

Measuring baryon acoustic oscillations using the distribution of intergalactic gas

Intergalactic Interconnections
Marseille, 13 July 2018

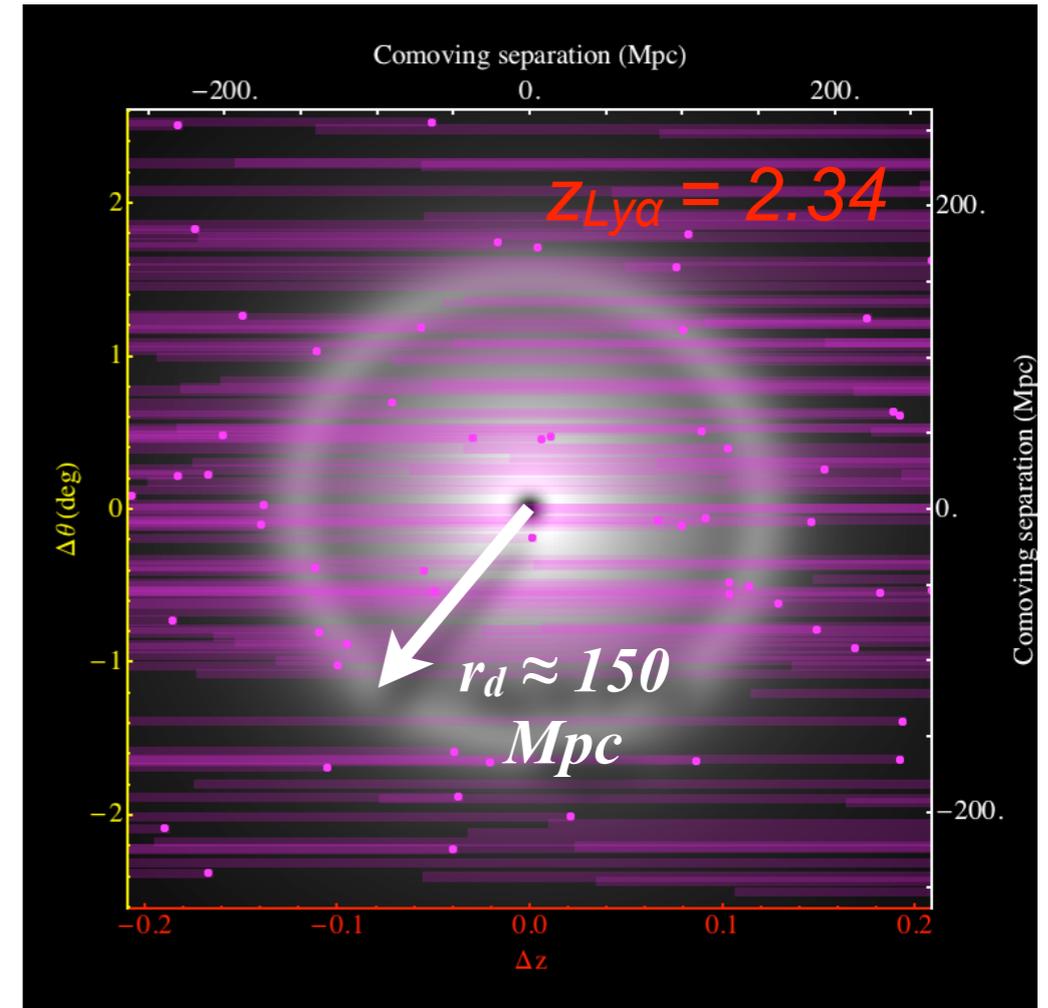
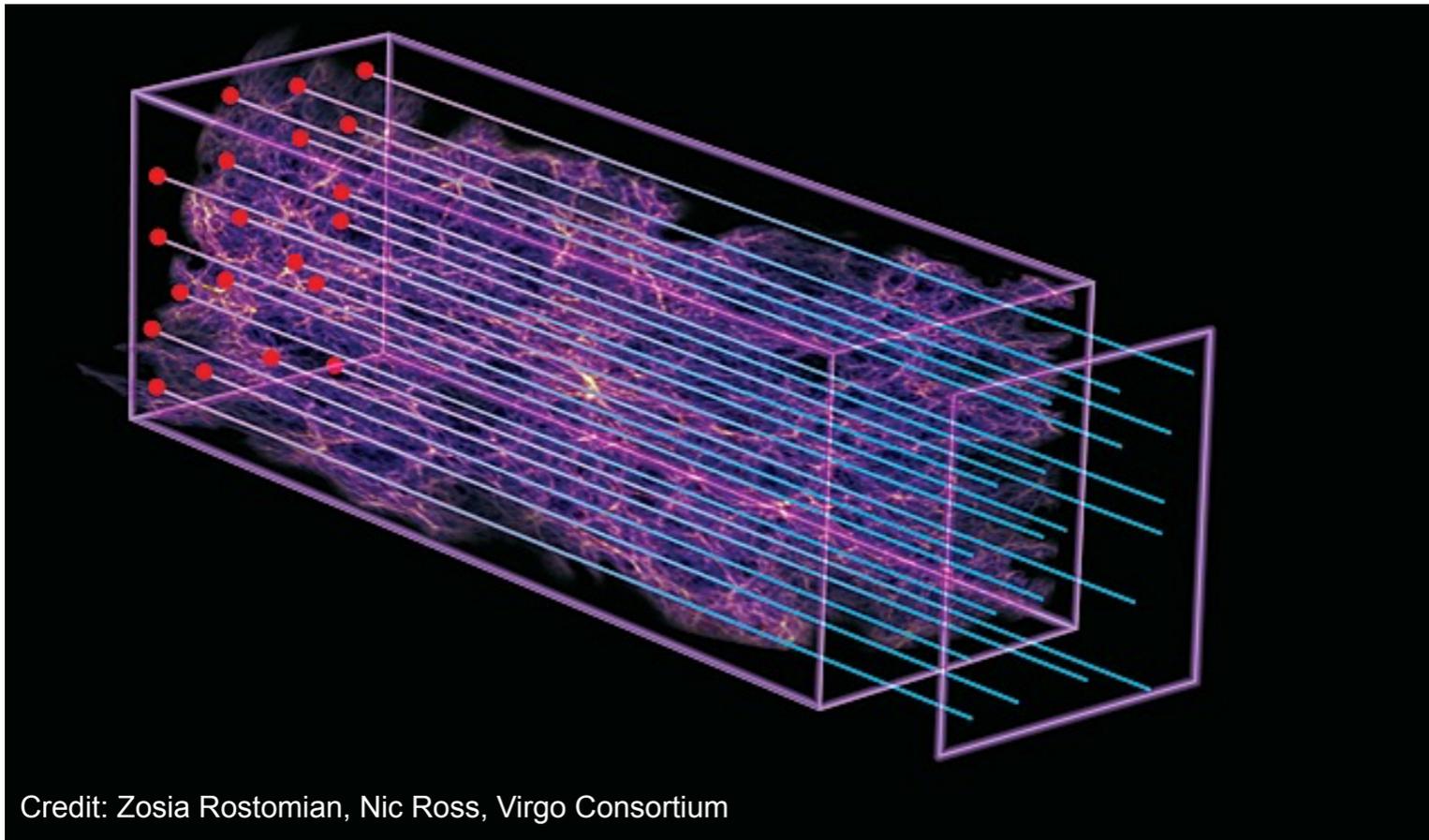
Michael Blomqvist
LAM, Marseille



Outline

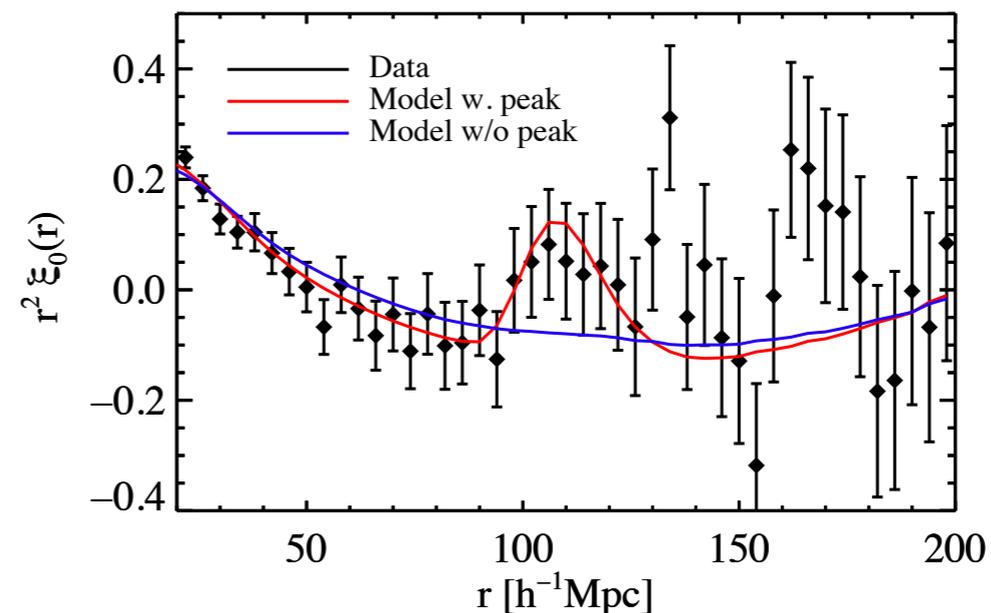
- Introduction
- Ly α forest BAO from BOSS
- CIV forest BAO from eBOSS
- BAO from galaxies in absorption

BAO in the Ly α forest



Use distant quasars to probe the distribution of hydrogen gas along the line of sight

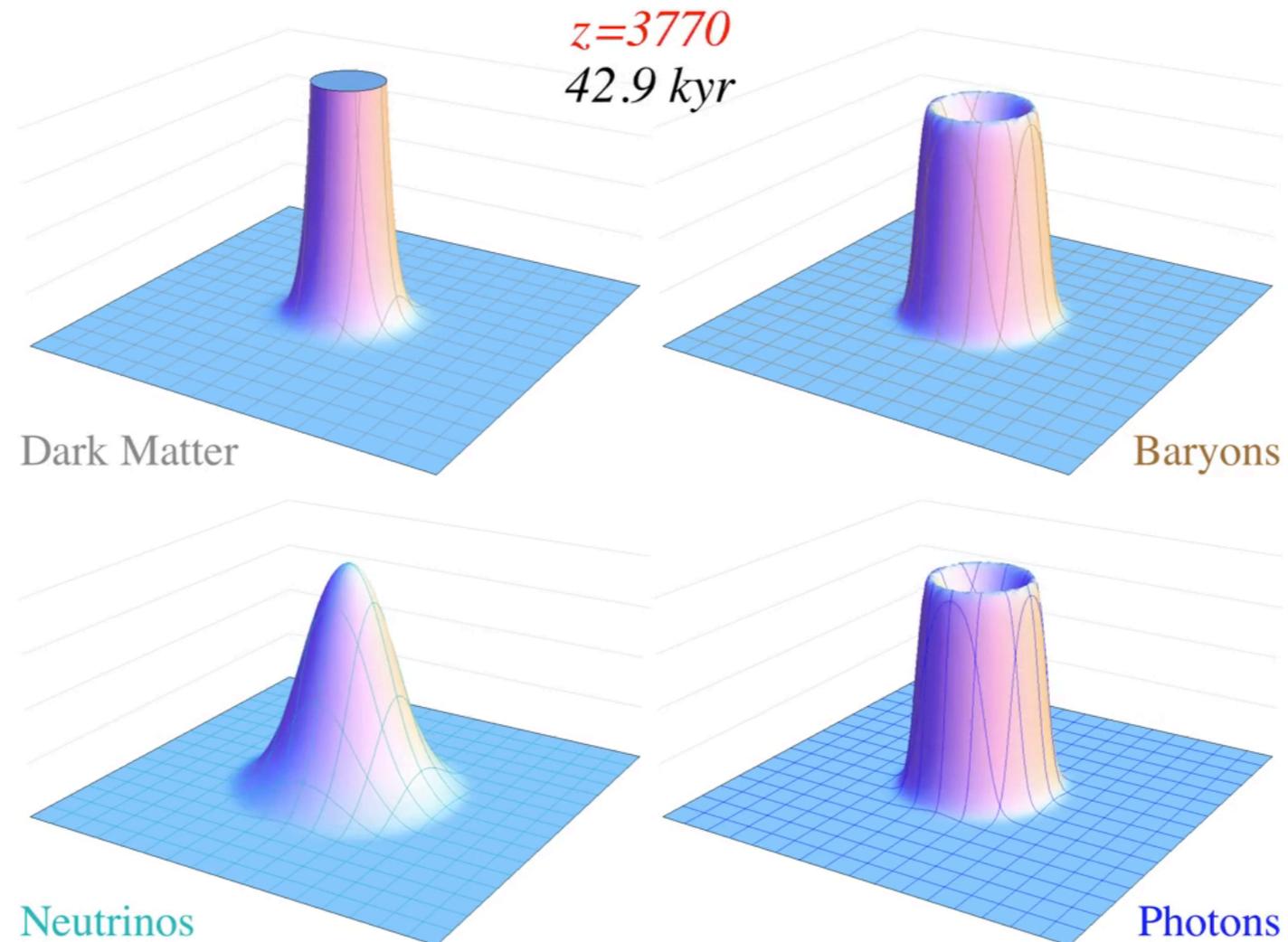
First detection of Ly α BAO published in 2013 (Busca++, Slosar++)



Baryon acoustic oscillations

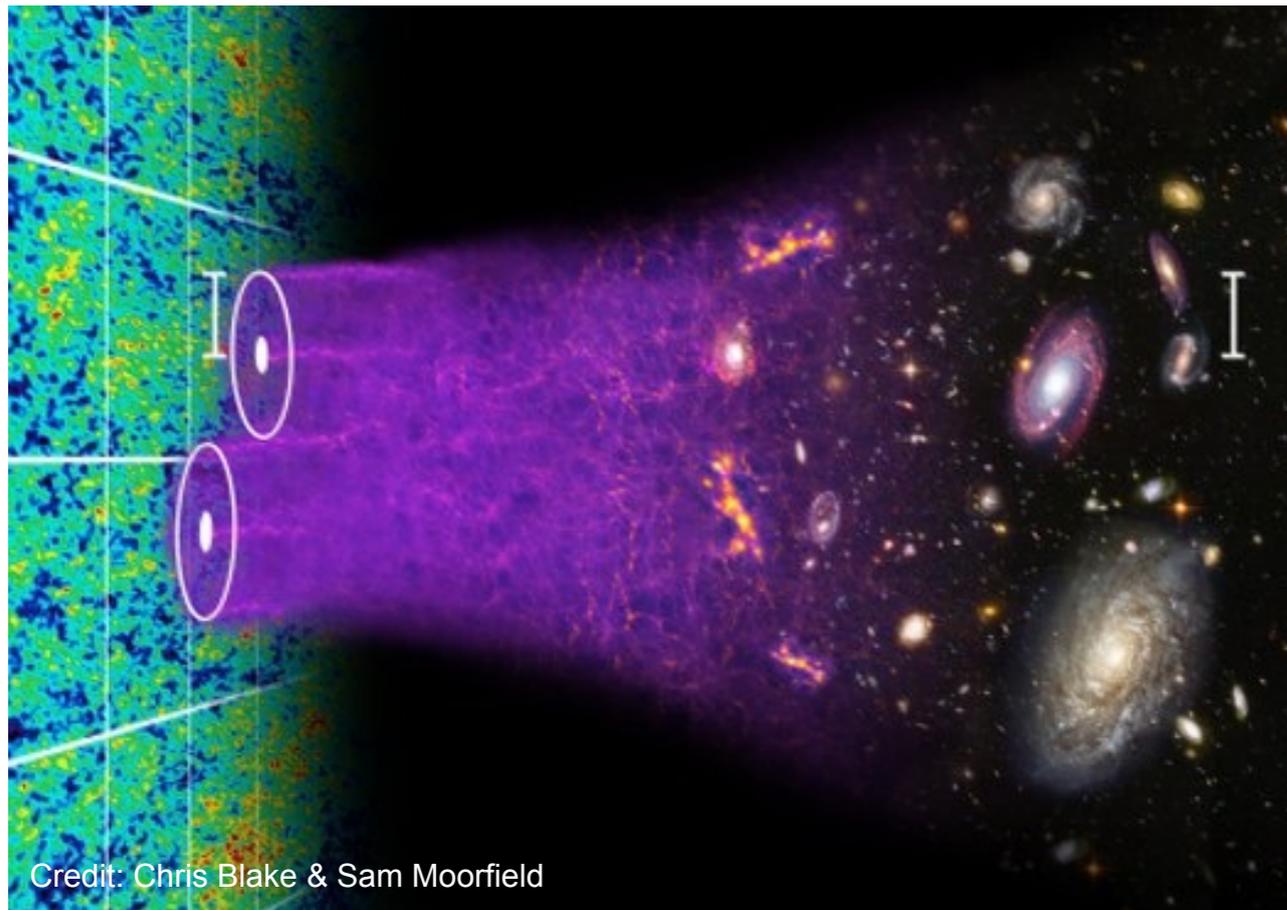
Sound waves propagating in the pre-recombination universe imprinted a characteristic length scale in the large-scale structure at recombination

$$\text{Sound horizon: } r_d = \int_{z_d}^{\infty} \frac{c_s(z)}{H(z)} dz \approx 150 \text{ Mpc}$$



