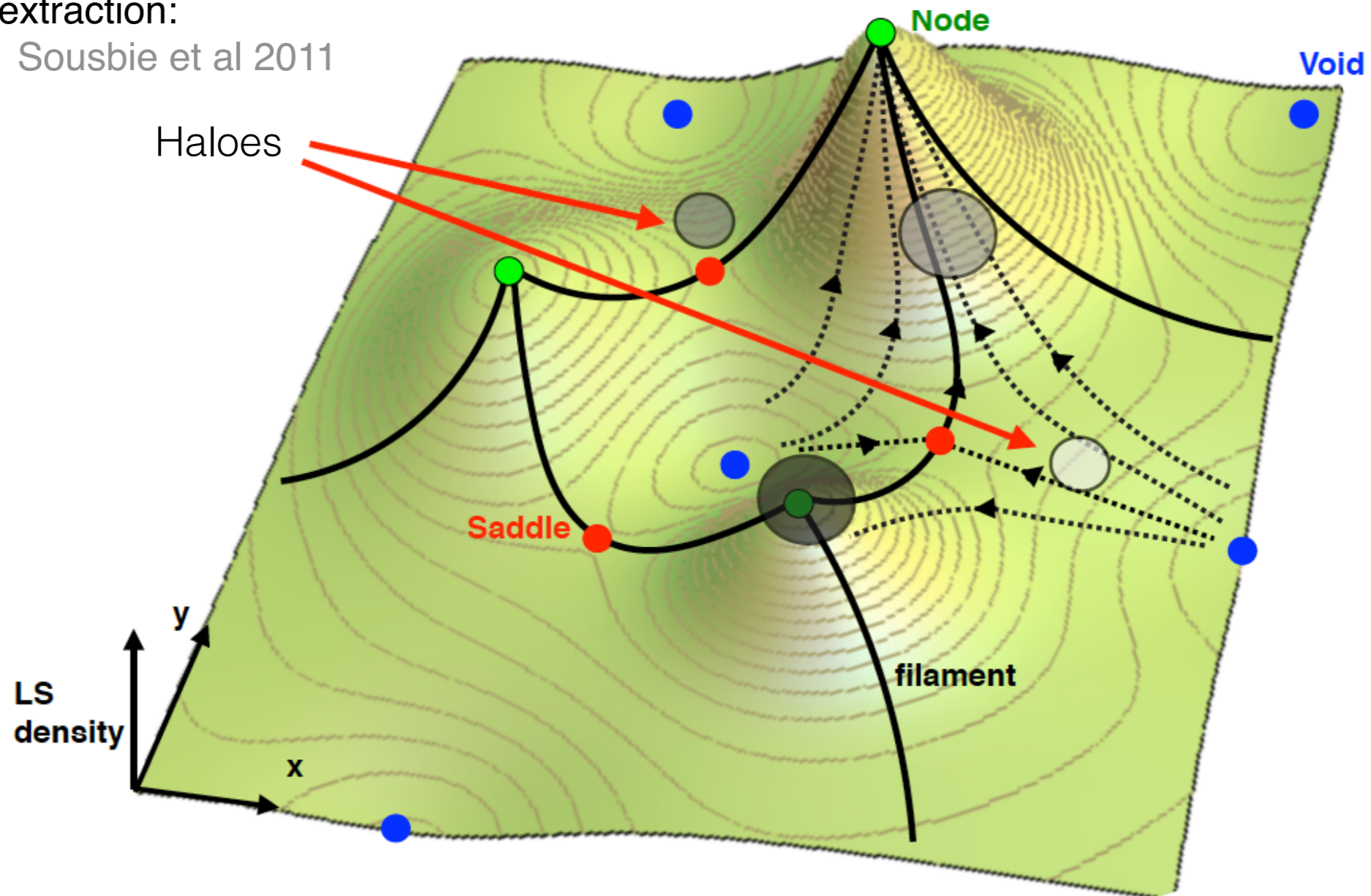
- ▶ How different are the original and reconstructed sets of cosmic filaments?
- ▶ Is the reconstructed skeleton still reliable for galaxy evolution/cosmology studies?

