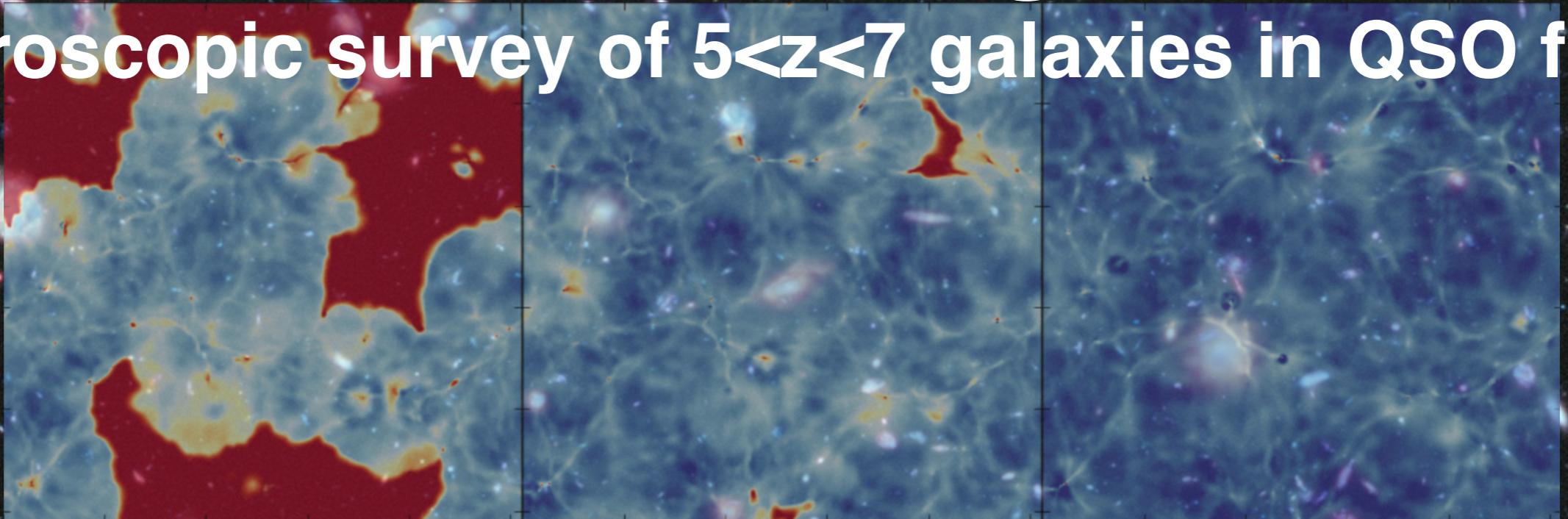


On the Role of Galaxies and AGN in Reionising the IGM:

spectroscopic survey of $5 < z < 7$ galaxies in QSO fields



Koki Kakiichi
University College London

With Richard Ellis, Nicolas Laporte, Adi Zitrin, Anna-Christina Eilers, Emma Ryan-Weber, Romain Meyer, Brant Robertson, Dan Stark, Sarah Bosman



Marseille 2018



What reionized the Universe?

Gunn & Peterson (1965) paper

NOTES

ON THE DENSITY OF NEUTRAL HYDROGEN IN INTERGALACTIC SPACE

The flux can come from three sources; normal galaxies, radiogalaxies, and QSS's, and the intergalactic medium itself. The contribution from the first two sources can be estimated roughly, and almost certainly does not exceed 3×10^{-24} units at $z = 2$, of which about 10 per cent is from quasi-stellar sources (assuming that one can extrapolate the visual radiation into the UV with a spectral index of -0.7 , and assuming a present space density of $[600 \text{ Mpc}]^{-3}$).

50 years old problem!

What reionized the universe? Problem 1 “escape fraction”

COSMIC REIONIZATION AFTER PLANCK: COULD QUASARS DO IT ALL?