Credit: David Kirkby

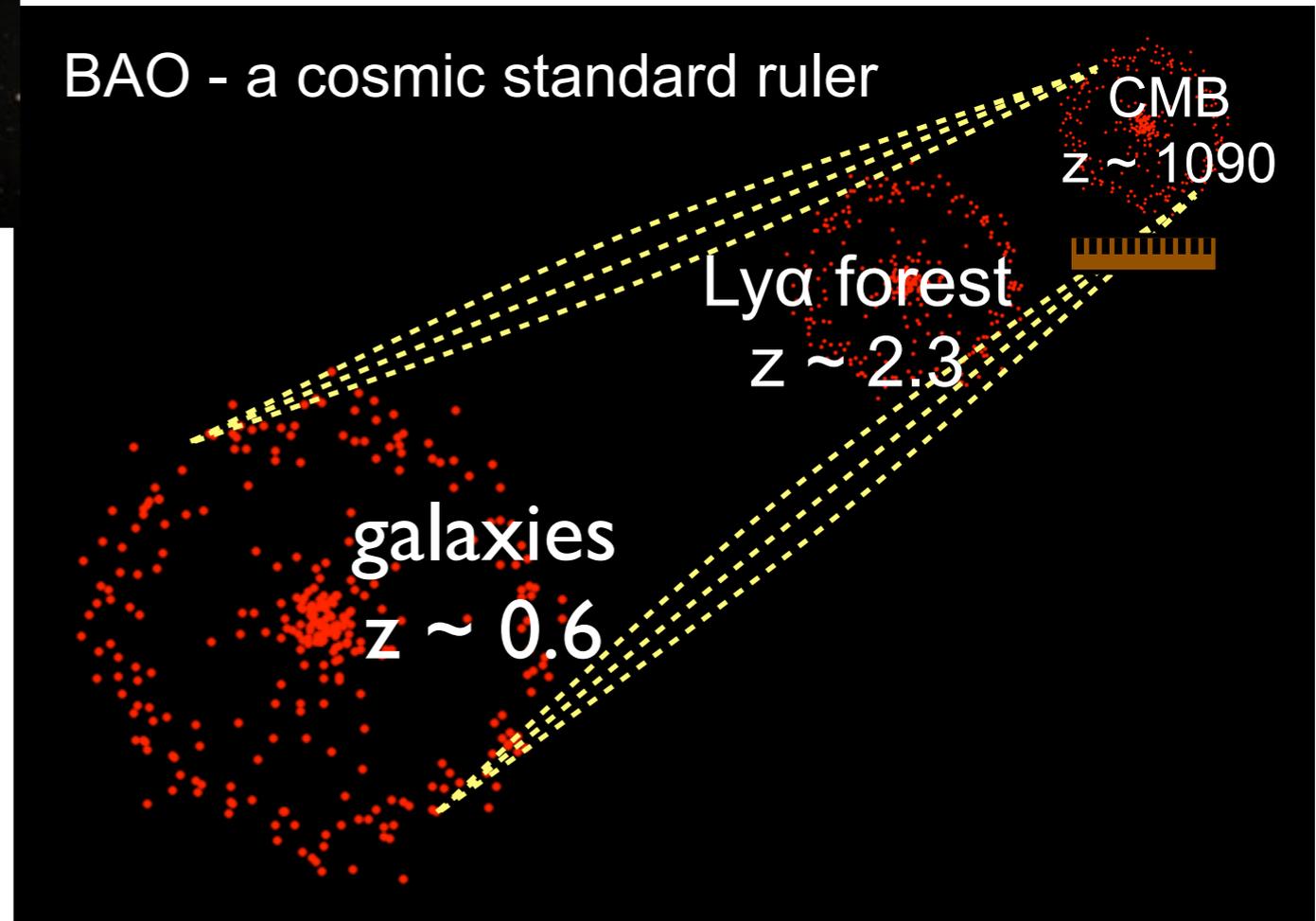
Baryon acoustic oscillations



BAO measured in the large-scale distribution of galaxies, quasars, intergalactic gas (Ly α forest), ...

Probes the cosmic expansion at different epochs

BAO - a cosmic standard ruler



Line of sight:

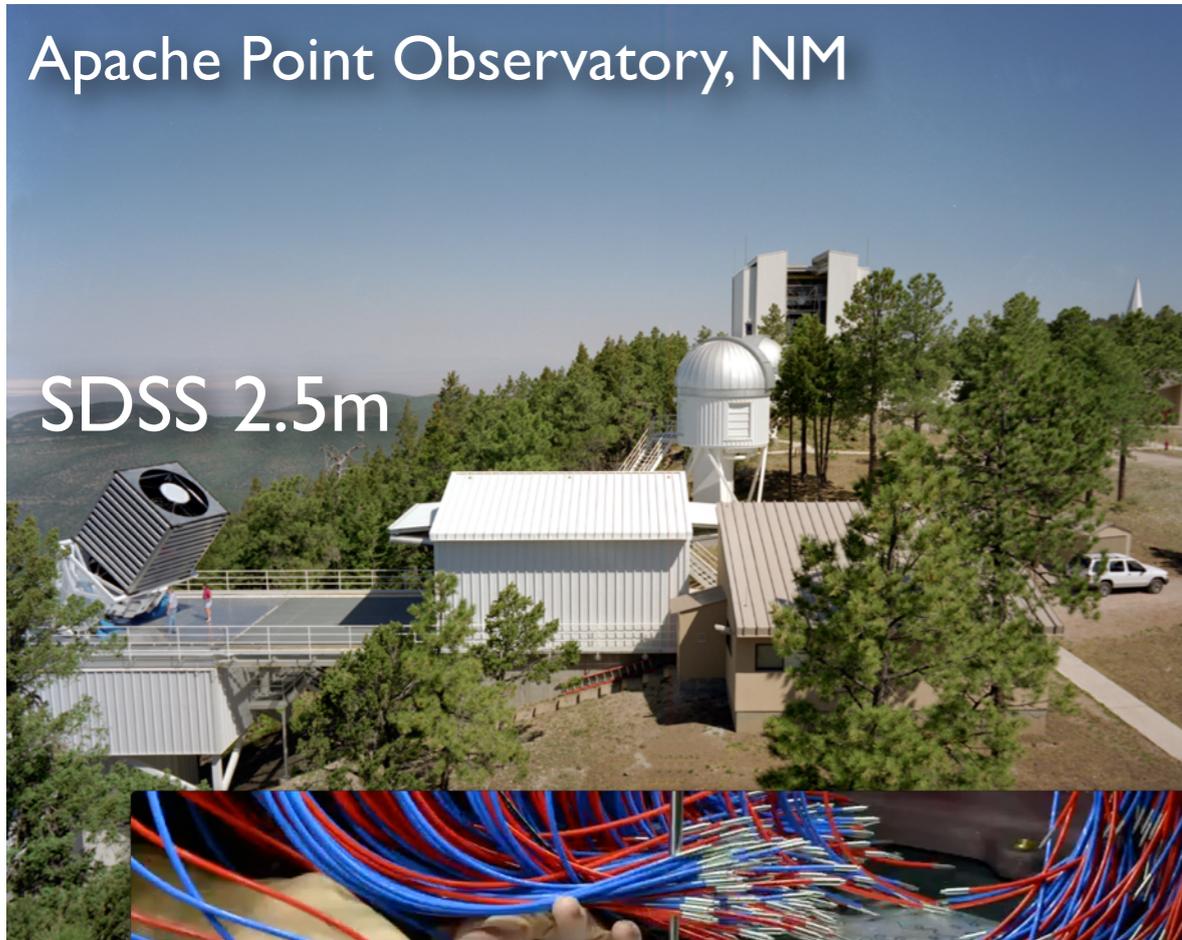
$$\Delta z = r_d \frac{H(z)}{c}$$

Transverse:

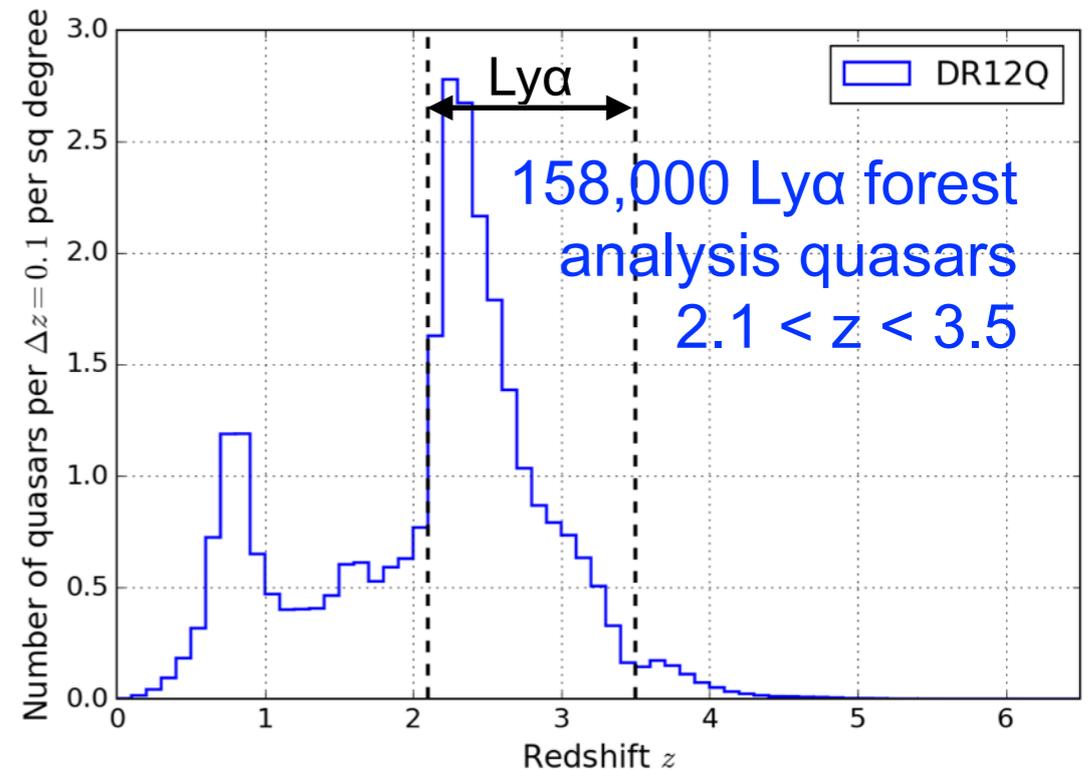
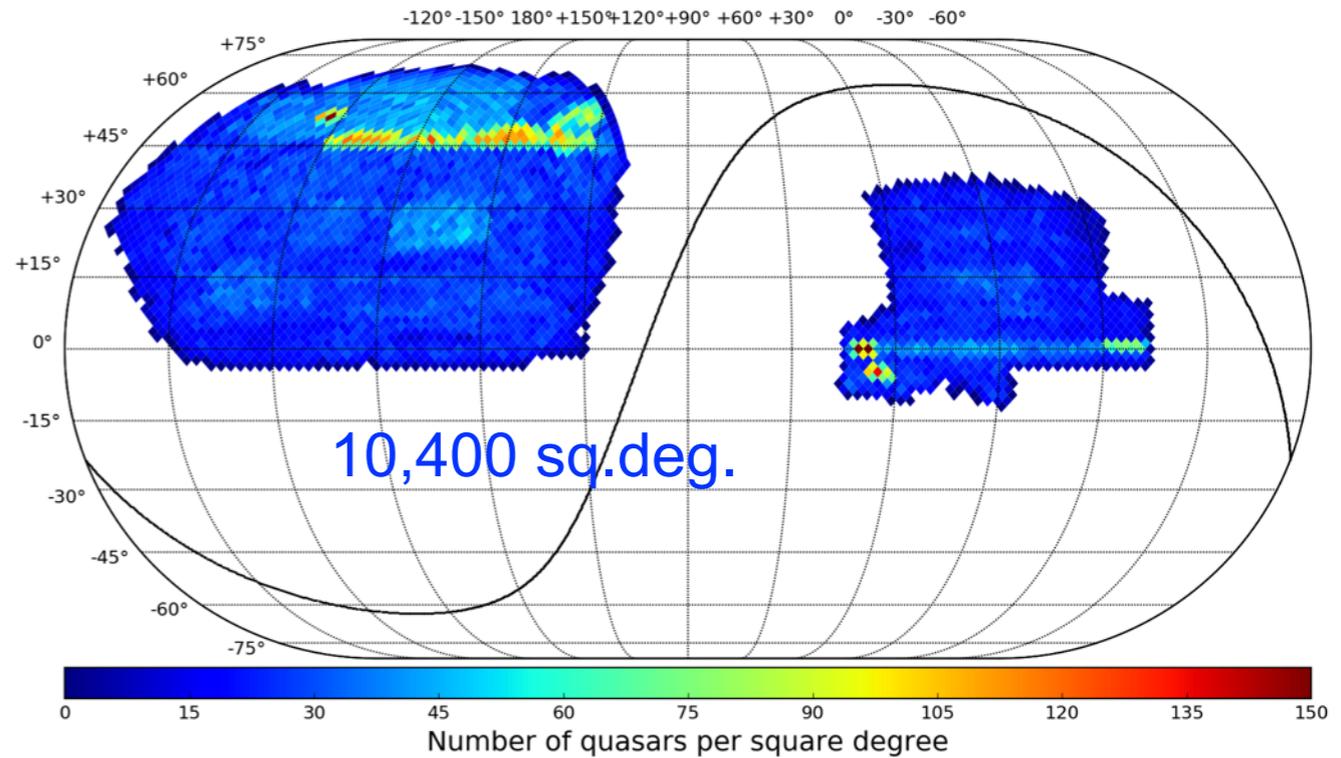
$$\Delta \theta = \frac{r_d}{1+z} \frac{1}{D_A(z)}$$