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Reconstruction of the global skeleton

Skeleton extraction:

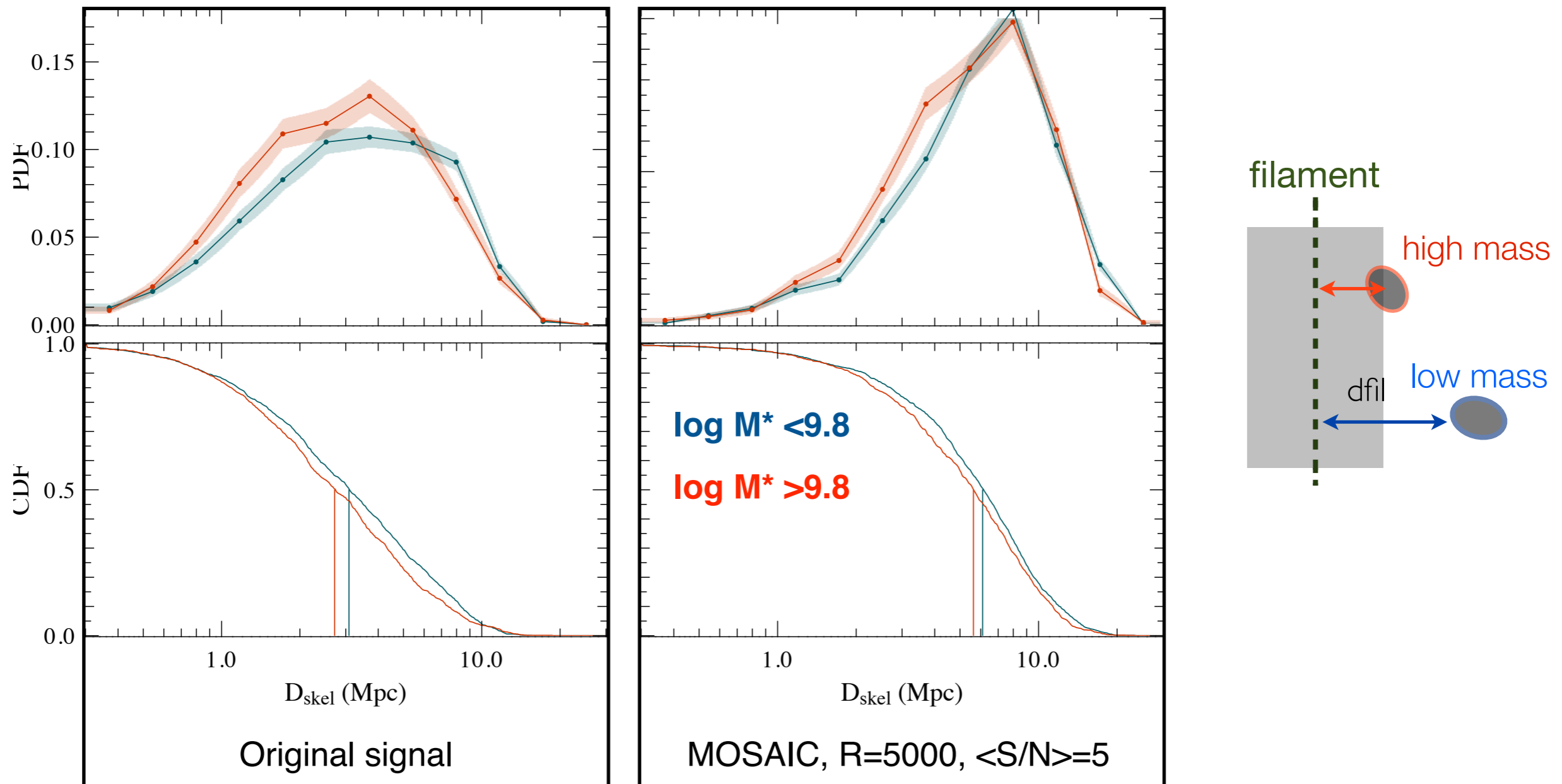
Disperse Soubie et al 2011



- ▶ How different are the DM and reconstructed sets of cosmic filaments?
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Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Reconstruction of the global skeleton