PIERO MADAU¹ AND FRANCESCO HAARDT^{2,3}

¹ Department of Astronomy & Astrophysics, University of California, 1156 High Street, Santa Cruz, CA 95064, USA

² Dipartimento di Scienza e Alta Tecnologia, Università dell’Insubria, via Valleggio 11, I-22100 Como, Italy

³ INFN, Sezione Milano/Bicocca, P.zza della Scienza 3, I-20126 Milano, Italy

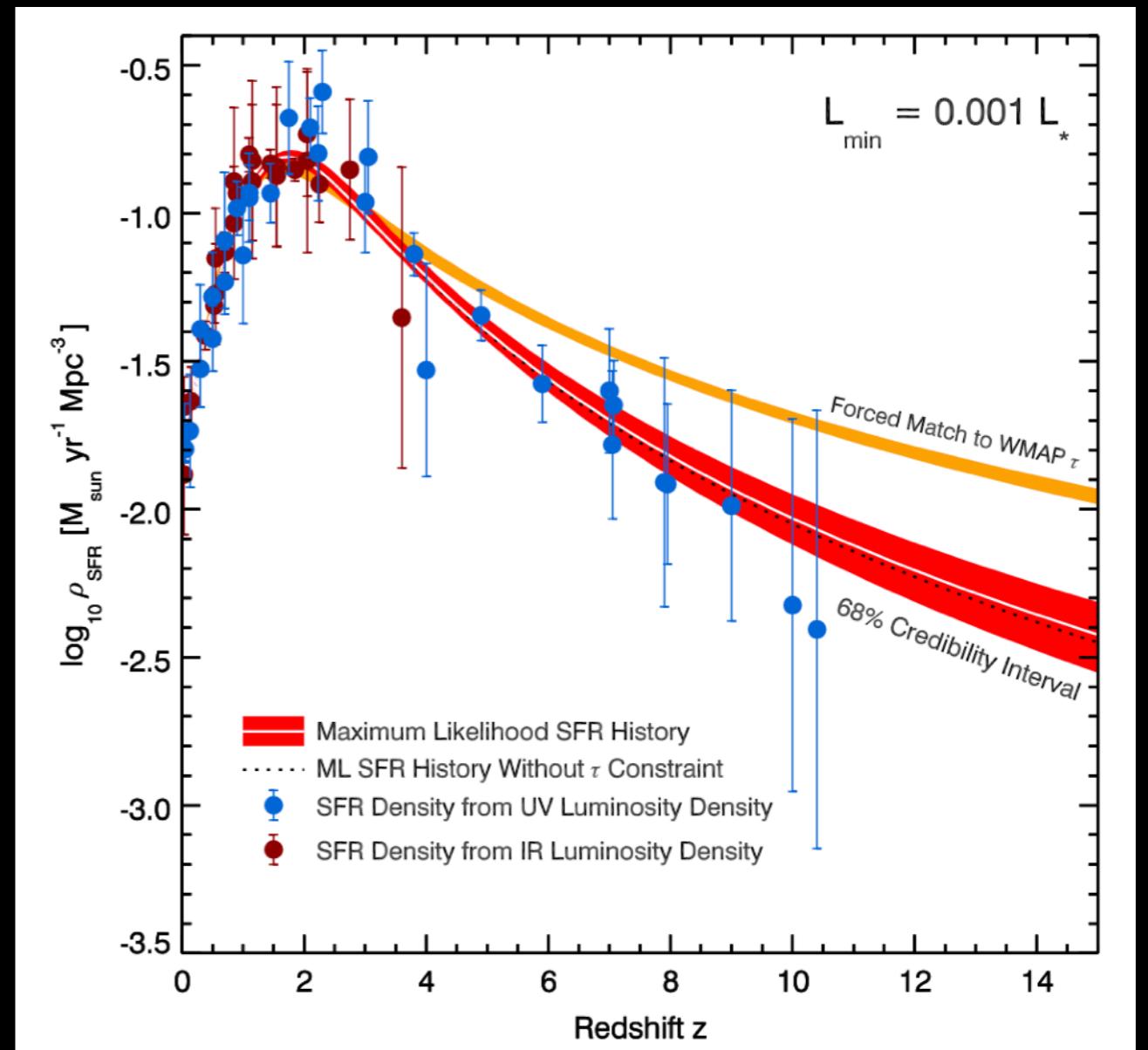
Received 2015 July 27; accepted 2015 October 8; published 2015 October 23

AGN?



