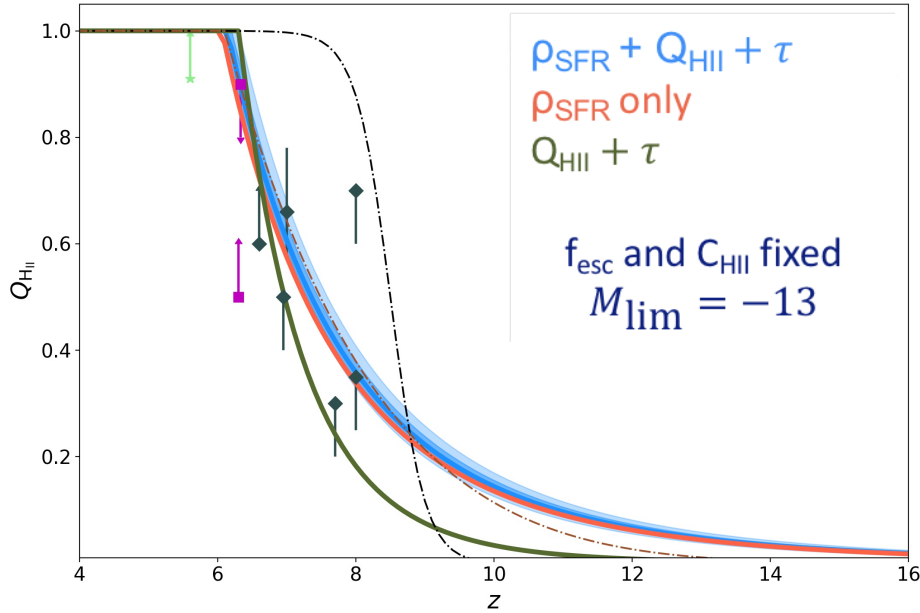


SFR HISTORY PARAMETRISATION

$$\rho_{SFR}(z) = a \frac{(1+z)^b}{1 + \left(\frac{1+z}{c}\right)^d}$$



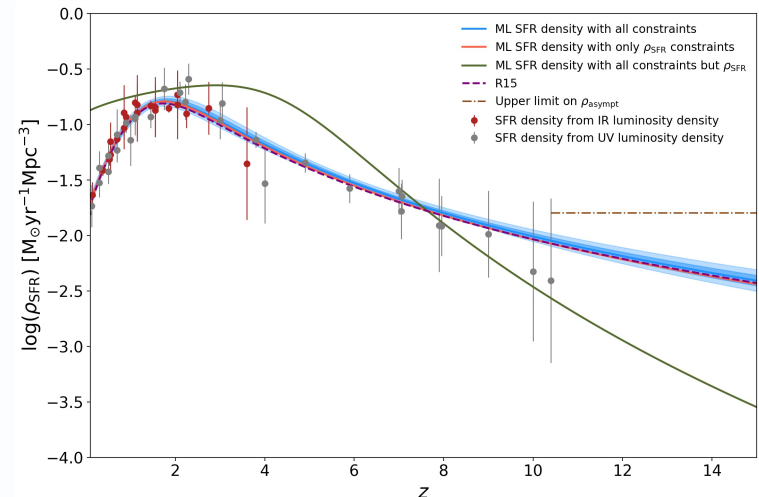
Evolution of IGM ionised fraction
for different sets of constraints.

OBSERVABLES

- Star formation history ρ_{SFR}
- IGM ionised fraction Q_{HII}
- Thomson optical depth τ

$$\tau = 0.058 \pm 0.012$$

(Planck+2016)



Star formation history
for different sets of constraints.

KEY PARAMETERS

Escape fraction
of ionising photons from
host galaxy into the IGM

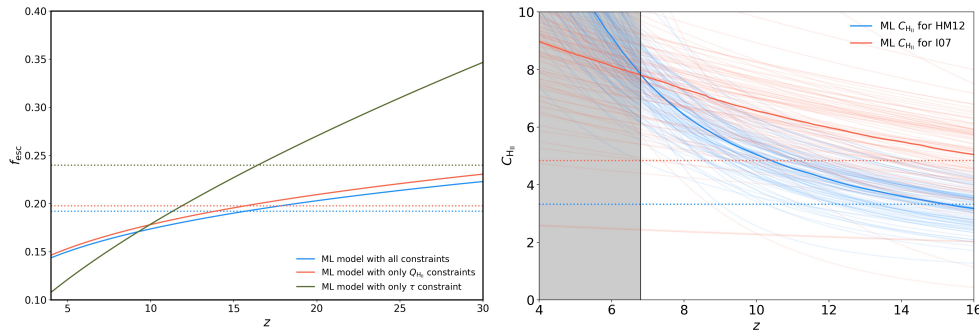
Clumping factor
of ionised hydrogen
in the IGM

Constant, free to vary

$$f_{\text{esc}} = 0.19 \pm 0.04$$

$$C_{\text{HII}} = 4.56 \pm 1.85$$

Evolution with redshift

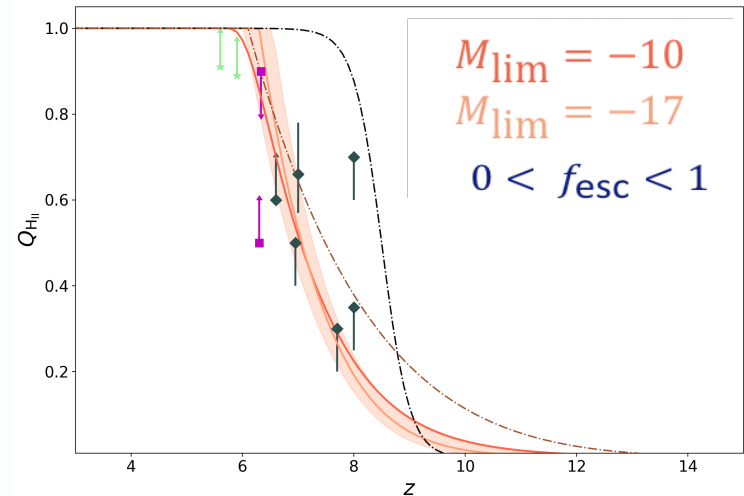


If a redshift evolution is allowed, it is weak.

No strong dependence of reionisation histories
on the precise parameter value.

MAGNITUDE LIMIT

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{n}_{\text{ion}} &= f_{\text{esc}} \xi_{\text{ion}} \int_{M_{\text{lim}}}^{\infty} \phi(M_{\text{UV}}) dM_{\text{UV}} \\ &= f_{\text{esc}} \xi_{\text{ion}} \rho_{\text{SFR}} \end{aligned}$$



$M_{\text{lim}} = -17$: no enough ionising sources
→ Requires $f_{\text{esc}} = 70\%$ or $z_{\text{start}} = 17$.
Smaller τ values (current trend)
→ Less ionising sources at high z required.