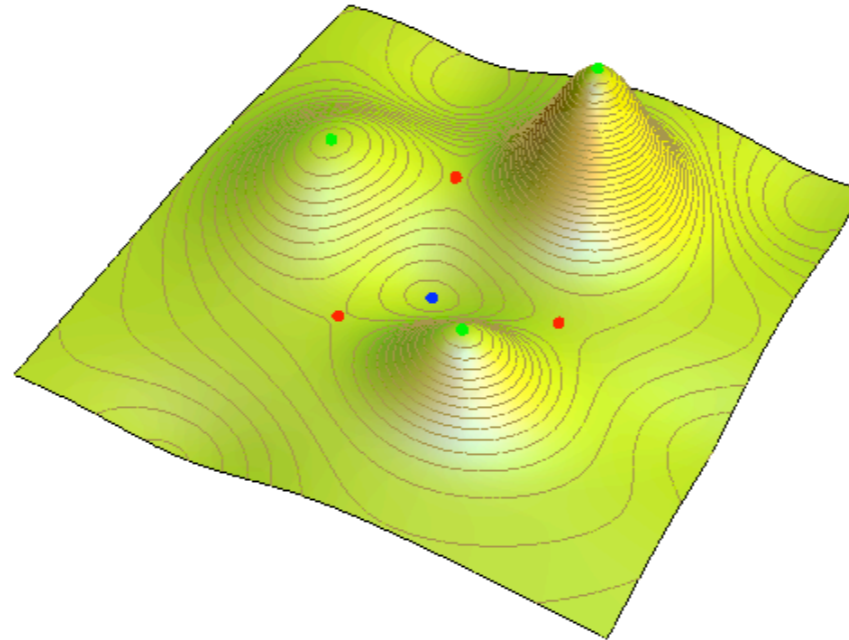


Segregation of galaxies in filaments is recovered from tomography

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Connectivity of the isocontour: genus

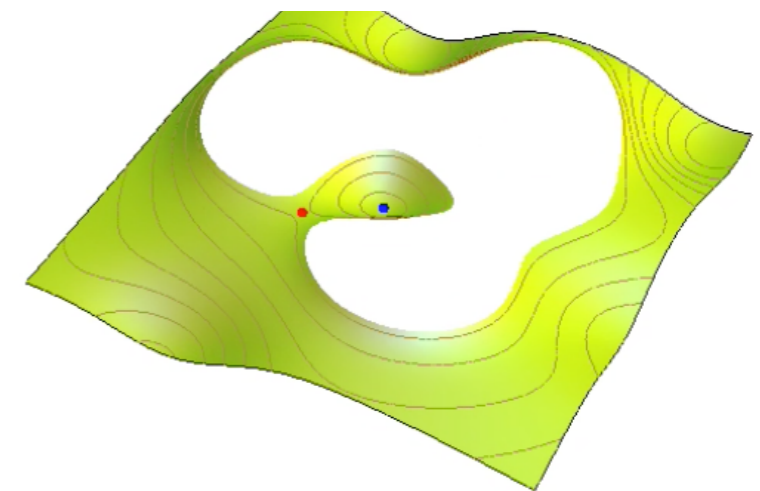
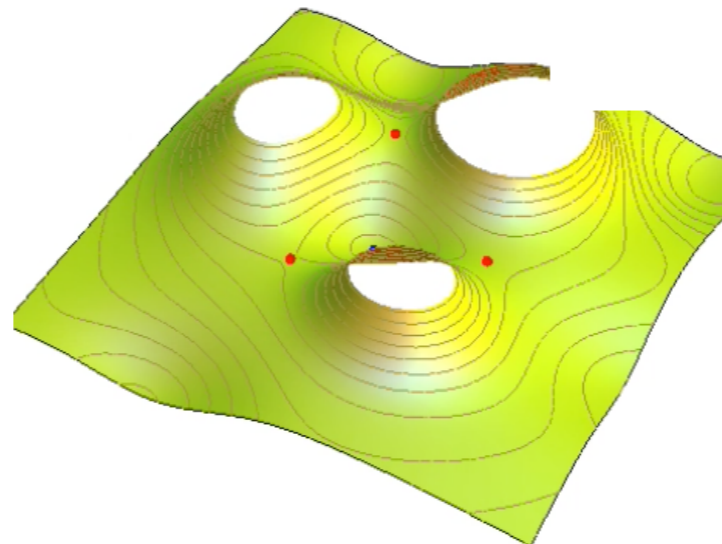
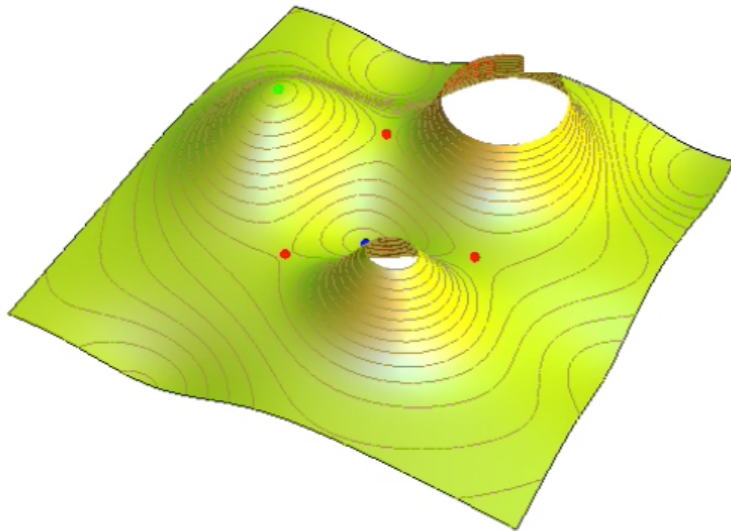
Genus = number of holes - number of isolated components - 1