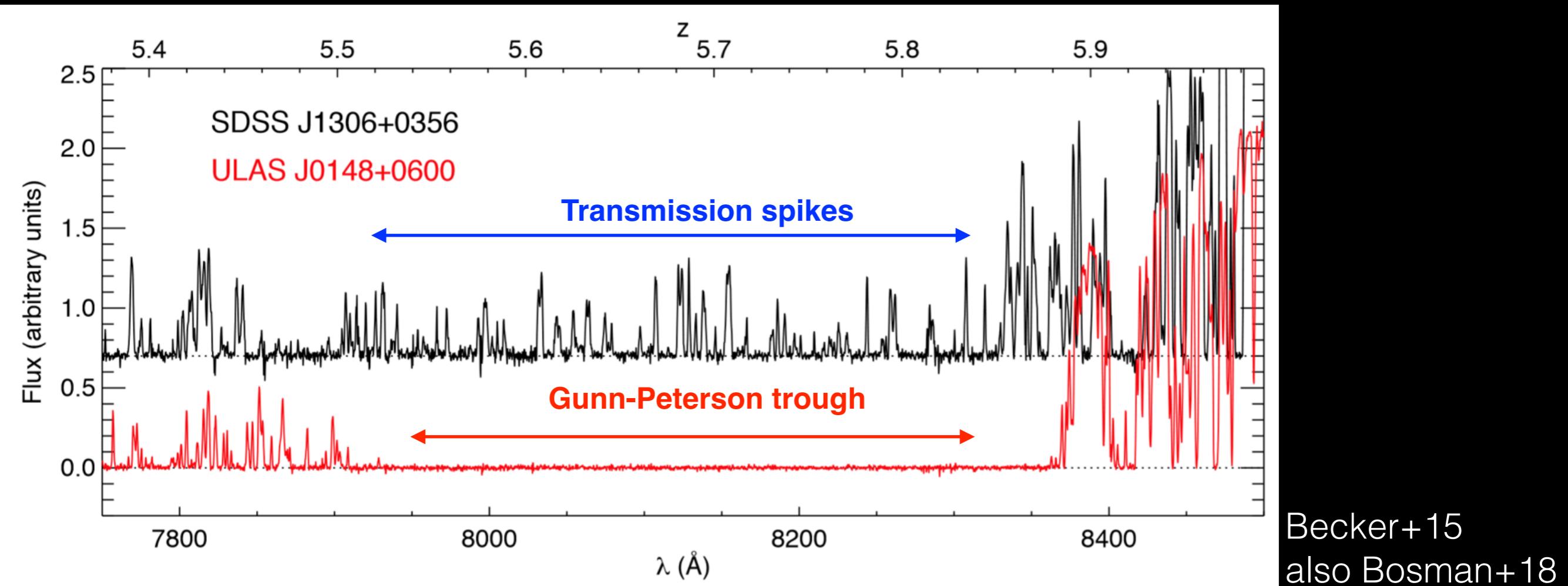
1.

*HST galaxy demographics
can drive reionisation but
“Unknown f_{esc}”*



Robertson+15

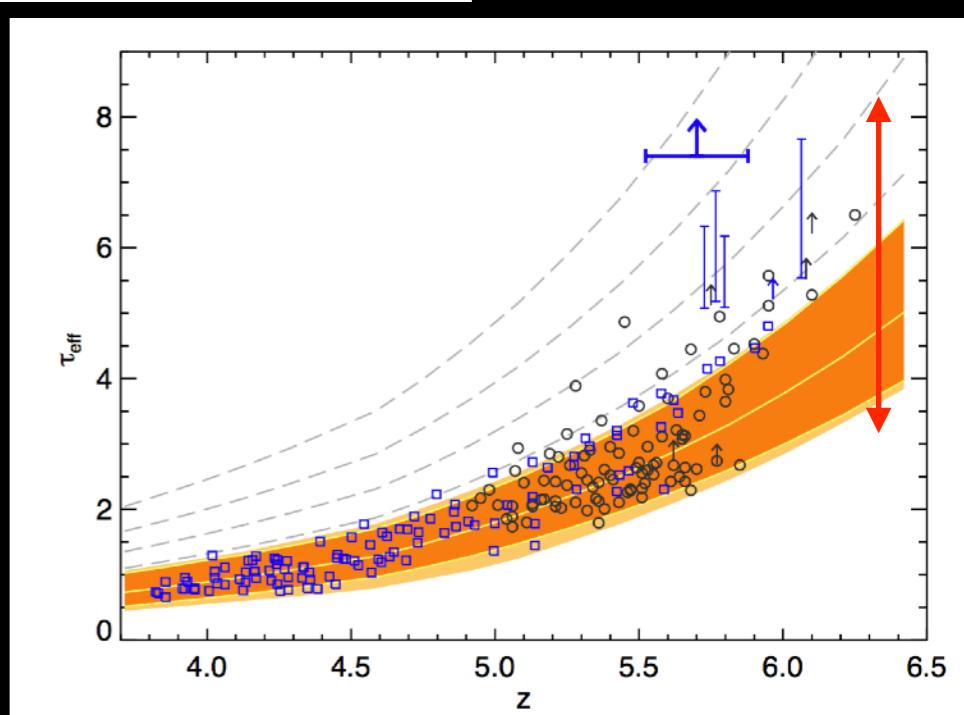
*What reionized the universe?
Problem 2 “Faint vs Luminous systems”*