BOSS quasar survey

Baryon Oscillation Spectroscopic Survey
(SDSS-III): 2009-2014

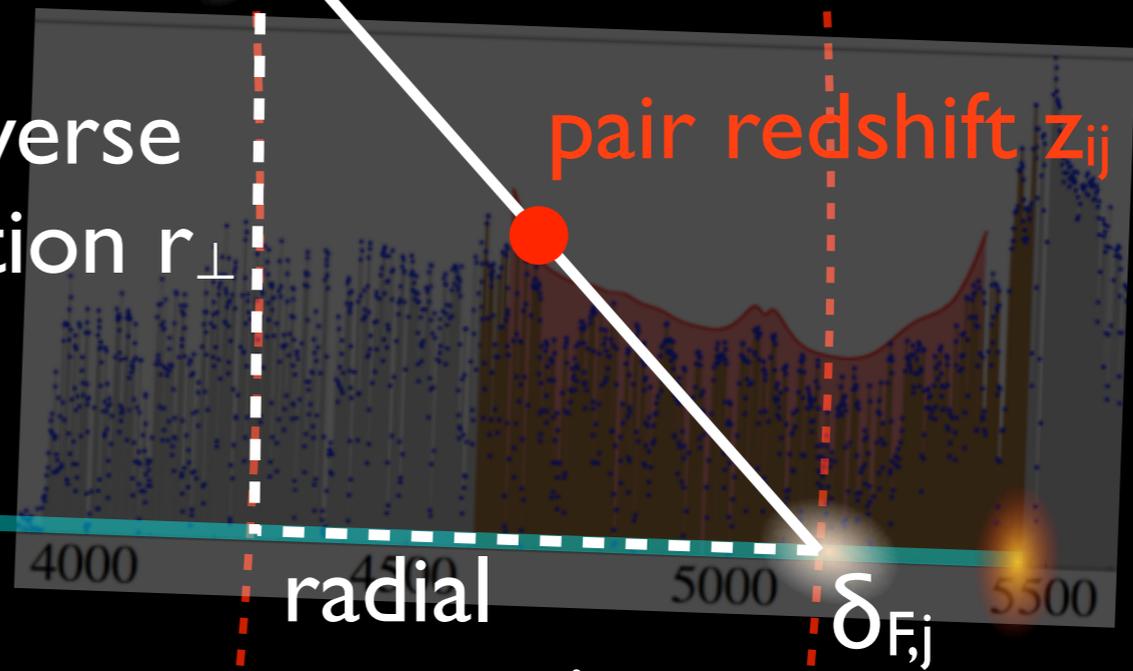
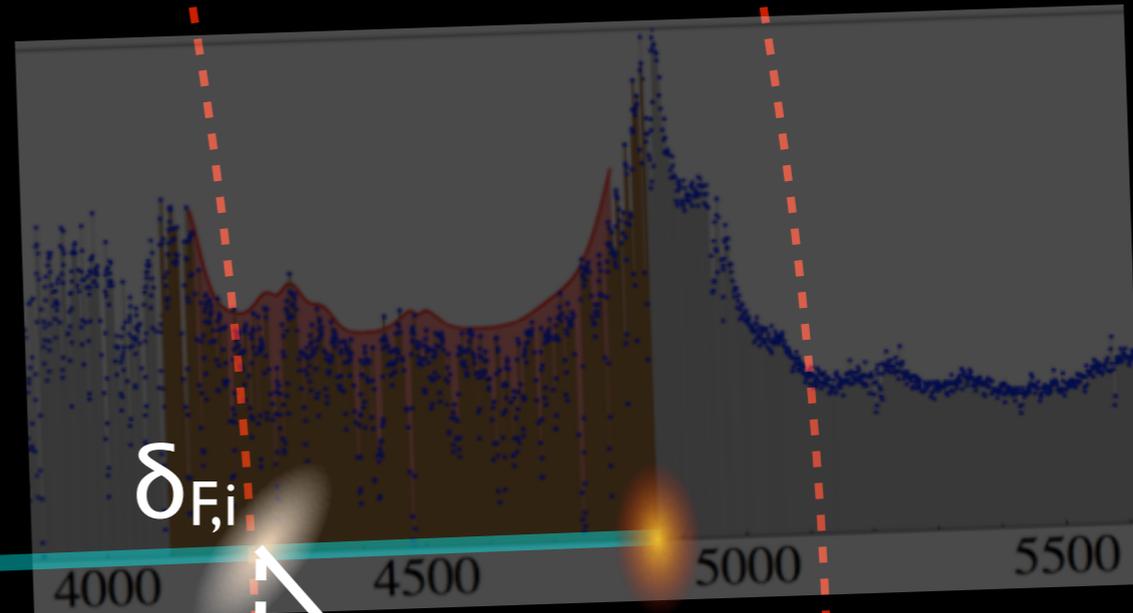


SDSS Data Release 12 (DR12)



Ly α auto-correlation

$$\xi_A = \frac{\sum_{(i,j) \in A} w_i w_j \delta_i \delta_j}{\sum_{(i,j) \in A} w_i w_j}$$



transverse
separation r_{\perp}

radial
separation $r_{||}$

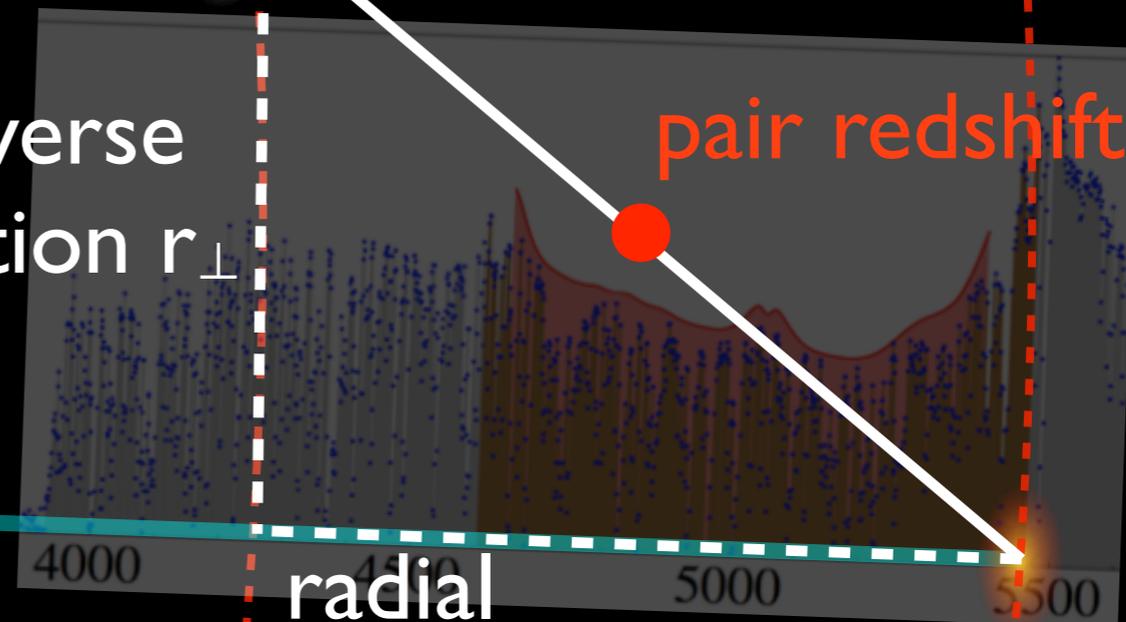
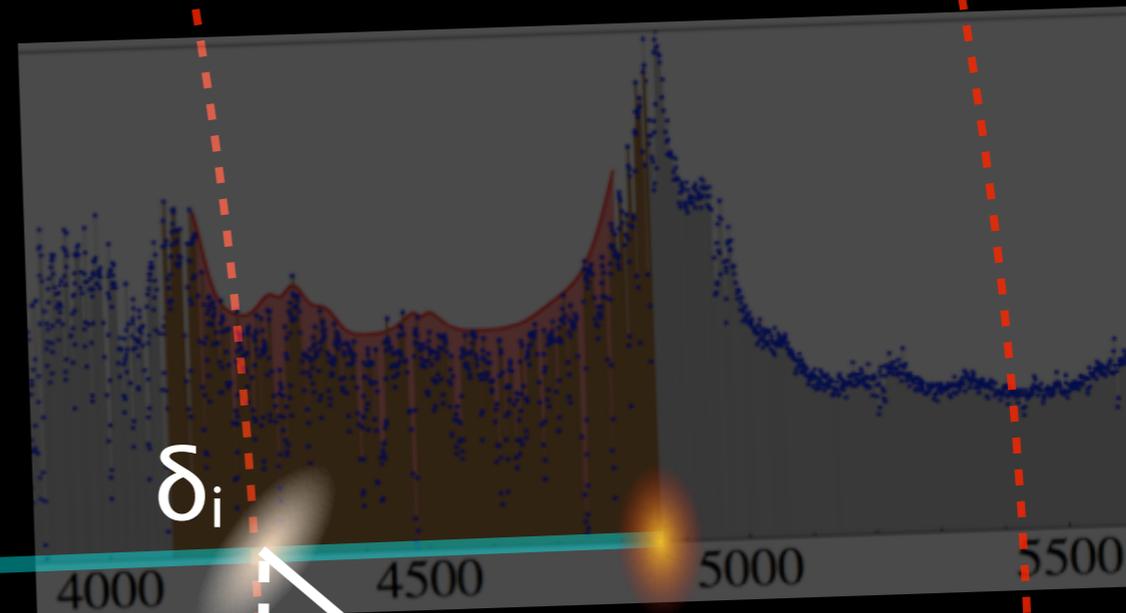
z_i

z_j

θ

Quasar-Ly α cross-correlation

$$\xi_A = \frac{\sum_{(i,k) \in A} w_i \delta_i}{\sum_{(i,k) \in A} w_i}$$



transverse separation r_{\perp}

radial separation r_{\parallel}

z_i

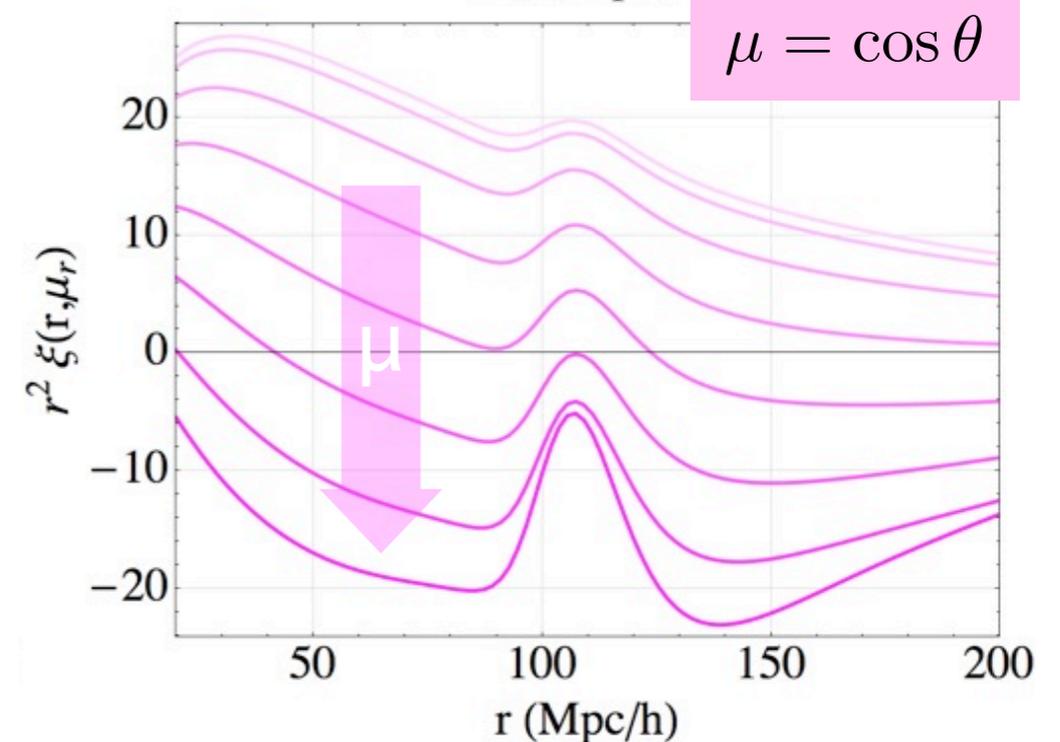
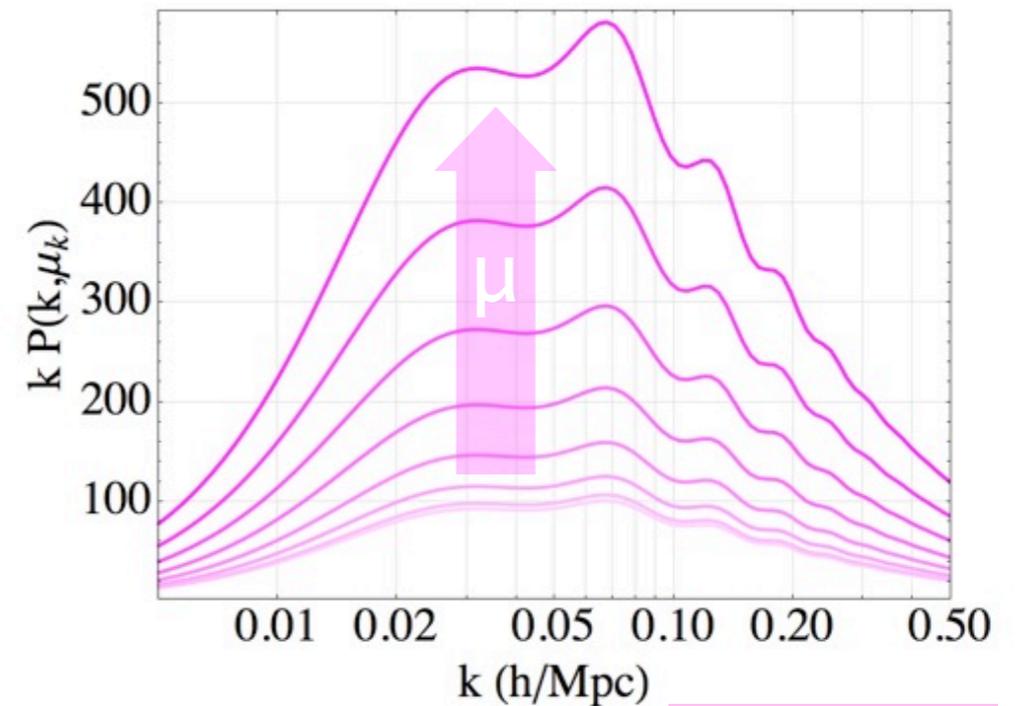
$z_{q,k}$

θ

Correlation function model

- Linear matter power spectrum from CAMB for fiducial cosmology (Planck 2015 flat Λ CDM)
- Linear tracer bias sets the amplitude
- Redshift-space distortion boosts the line-of-sight BAO peak