Genus = 0

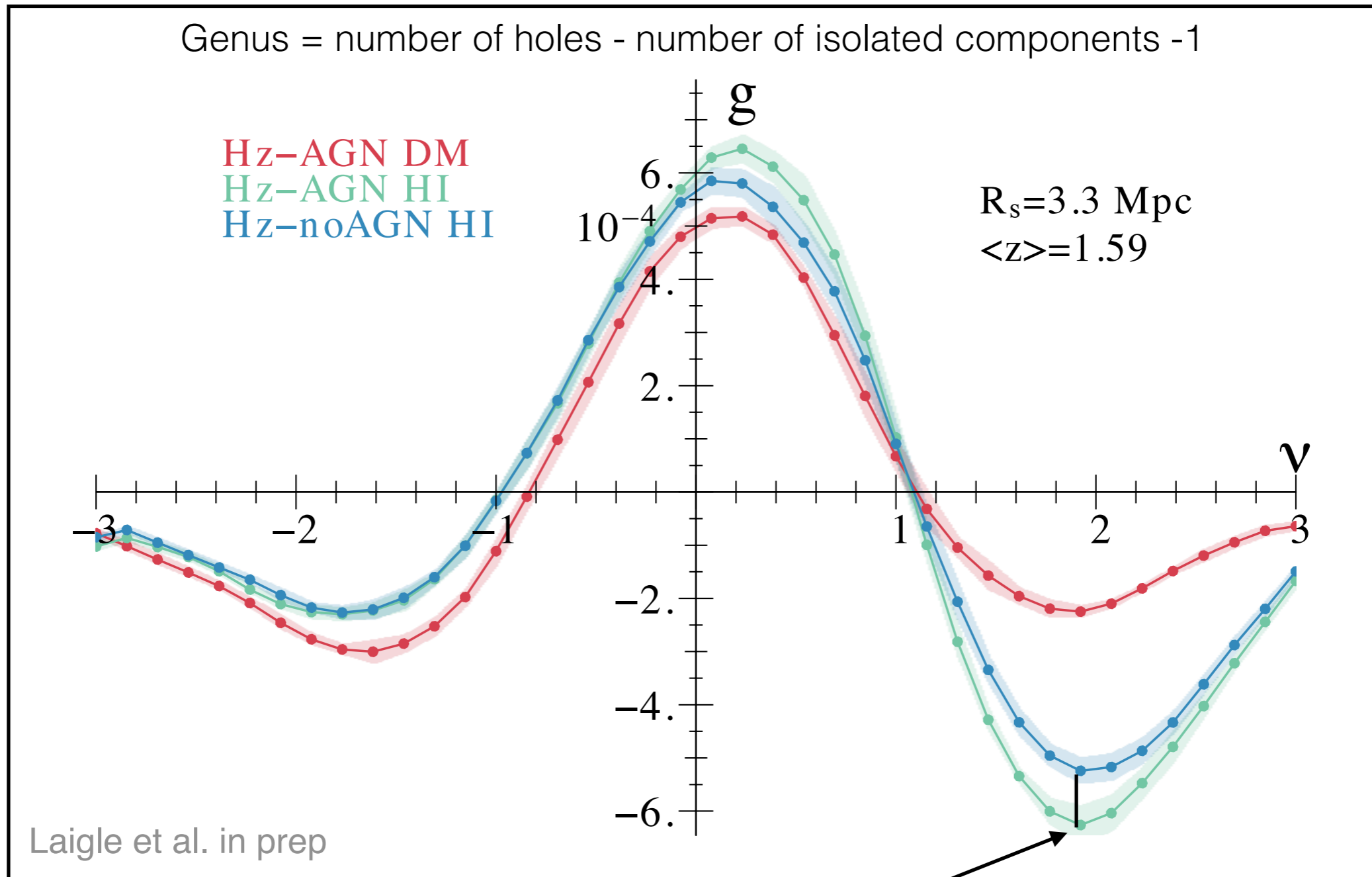
Genus = 2

Genus = -1



Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

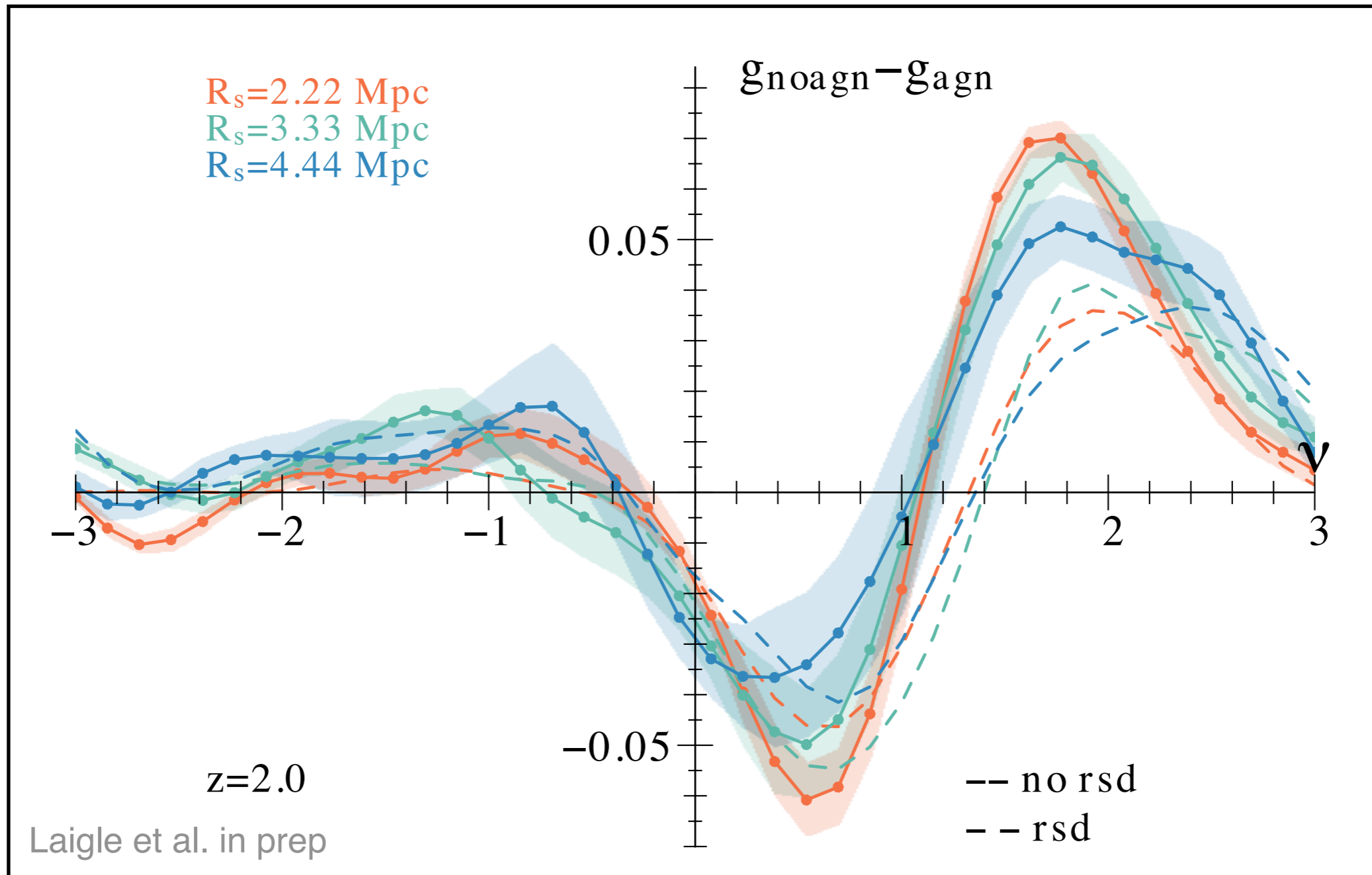