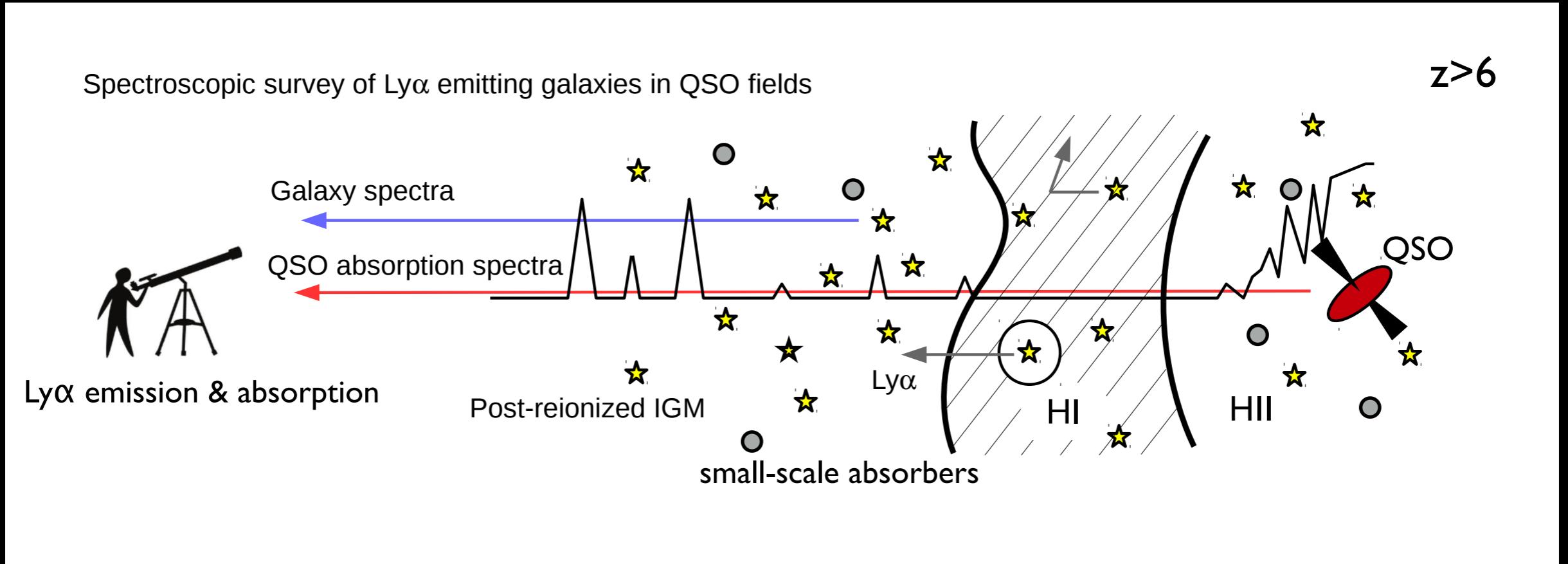
2.
*Huge variation of the intergalactic
Lyman alpha optical depth at $z > 5.5$*

*Difficult with faint galaxies..
Need of luminous systems, e.g. AGN?
thermal fluctuations? mean free path?*

e.g. Chardin+16, D'Aloisio+16, Davies+16



*Testing what reionized the universe:
Probing the direct influence of galaxies on the Ly α forest at $z > 5$*