Ly α transmission power spectrum



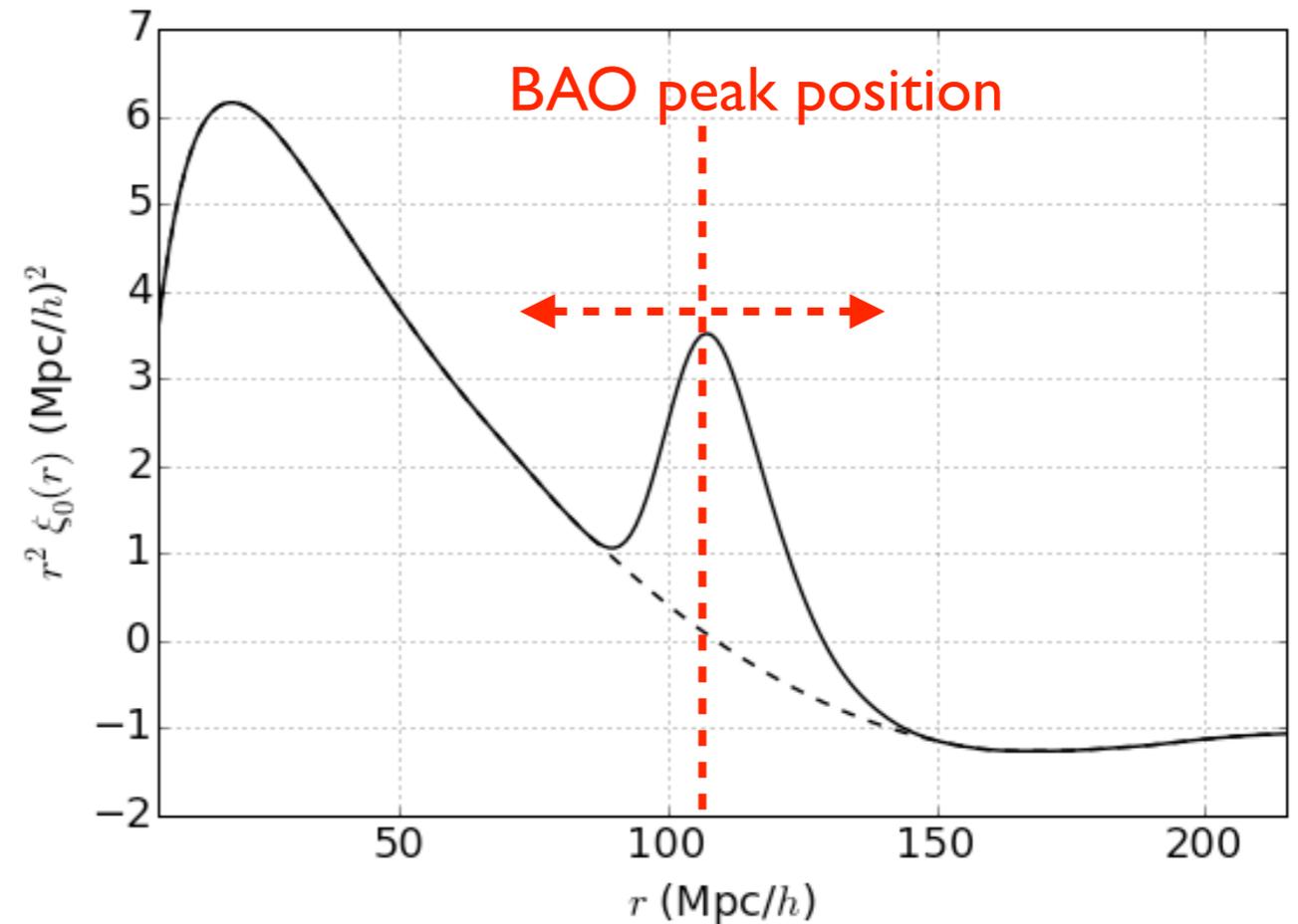
Ly α auto-correlation function

BAO fitting

- Decoupling of the BAO peak from the broadband
- Line-of-sight and transverse scale parameters adjust the peak position to the cosmology preferred by the data

$$r_{\parallel} \rightarrow \alpha_{\parallel} r_{\parallel}$$

$$r_{\perp} \rightarrow \alpha_{\perp} r_{\perp}$$



$$\alpha_{\parallel} = \frac{[D_H(\bar{z})/r_d]}{[D_H(\bar{z})/r_d]_{\text{fid}}}$$

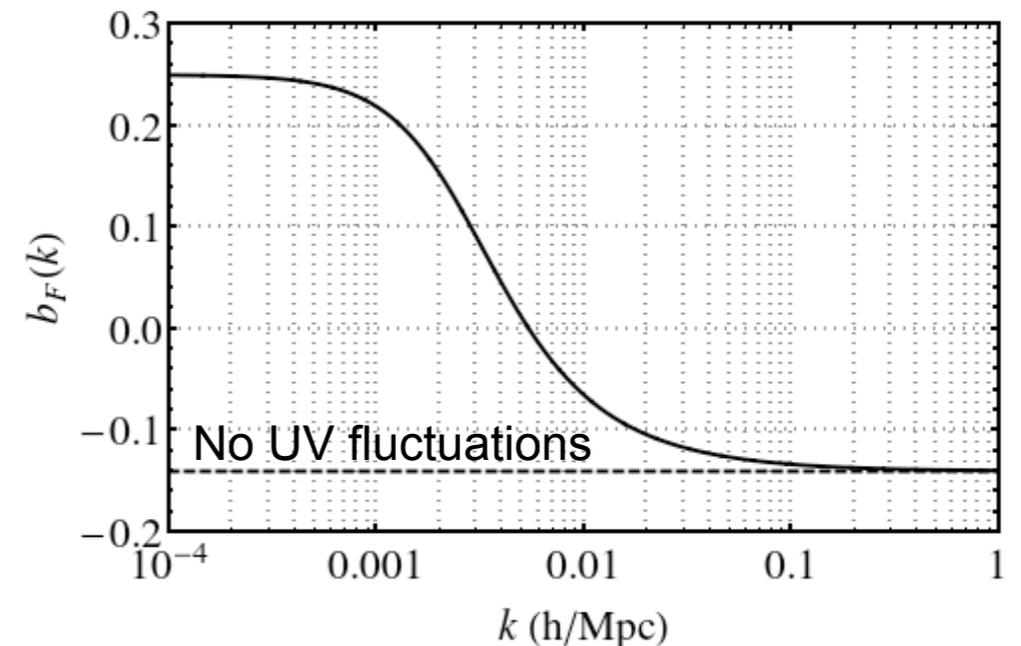
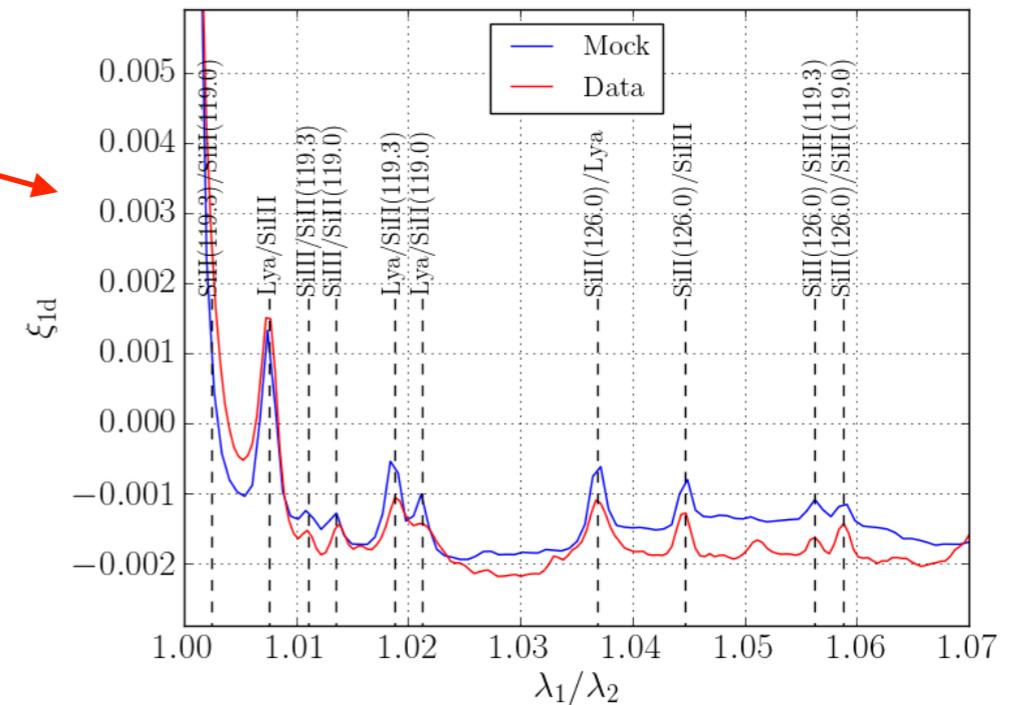
→ measure the Hubble distance $D_H(z) = c/H(z)$

$$\alpha_{\perp} = \frac{[D_M(\bar{z})/r_d]}{[D_M(\bar{z})/r_d]_{\text{fid}}}$$

→ measure the comoving angular diameter distance $D_M(z)$

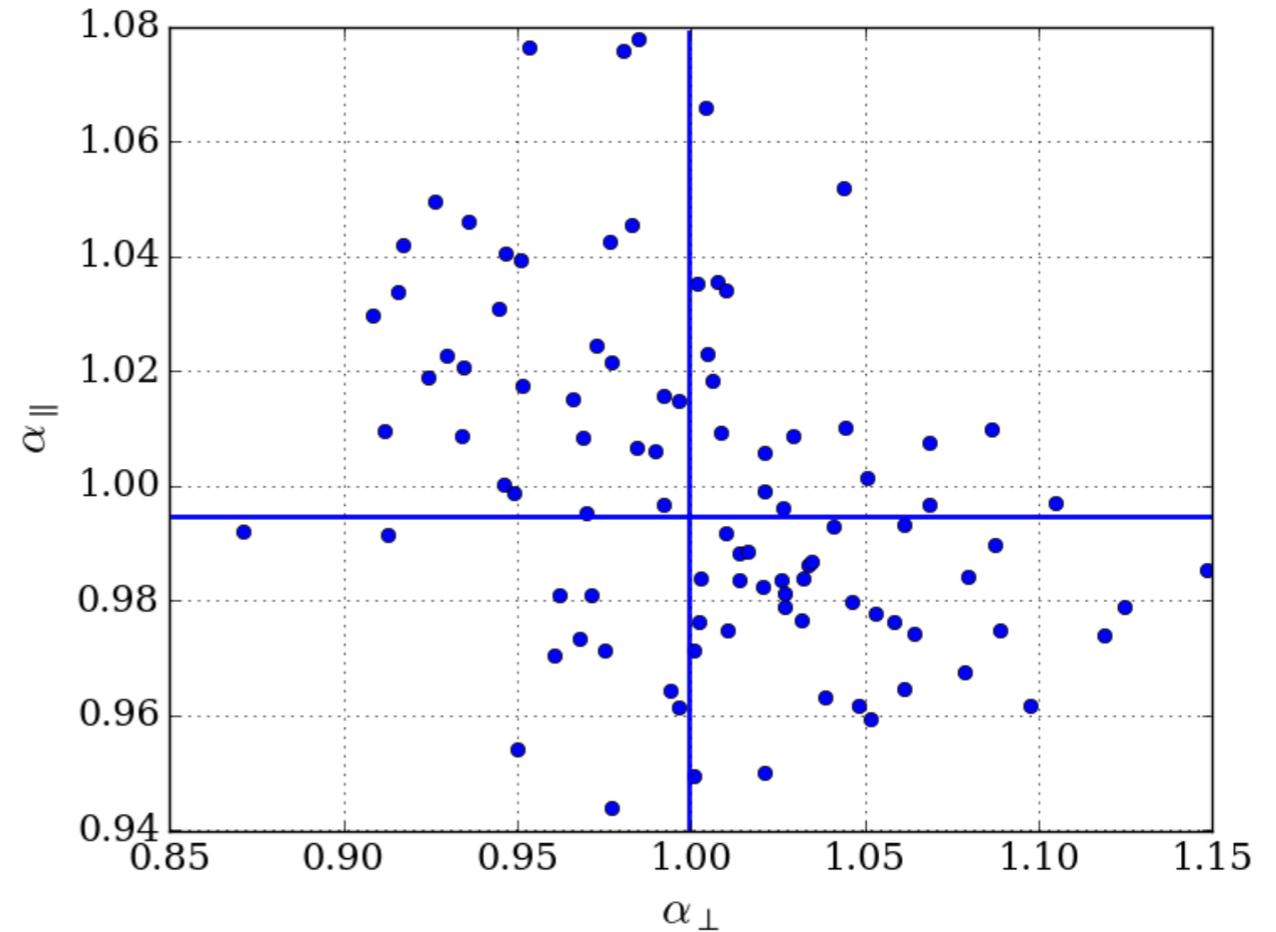
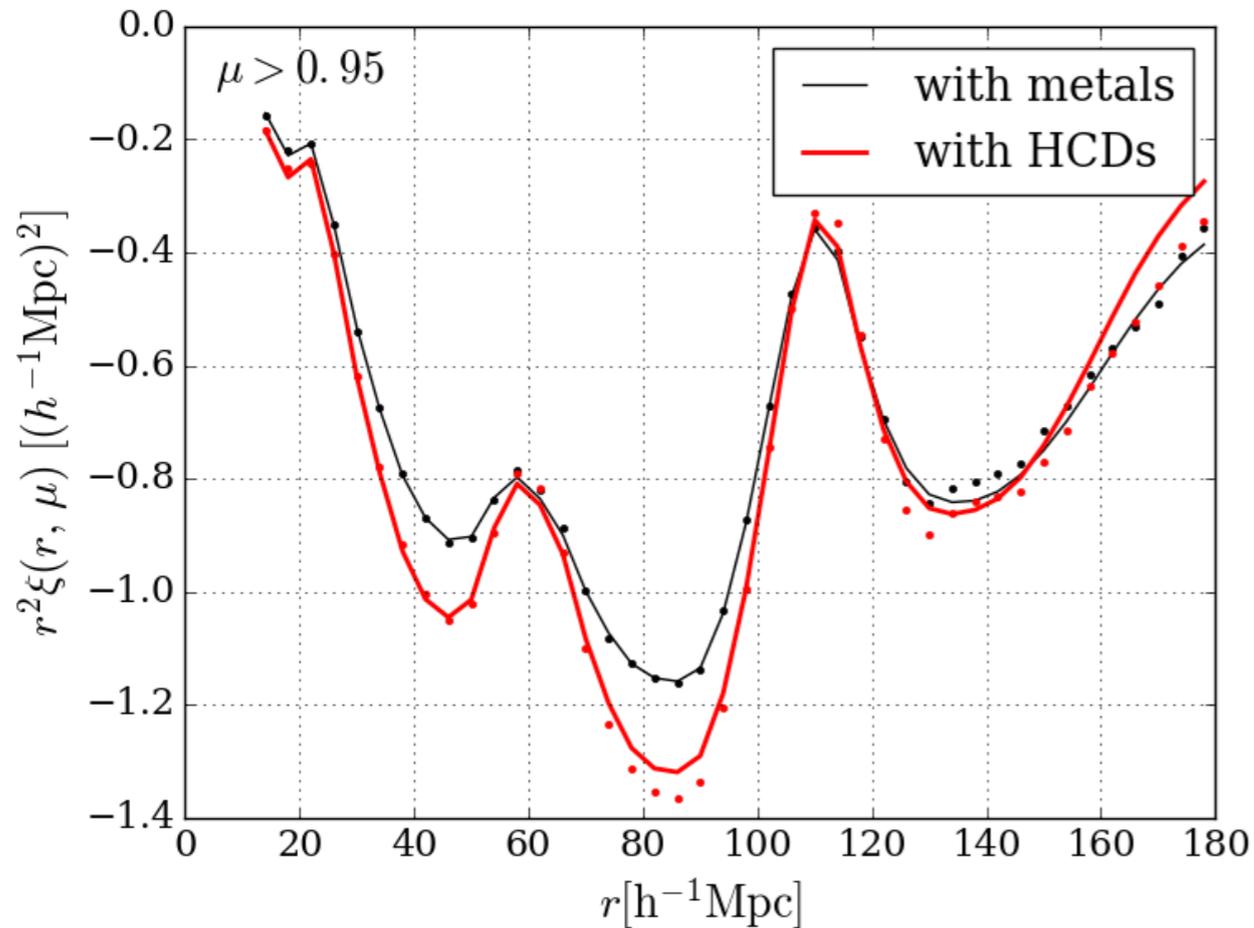
Additional modeling