Connectivity of the isocontour: genus



imprint of AGN feedback

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

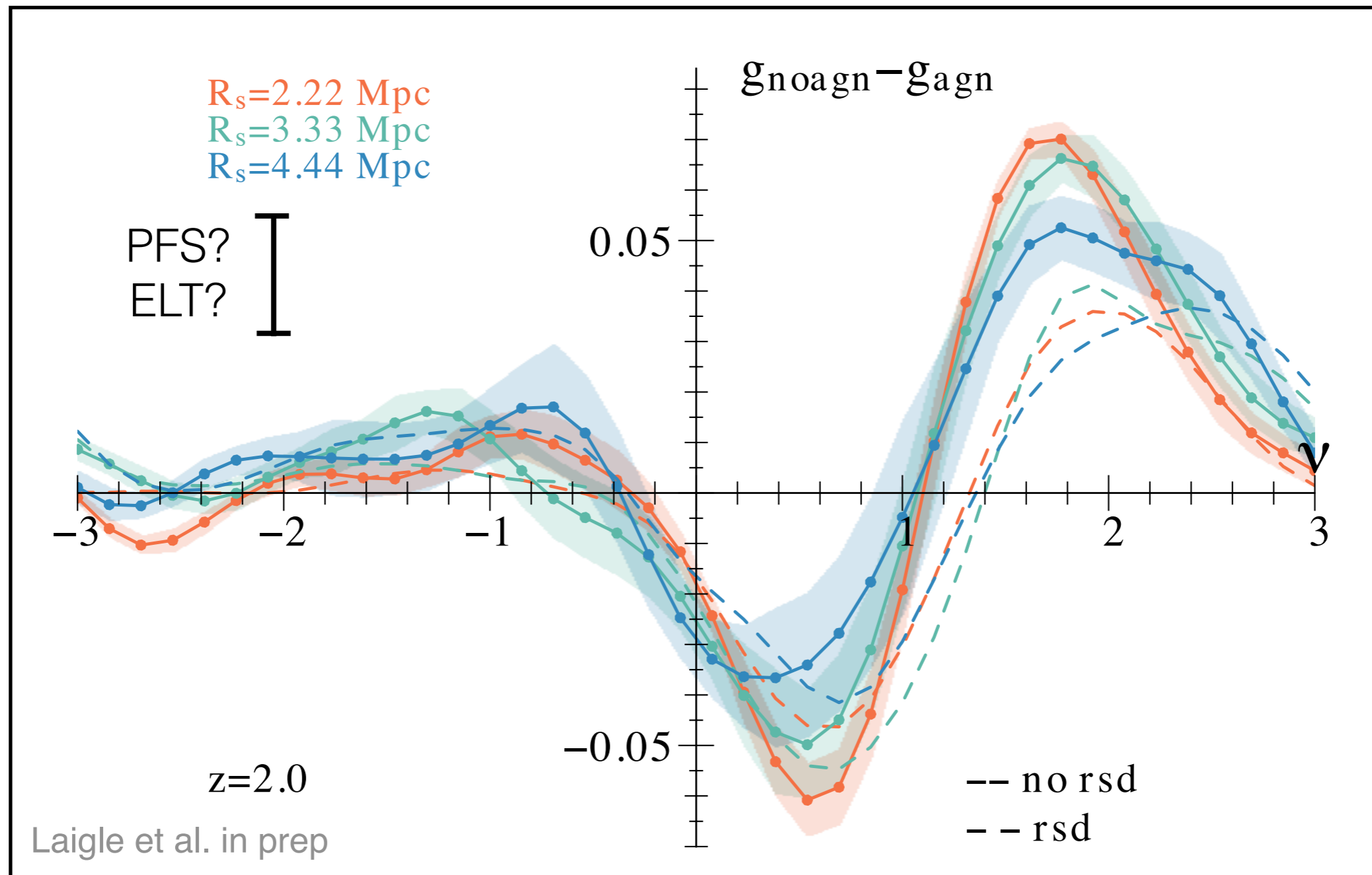
Connectivity of the isocontour: genus



The impact of AGN feedback on genus is lower with redshift-space distortion

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Connectivity of the isocontour: genus