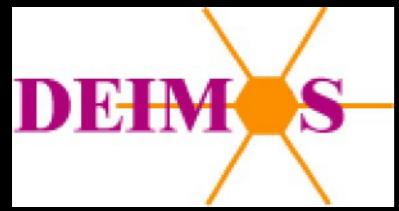


“Ly α probing Ly α ”

A reionisation-era extension of idea in
COS-halos (Tumlinson et al 2013 etc)

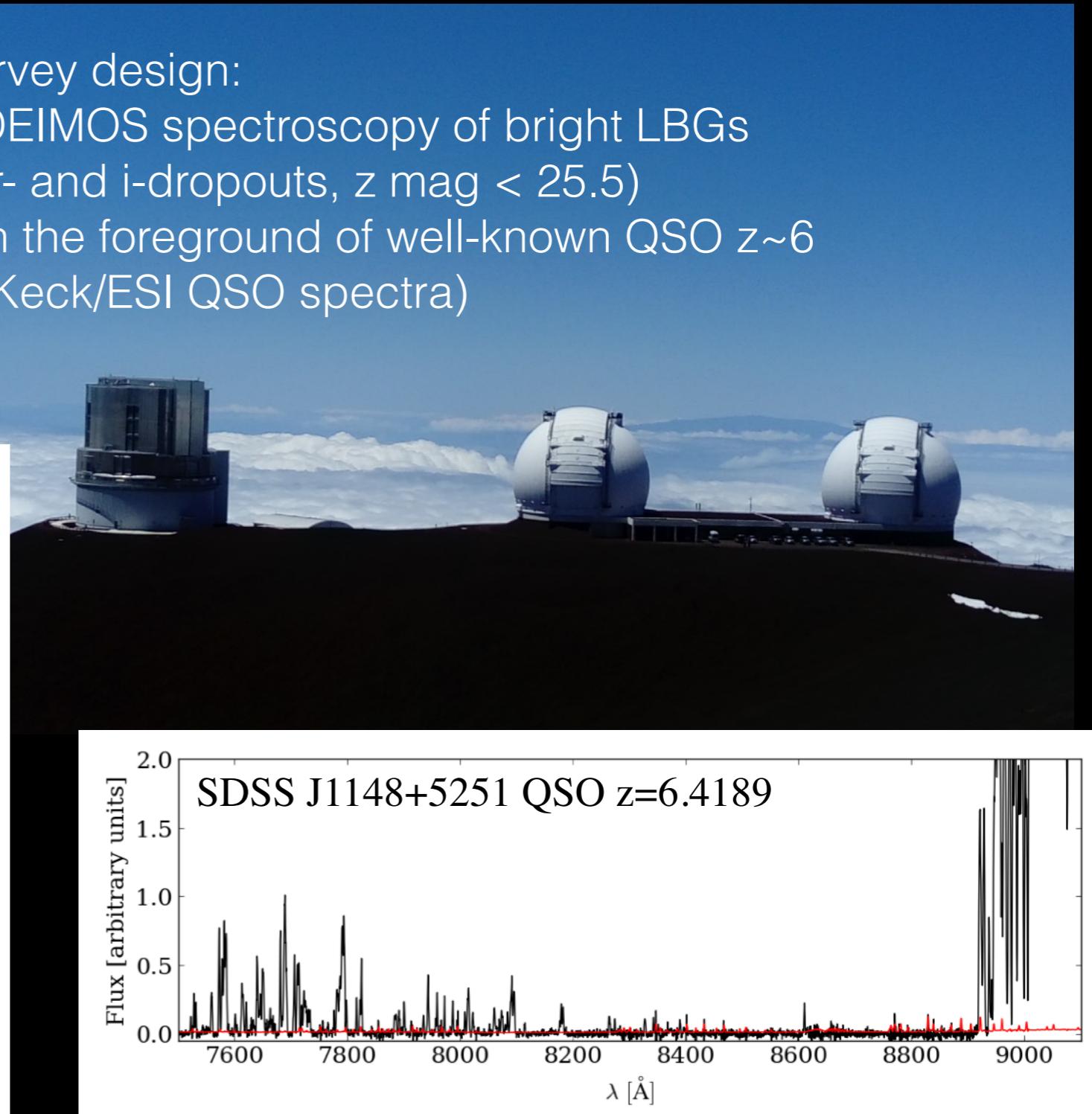
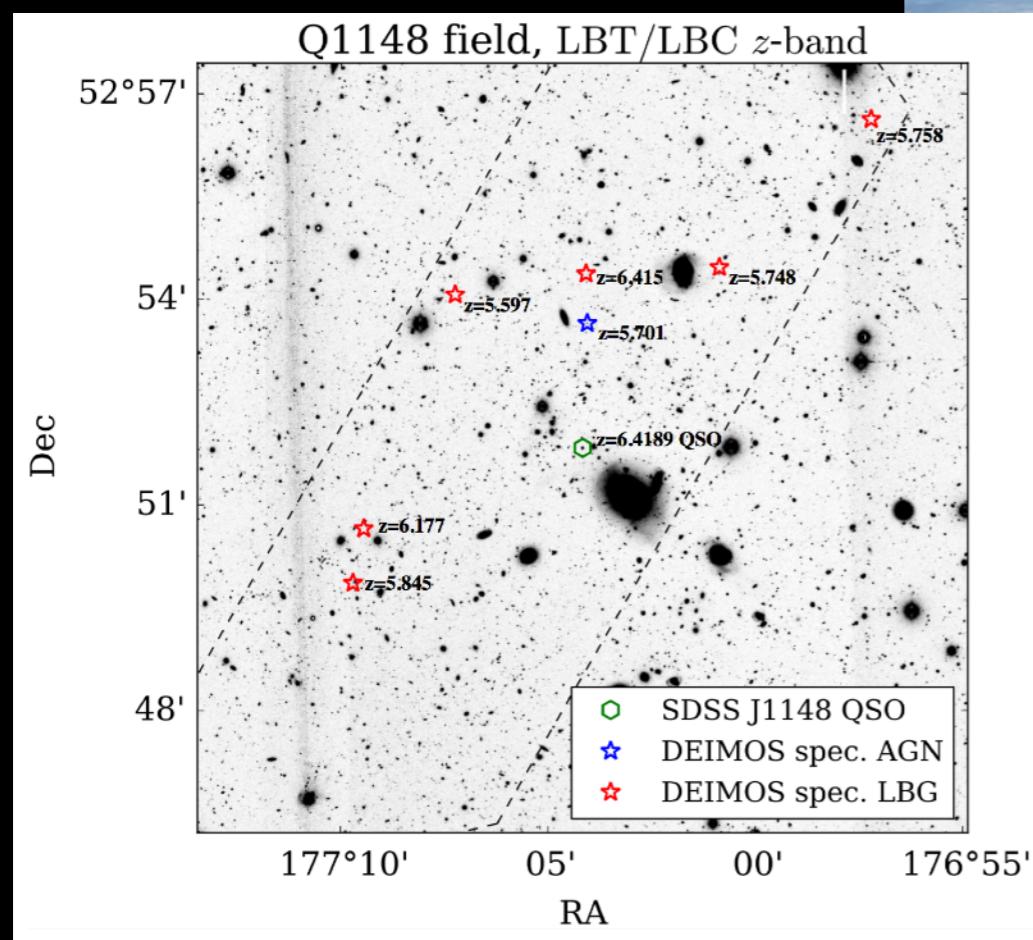
Keck Baryonic Structure Survey (Steidel et al) e.g. Rudie+12, Turner+14