- **Metal correlations:** absorption in the forest by SiII (1190, 1193, 1260 Å) and SiIII (1207 Å), and foreground CIV (1548, 1551 Å)
- **High-column density systems:** absorption in the forest by LLS and DLA (Font-Ribera++ 2012)
- **UV fluctuations:** intensity fluctuations in the ionizing background due to source clustering (Gontcho++ 2014, Pontzen 2014)
- **Non-linear correction:** effect of non-linear growth, pressure, peculiar velocity and temperature based on simulations (McDonald 2003, Arinyo-i-Prats++ 2015)
- **Non-linear peak broadening:** due to large-scale bulk velocity flows (Eisenstein++ 2007)
- **Quasar systematic redshift errors (cross):** asymmetry wrt foreground and background absorption
- **Quasar non-linear velocities and stochastic redshift errors (cross):** smoothing of the correlation function (Percival++ 2009)
- **Quasar radiation effect (cross):** transverse proximity effect (Font-Ribera++ 2013)



Mock samples

Generate sets of 100 mock samples with and w/o contamination from metals and high-column density (HCD) absorption systems in the Ly α forest

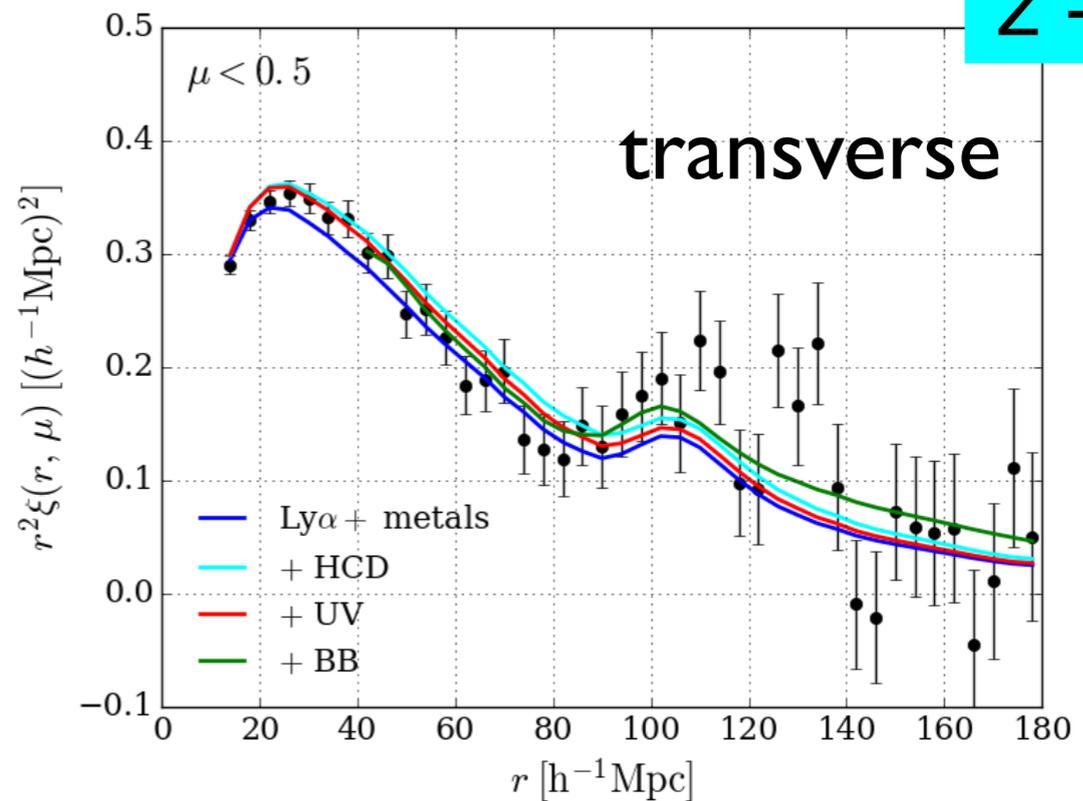
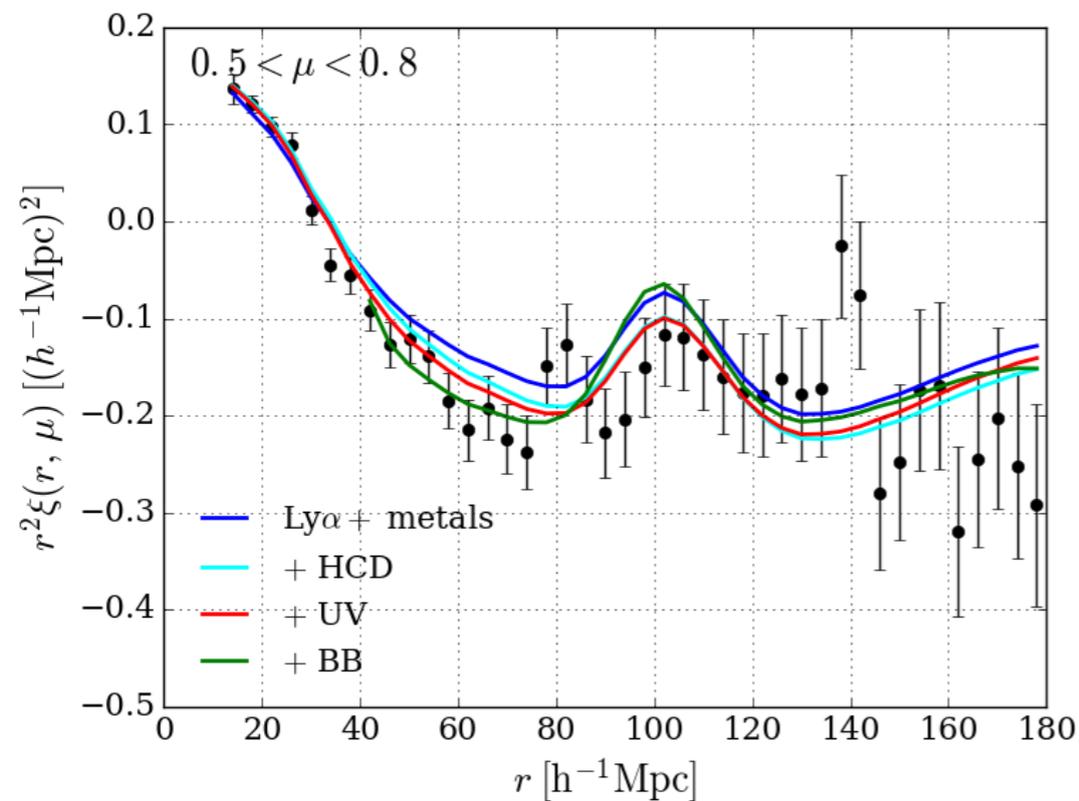
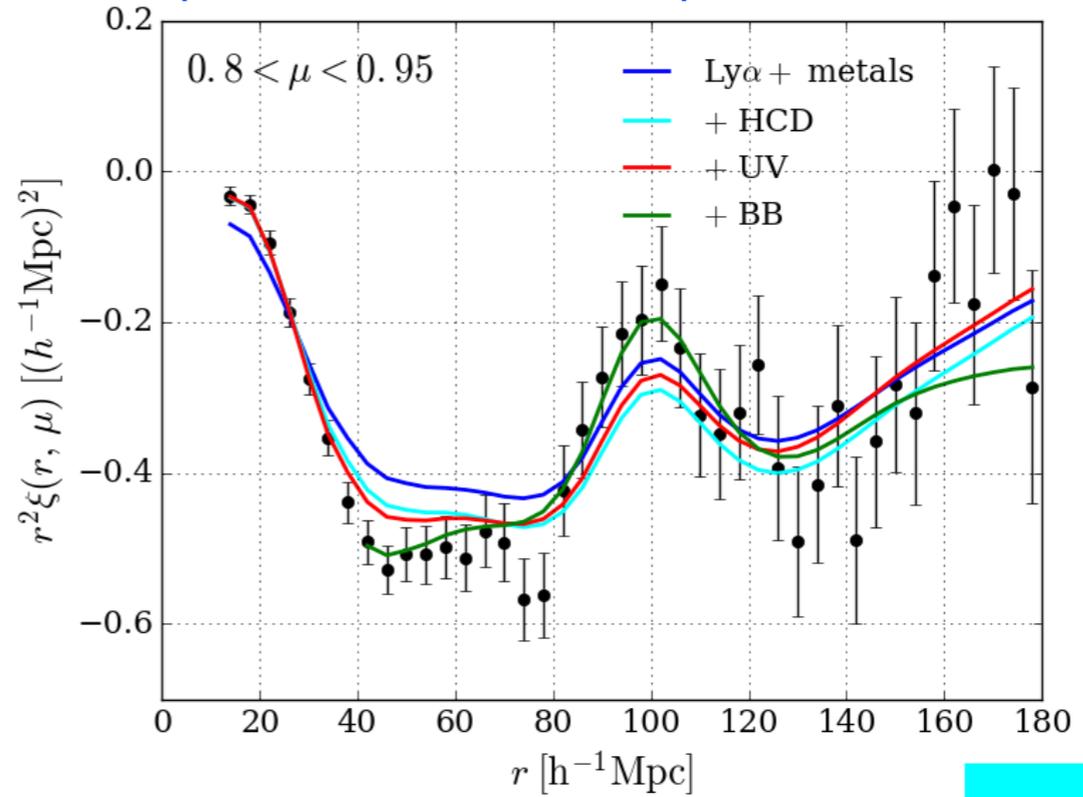
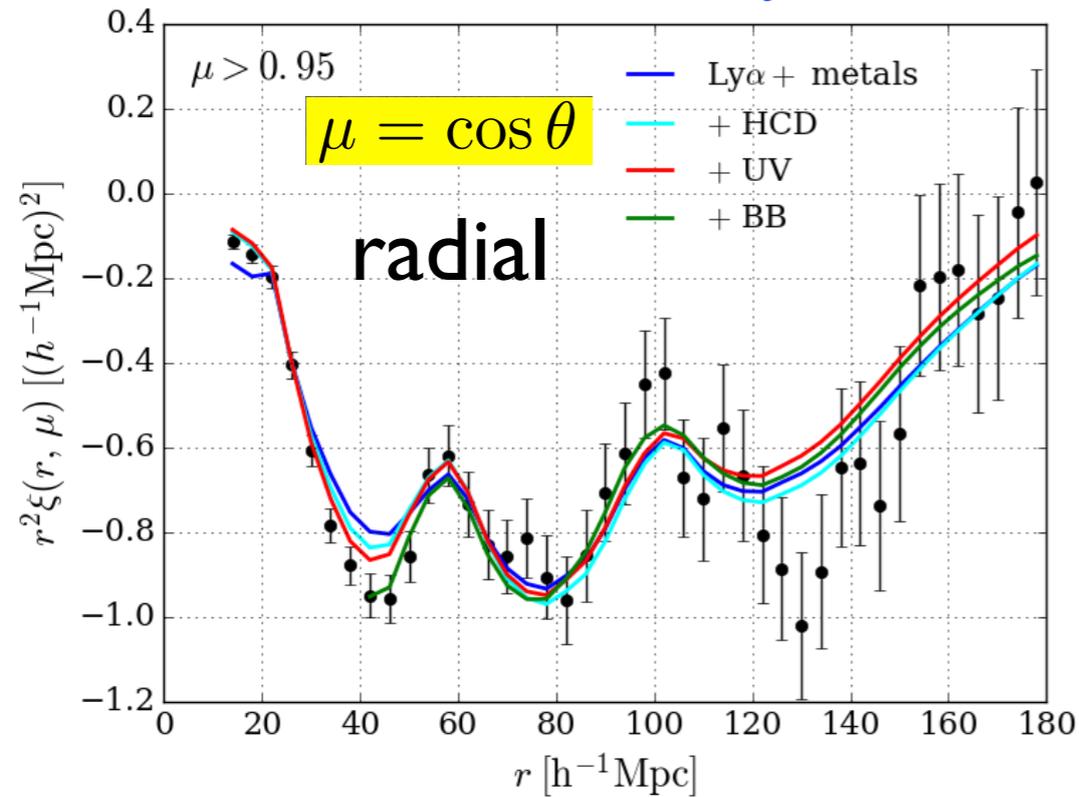


No significant bias in the
BAO measurement

	$\langle \alpha_{\parallel} \rangle$	$\langle \sigma_{\parallel} \rangle$	$\langle \alpha_{\perp} \rangle$	$\langle \sigma_{\perp} \rangle$
Ly α	1.000	0.023	0.993	0.040
Ly α +metals	0.998	0.025	0.993	0.040
Ly α +metals+HCD	0.995	0.032	0.999	0.058

BOSS Ly α BAO results

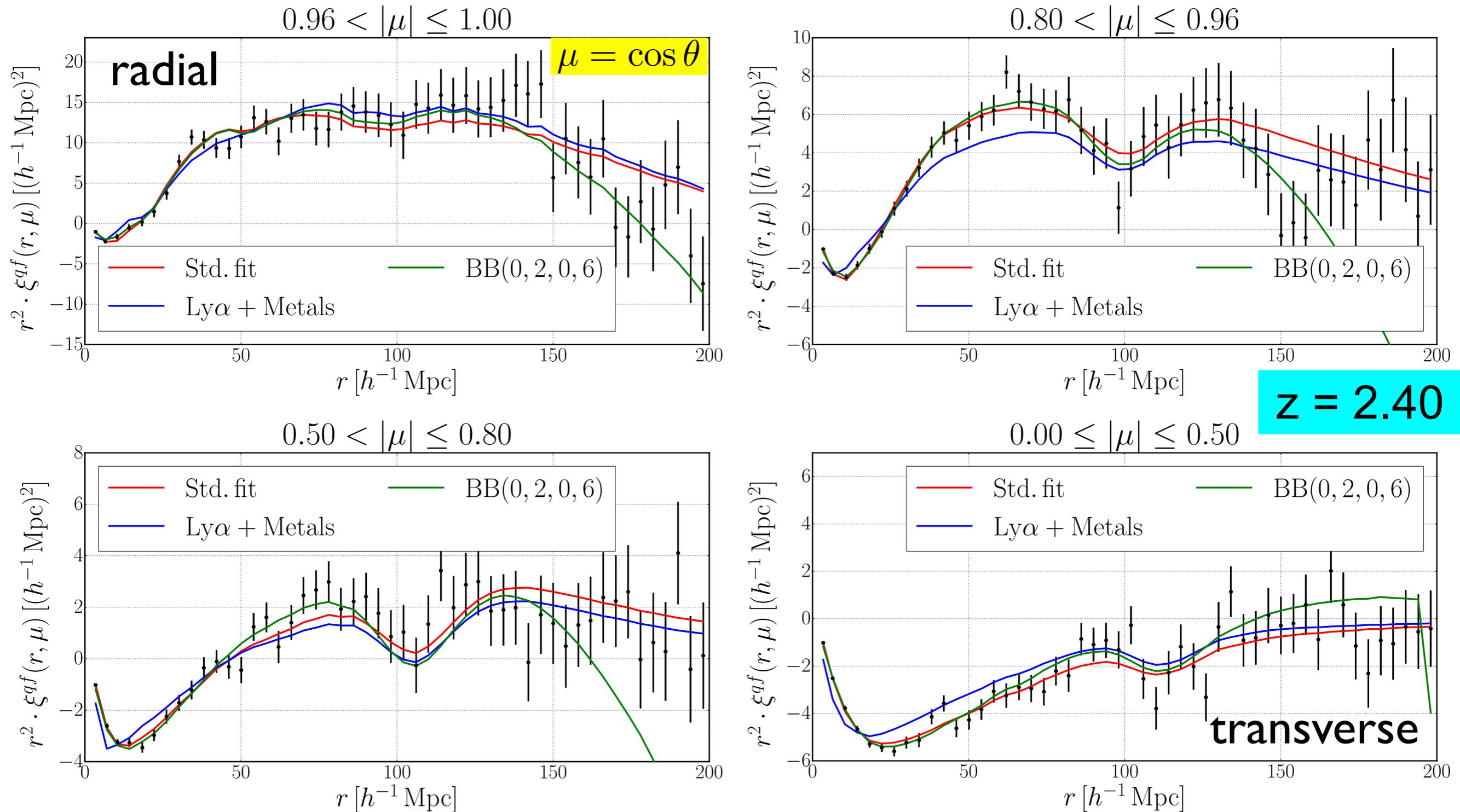
DR12 Ly α auto-correlation (Bautista++ 2017)