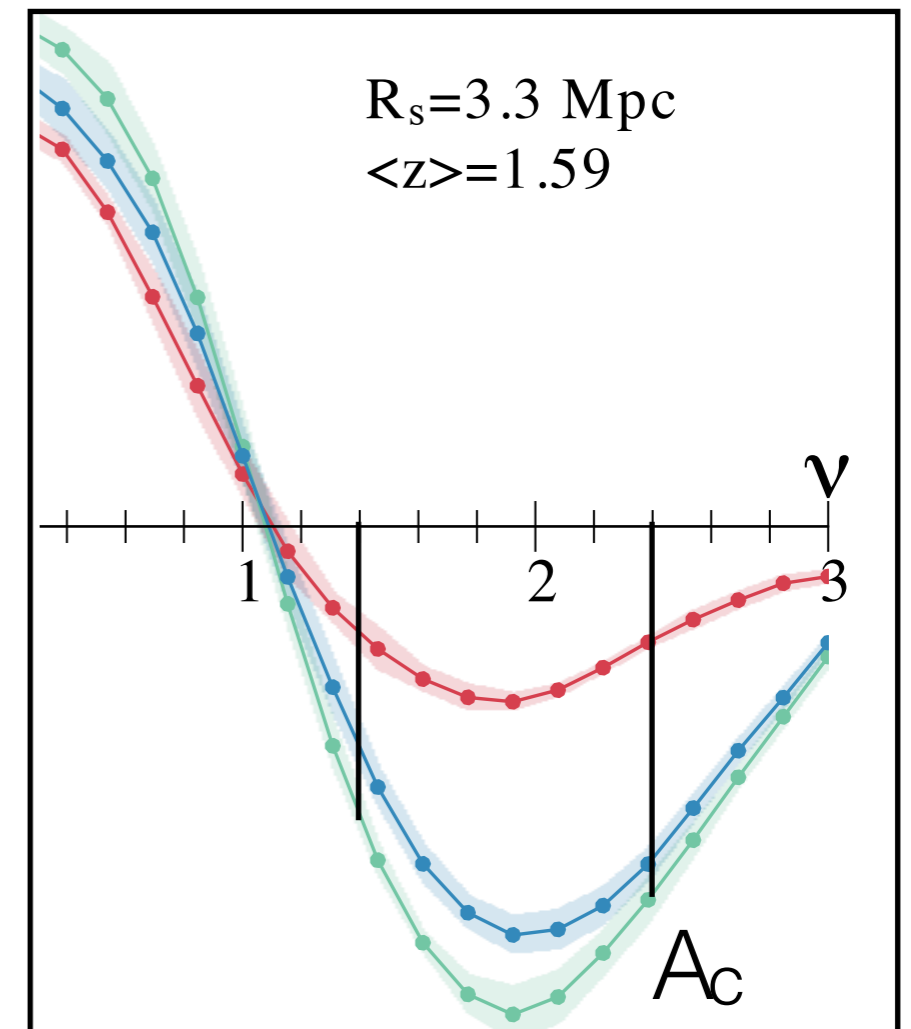
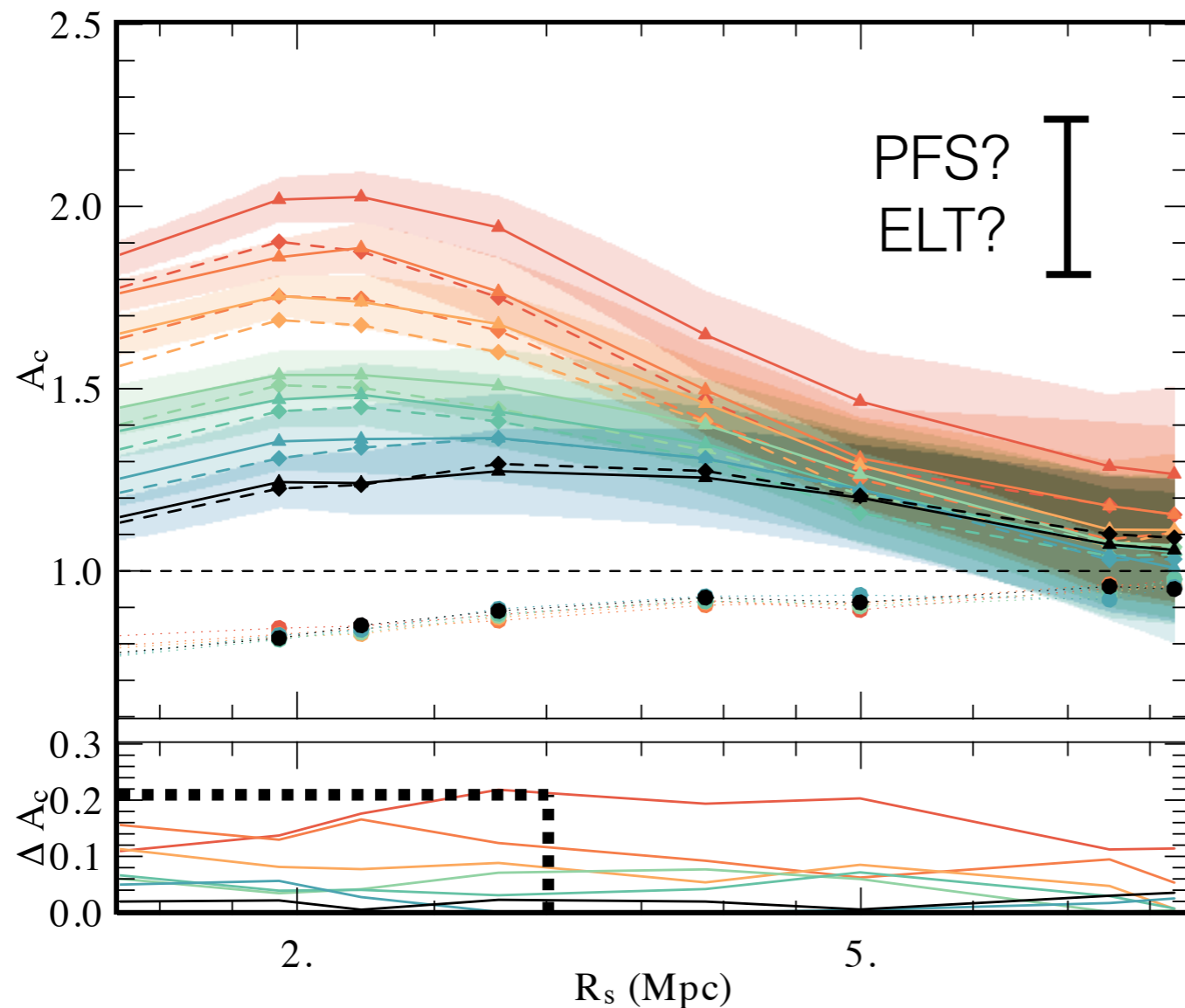


The impact of AGN feedback on genus is lower with redshift-space distortion

More analysis needed to quantify observational systematics

Observing the multi-scale cosmic web

Connectivity of the isocontour: genus



Scale and redshift evolution of the genus: upper limit on AGN feedback impact scale
up to $\sim 20\%$ effect on the cluster parameter at a scale of 3Mpc

SUMMARY: the cosmic web with Ly-alpha tomography

- ▶ The **connectivity** of the cosmic network (as traced by **HI**) is
 - an alternative probe of **cosmology**
 - essential to shape **mass assembly** & angular momentum acquisition
 - an indirect tracer of **AGN feedback** (via disruption of filaments)
- ▶ **Lyman-alpha forest tomography allows to reconstruct the 3D HI distribution**
 - **End-to-end simulations** are useful to make high-precision forecasts and design **observational strategies**
- ▶ **Some first results**
 - The **global skeleton** is robust with respect to tomographic reconstruction to study galaxy properties (MOSAIC configuration)
 - The **genus of HI** field is an indirect probe of AGN feedback