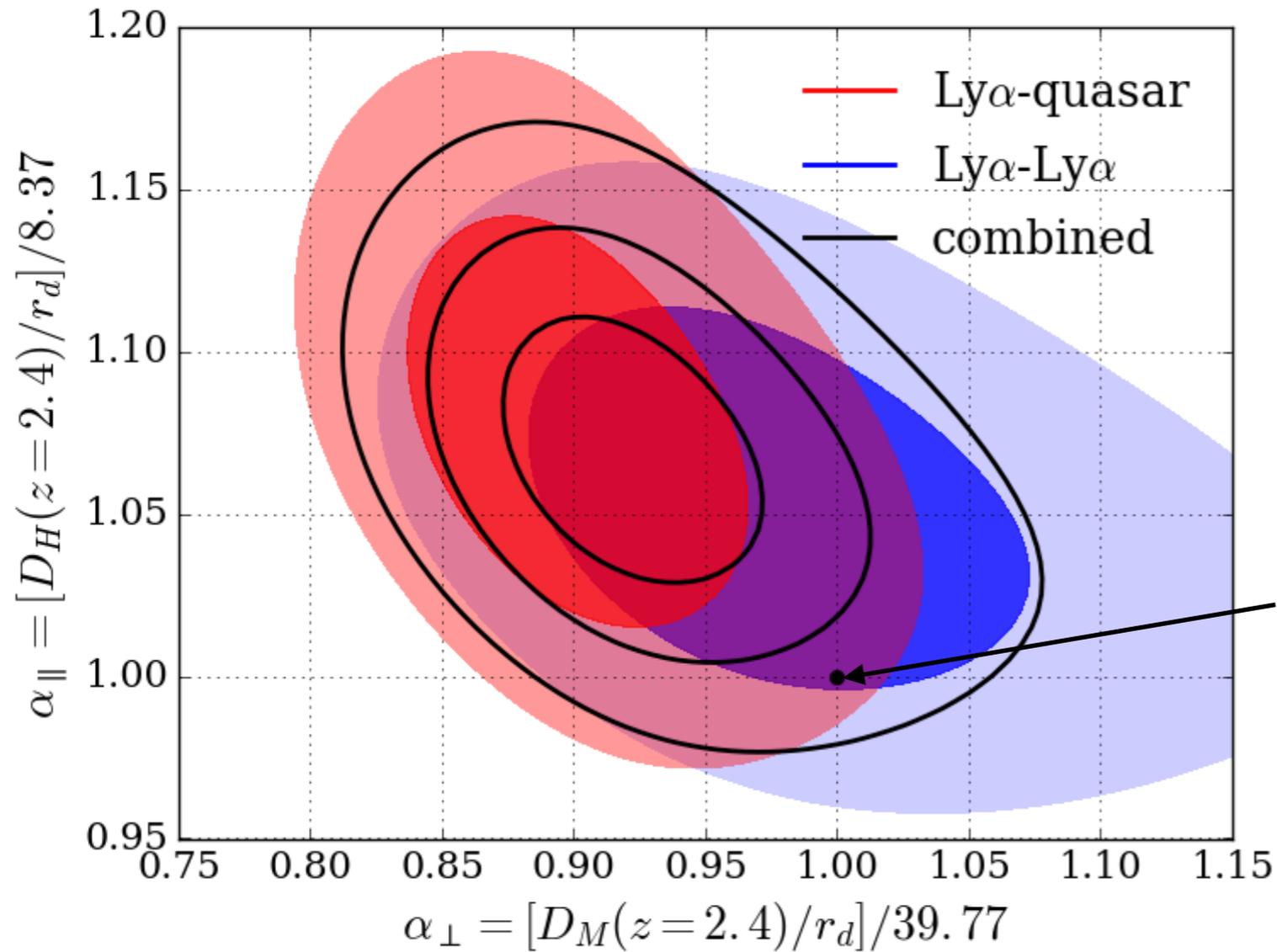
$z = 2.33$

BOSS Ly α BAO results

DR12 quasar-Ly α cross-correlation (du Mas des Bourboux++ 2017)



Cosmological implications

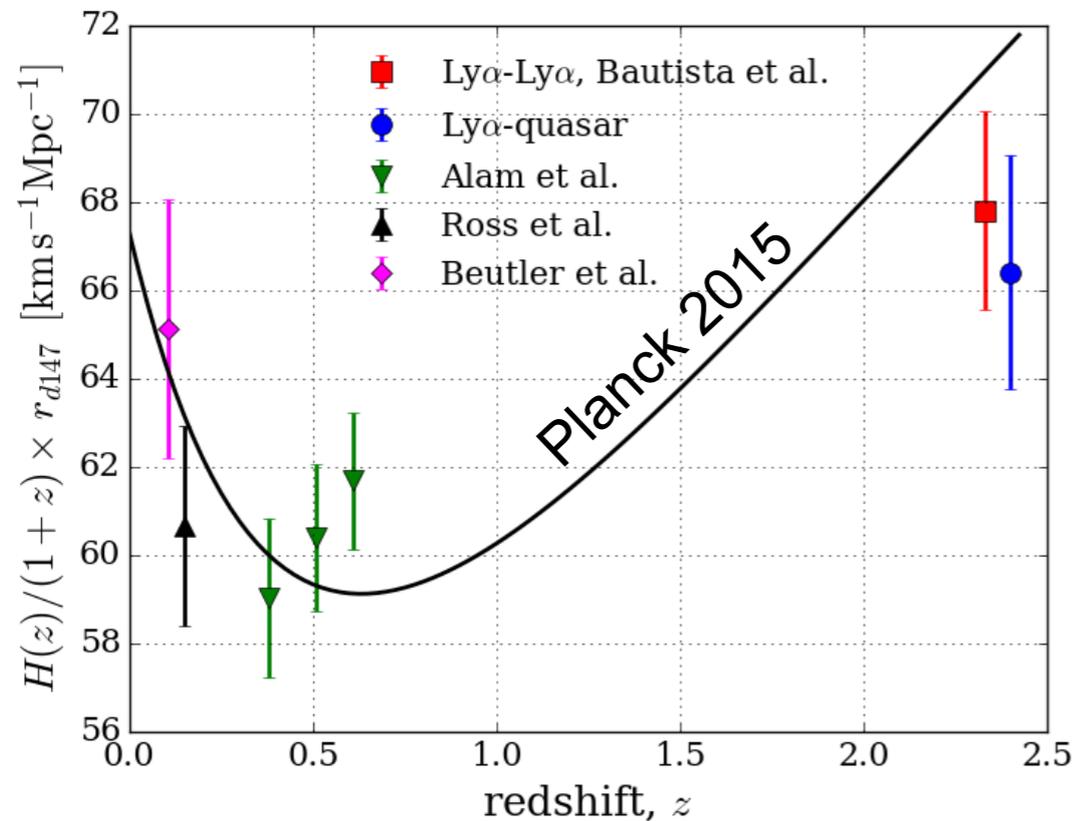
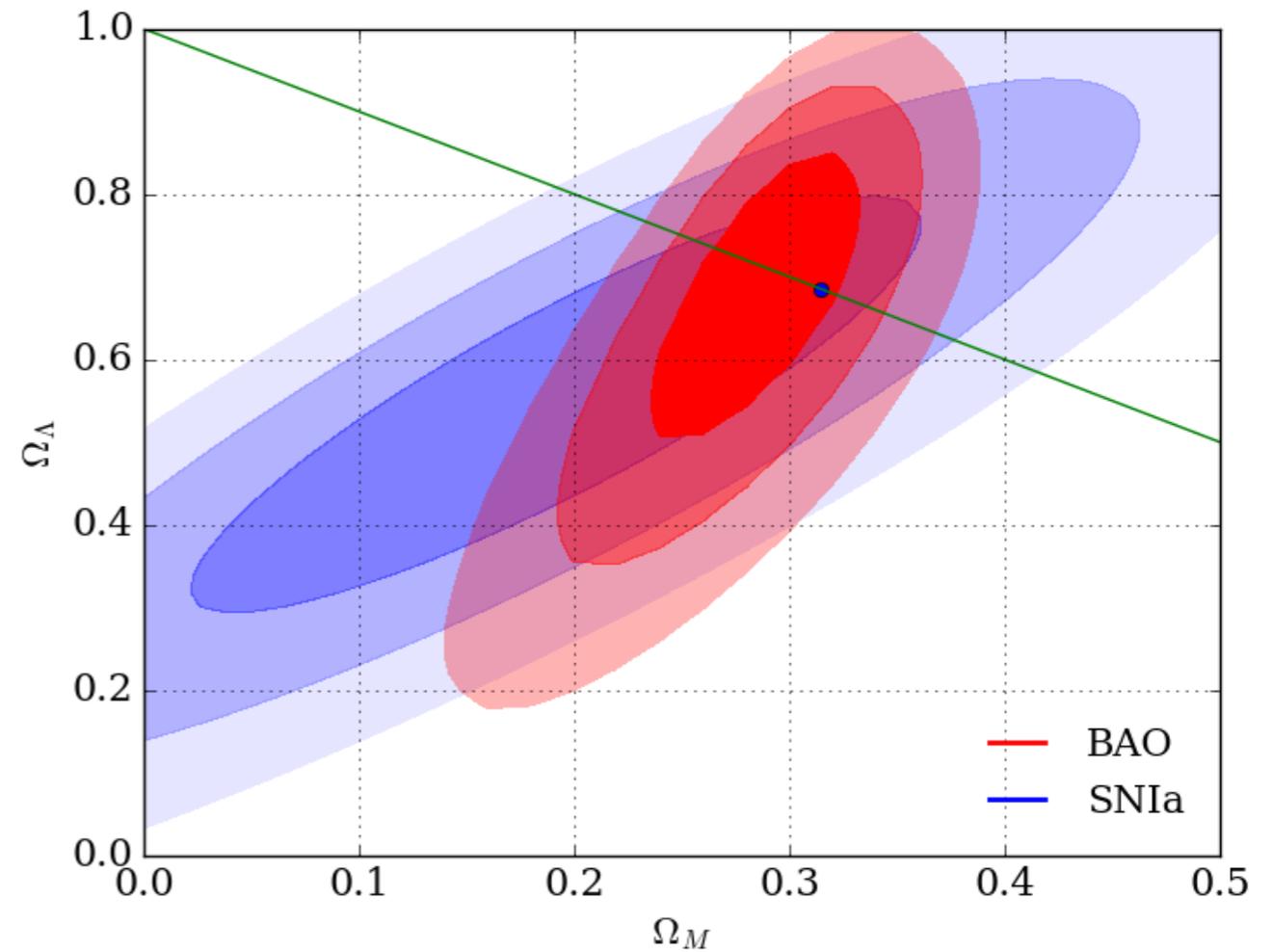
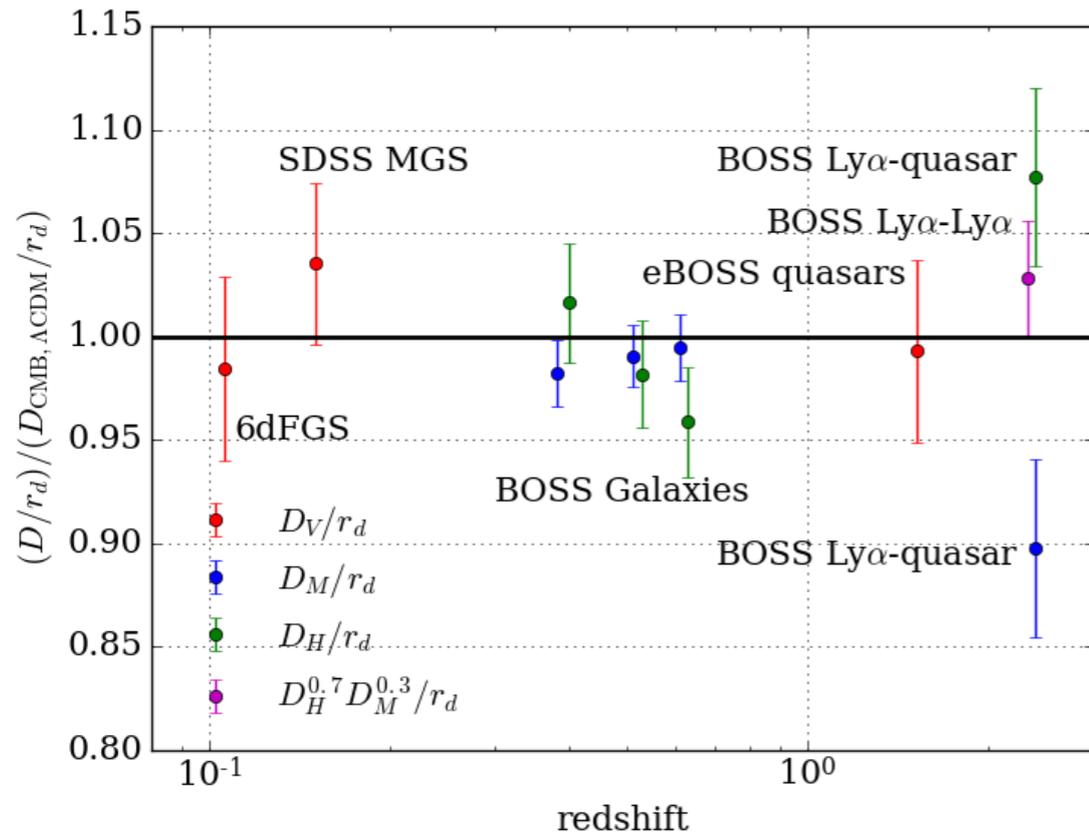


DR12 combined fit:

2.5% measurement of $D_H(z=2.4)/r_d$
 3.6% measurement of $D_M(z=2.4)/r_d$

Moderate (2.3σ) tension with Planck 2015 flat Λ CDM cosmology

Cosmological implications



Systematic errors

No identified significant systematic errors on the BAO measurements

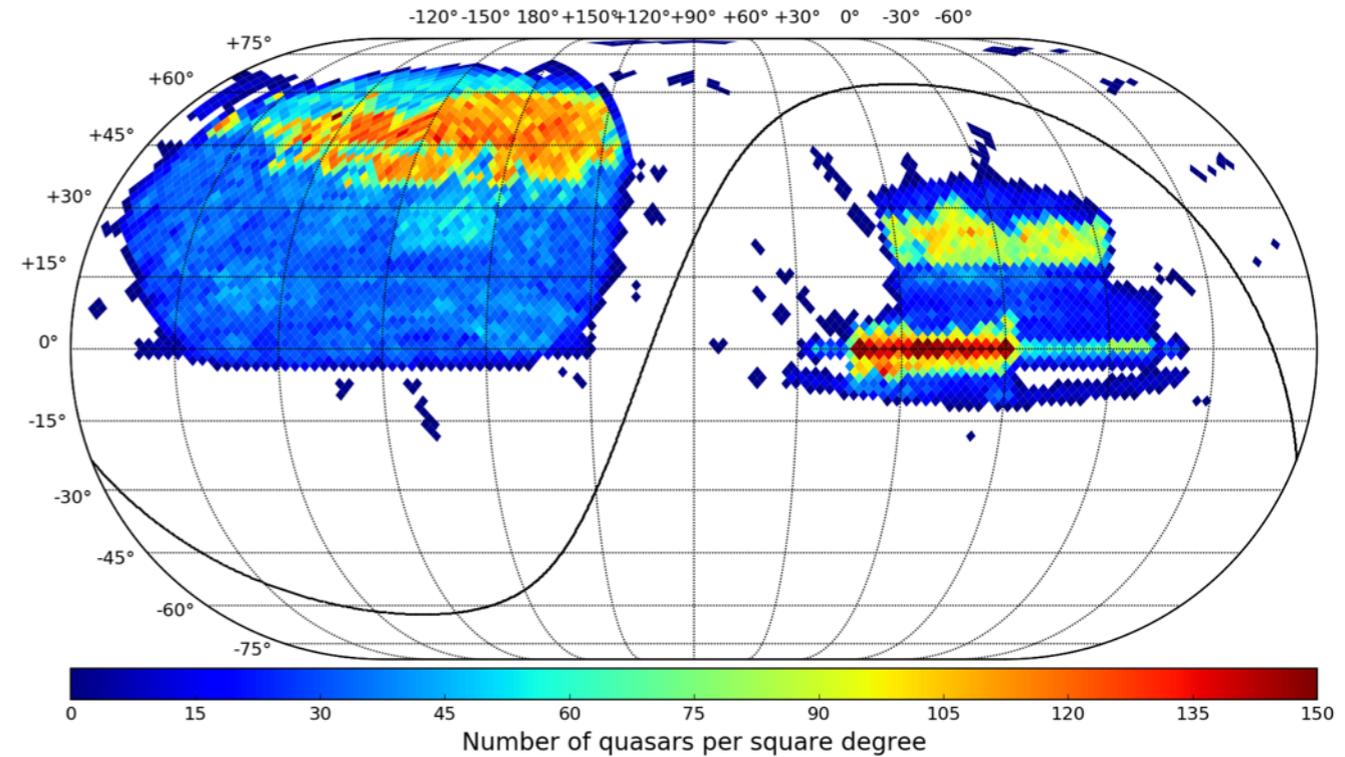
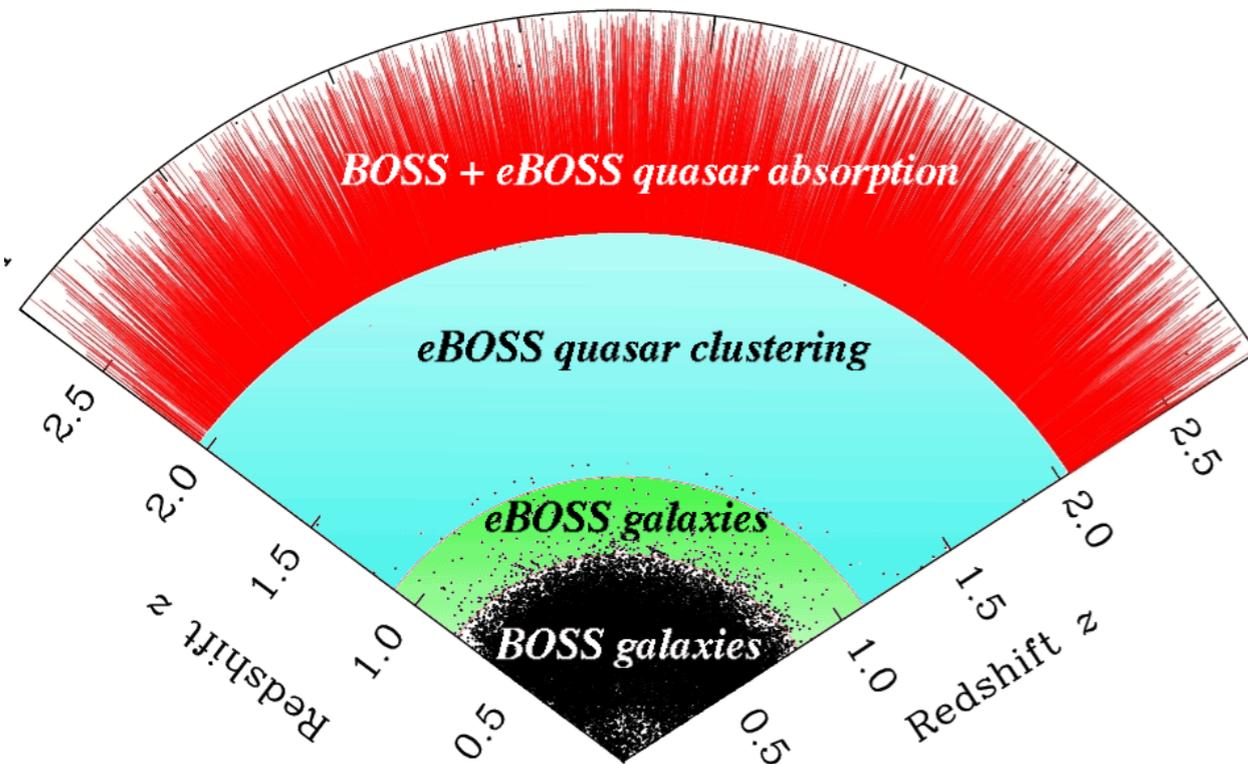
... but a wide range of possible systematics need to be considered (many already are)

- **Astrophysical:** associated & unassociated metals, UV intensity fluctuations, IGM temperature fluctuations, high-column density systems, quasar radiation effects, non-linear correction, non-linear broadening, baryon-CDM relative velocity effect, relativistic effects, 3- and 4-point contributions, BAL, quasar diversity, ...
- **Instrumental:** sky subtraction residuals, spectrophotometric calibration, Milky Way absorption lines, ...
- **Analysis:** quasar redshift errors, continuum fitting, ...

eBOSS quasar survey

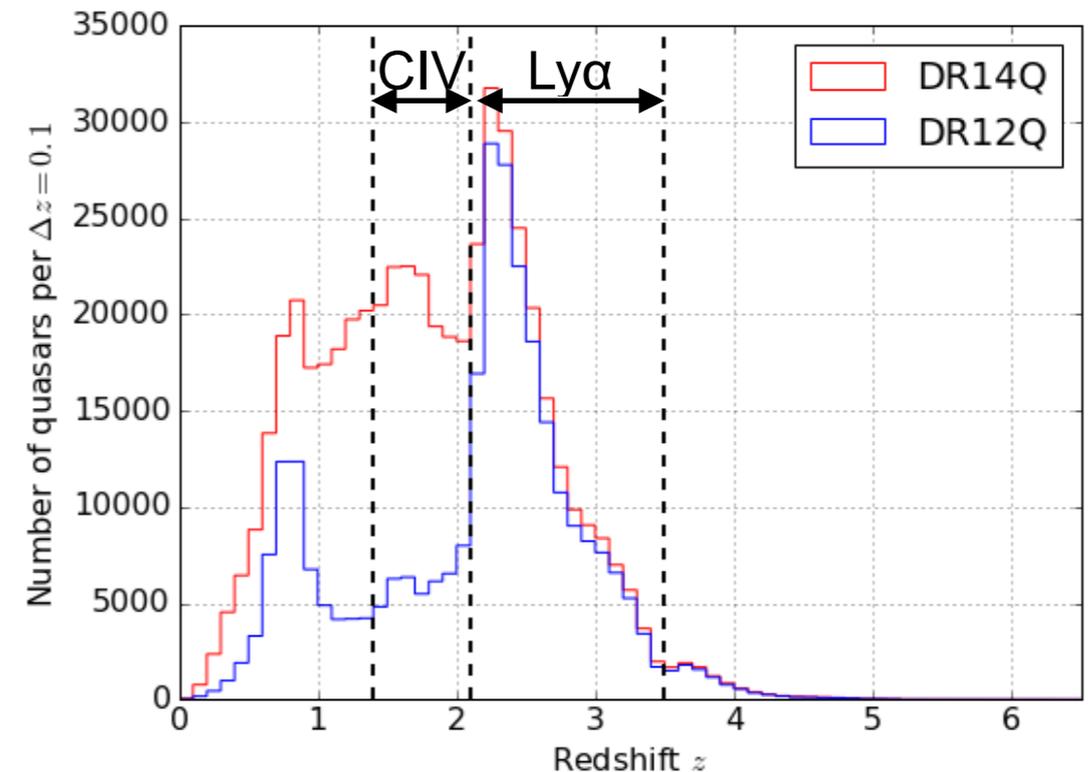
Extended Baryon Oscillation Spectroscopic Survey (SDSS-IV): 2014-2020

SDSS Data Release 14 (DR14):
two years of eBOSS observations



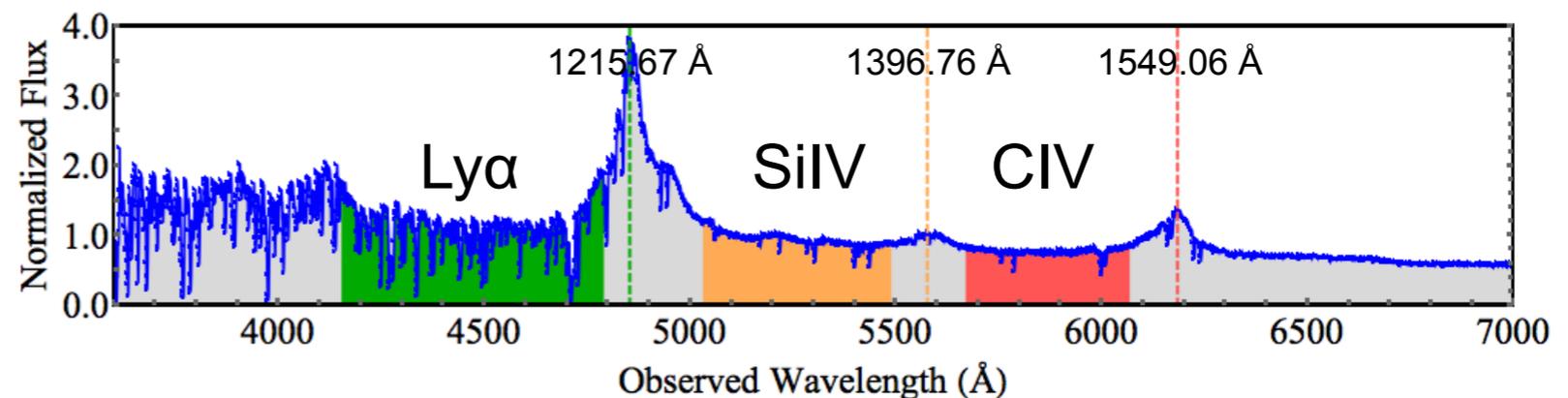
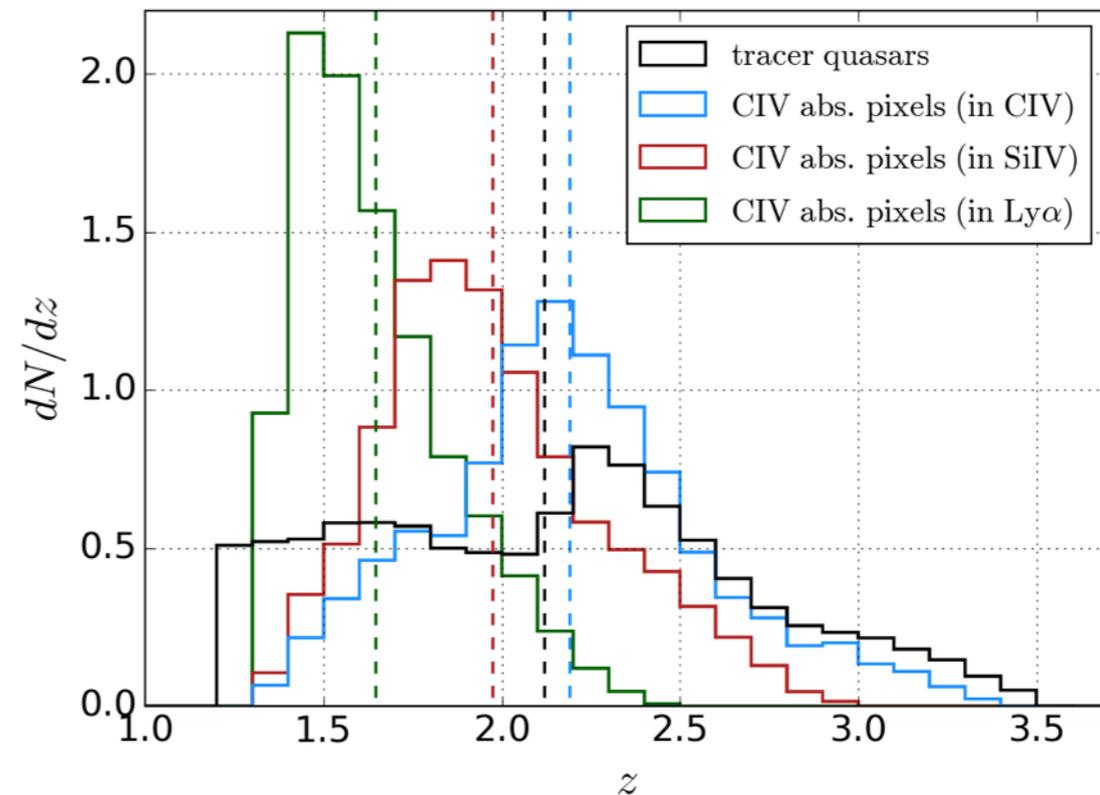
Full eBOSS:

- 500,000 quasars at $z=0.9-2.2$
- 60,000 new quasars at $z>2.1$
- 60,000 re-observations of BOSS quasars at $z>2.1$



CIV forest BAO

- Triply ionized carbon (CIV) a weaker tracer than Ly α , but accessible at $z < 2$
- Rapidly growing eBOSS quasar sample in $0.9 < z < 2.2$
- New potential BAO tracer (Pieri 2014)
- First study of BAO in the cross-correlation of CIV absorption with quasars for DR14 by Blomqvist++ 2018
- 288k CIV forest quasars in $1.4 < z < 3.5$
387k tracer quasars in $1.2 < z < 3.5$
- CIV absorption in three wavelength bands: CIV forest, SiIV forest and Ly α forest

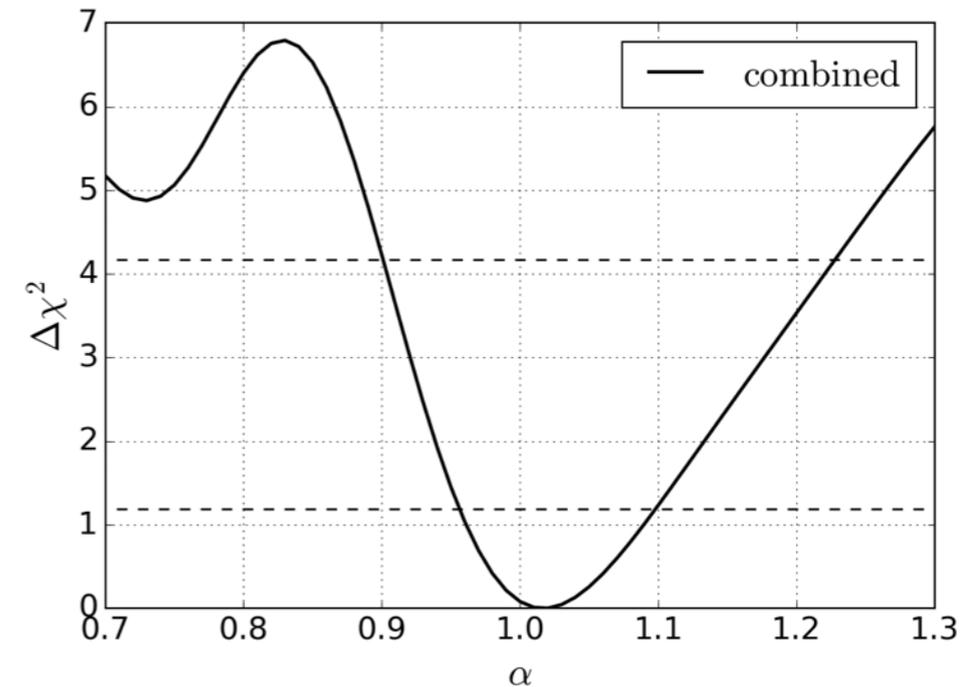
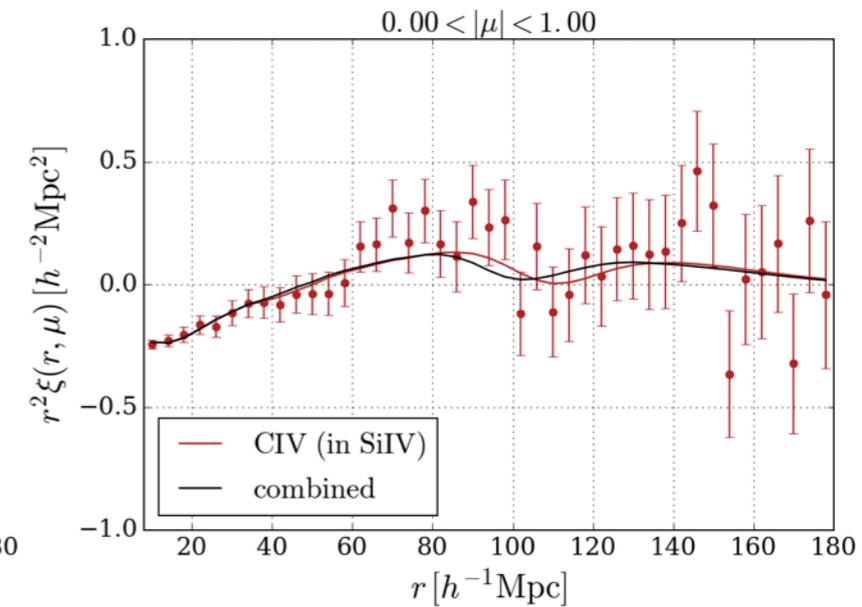
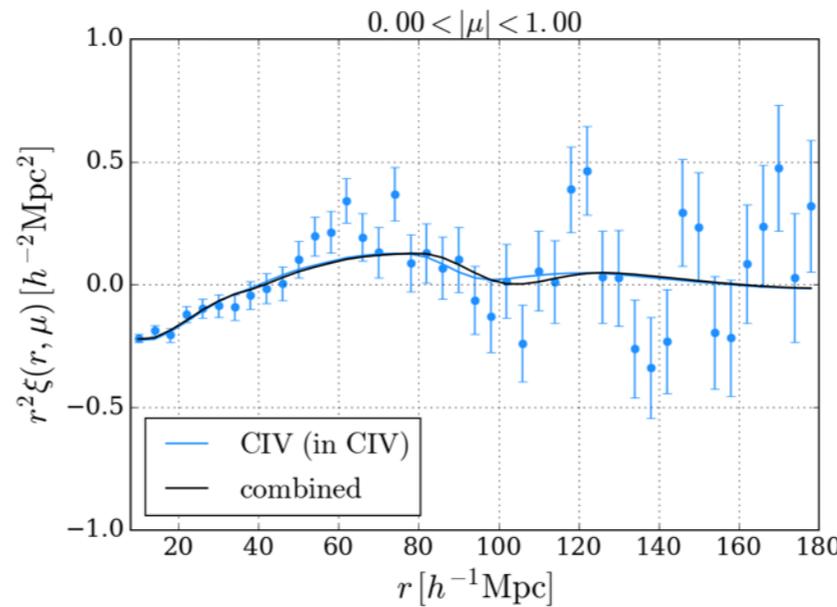


CIV forest BAO

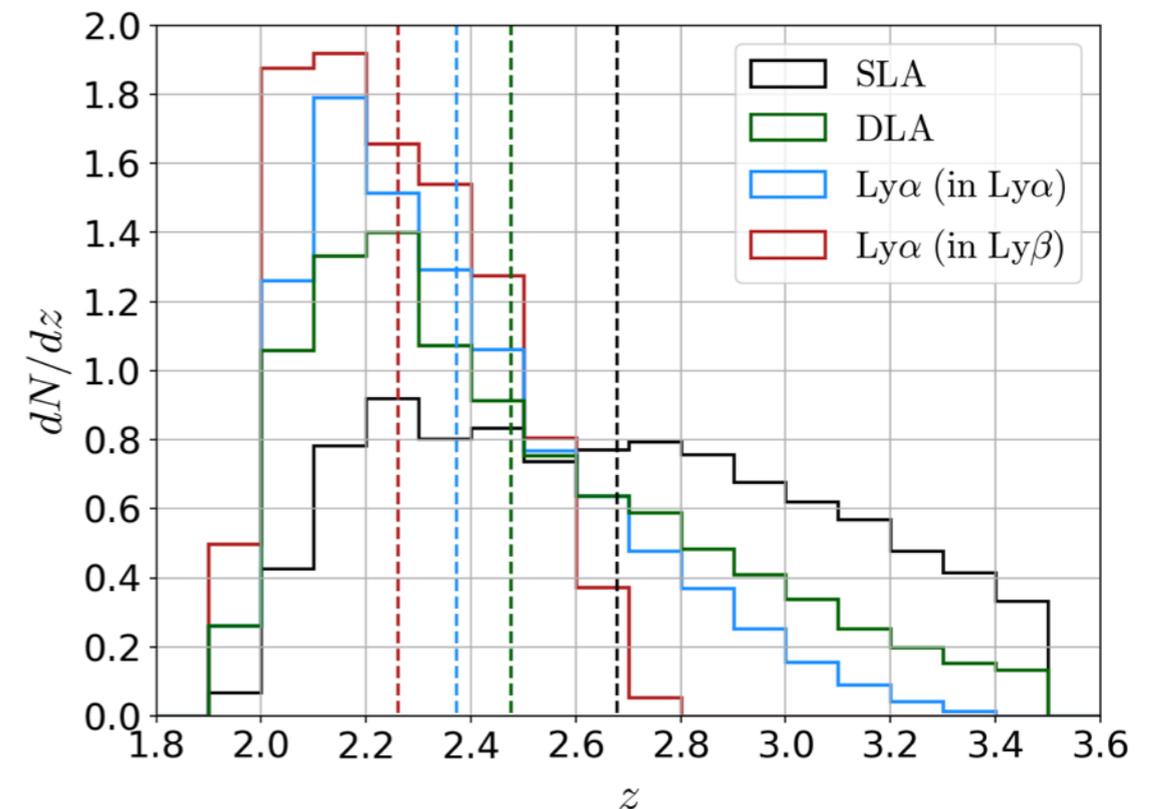
- Combined fit at $z_{\text{eff}} = 2.0$
- Marginal (1.7σ) BAO detection with isotropic scale parameter

$$\alpha = 1.017^{+0.081}_{-0.061}$$

- Projections for future constraints at $z_{\text{eff}} \sim 1.6$ from intermediate-z quasars in $1.4 < z < 2.2$
final eBOSS: $\sigma_\alpha \sim 7\%$
final DESI: $\sigma_\alpha \sim 3\%$
- Ongoing study of BAO in the cross-correlation of MgII absorption with quasars and galaxies

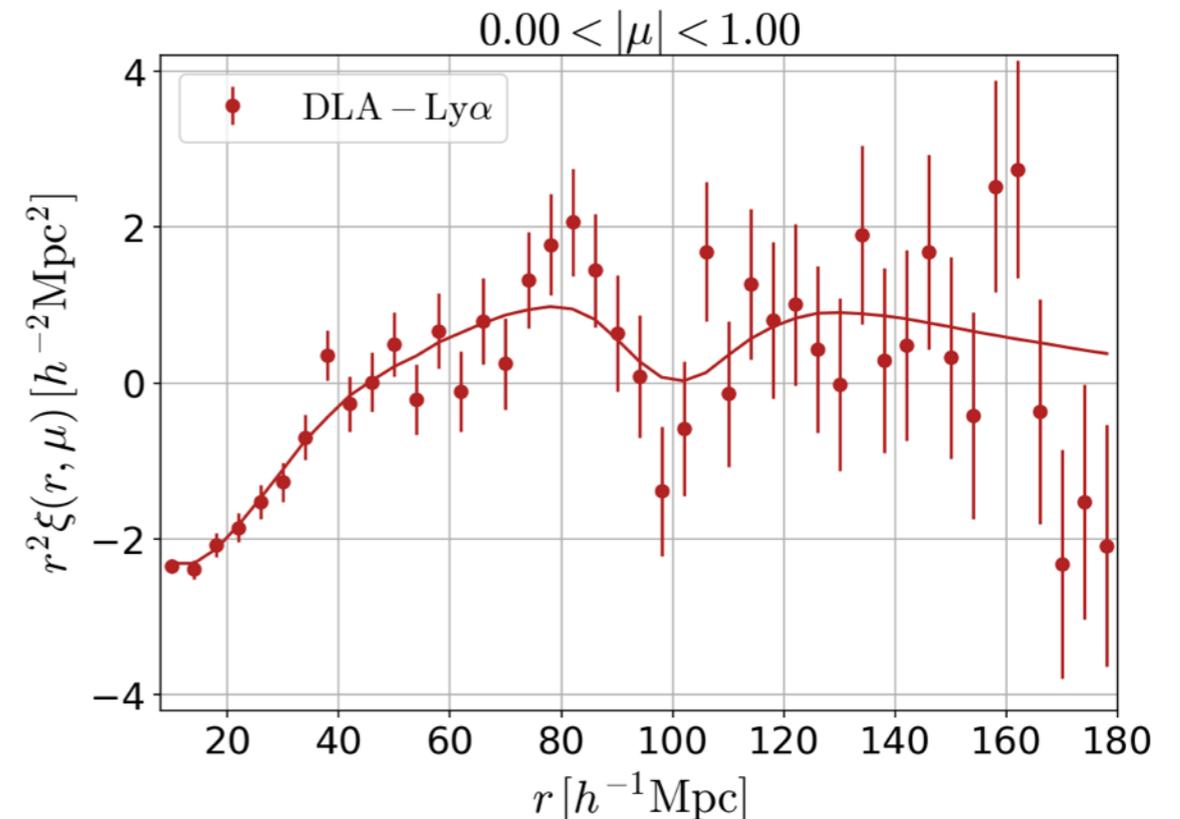
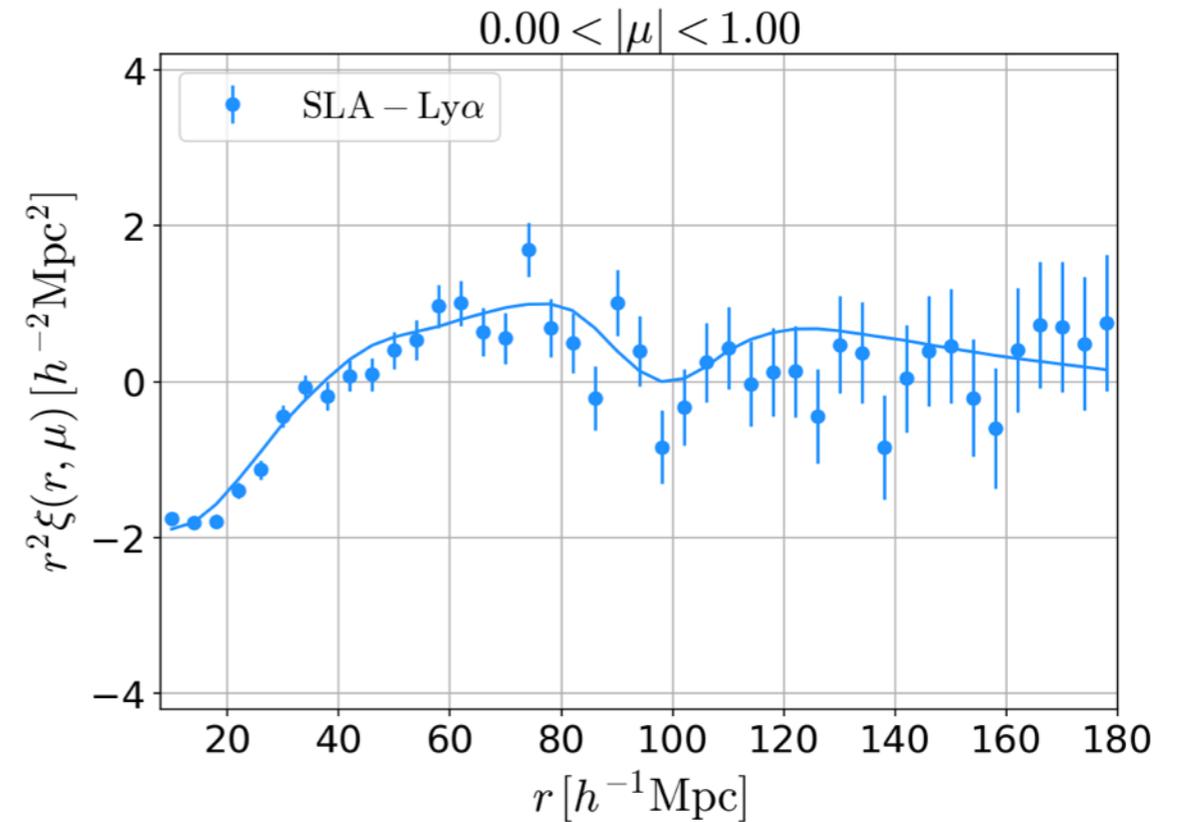


- Strong and blended Ly α absorbers (SLA) trace the circumgalactic medium (Pieri 2014; see talk by Debopam Som)
- DR12 catalog of 445,994 SLAs with $-0.05 < F < 0.25$
- Damped Ly α absorbers (DLA) also trace the circumgalactic medium
- Compile a super set of 54,902 DLAs from three available catalogs
- Cross-correlate SLA and DLA positions with the DR14 Ly α forest



Preliminary results:

- SLA bias: 2.03 ± 0.08 (high-purity subset)
DLA bias: 2.02 ± 0.07
- SLA-Ly α BAO precision:
 $\sim 5\%$ on α_{\parallel} and $\sim 7\%$ on α_{\perp}
- DLA-Ly α BAO precision:
 $\sim 7\%$ on α_{\parallel} and $\sim 8\%$ on α_{\perp}
- Combined fit BAO precision:
 $\sim 4.5\%$ on α_{\parallel} and $\sim 7\%$ on α_{\perp}
peak significance $> 3\sigma$
- Significant ($\sim 25\%$) cross-covariance between
SLA-Ly α and Ly α -Ly α can be removed by
masking absorbers



Summary

- Ly α forest BAO is now an established cosmological probe. No significant systematic errors identified.
- BOSS DR12 measured cosmological distances D_H/r_d to 2.5% and D_M/r_d to 3.6% precision at $z = 2.4$.
- First eBOSS Ly α forest BAO analyses ongoing. More data from new quasars and by incorporating the Ly β forest.
- BAO from metal absorption (CIV, MgII) provide consistency checks with galaxy/quasar clustering BAO at $z < 2$.
- Galaxies in absorption may provide competitive BAO constraints at $z > 2$.
- Exciting prospects for future BAO measurements with the upcoming surveys DESI and WEAVE (see talk by Mat Pieri).

Thank you!