and Quasar Probing Quasar Survey (Hennawi & Prochaska et al) e.g. Prochaska+13, Schmidt+17



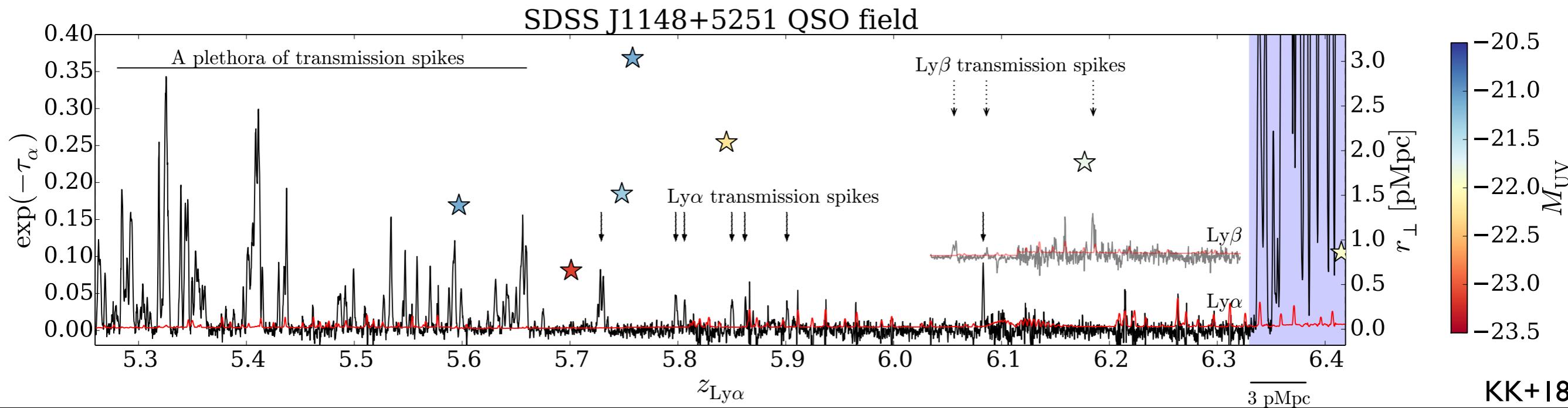
Keck spectroscopy of $5 < z < 7$ galaxies around the Ly α forest of a background QSO field

Survey design:
DEIMOS spectroscopy of bright LBGs
(r- and i-dropouts, z mag < 25.5)
in the foreground of well-known QSO $z \sim 6$
(Keck/ESI QSO spectra)



Ly α emitting Lyman-break galaxies in J1148+5251 QSO field

“Direct mapping of the physical state of the IGM around galaxies at z~6”

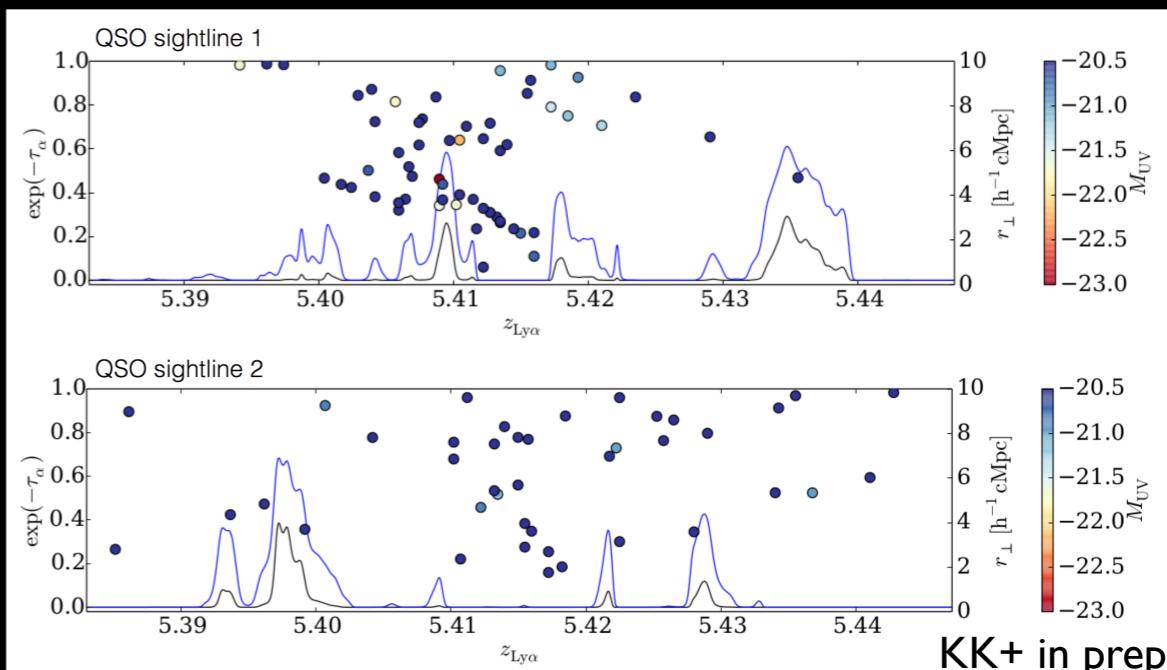


**Cosmological hydrodynamic simulation
+ simple radiative transfer**

**Ionising UV radiation from galaxies →
more Ly α transmission spikes around galaxies
but the individual associations are “*stochastic*”**

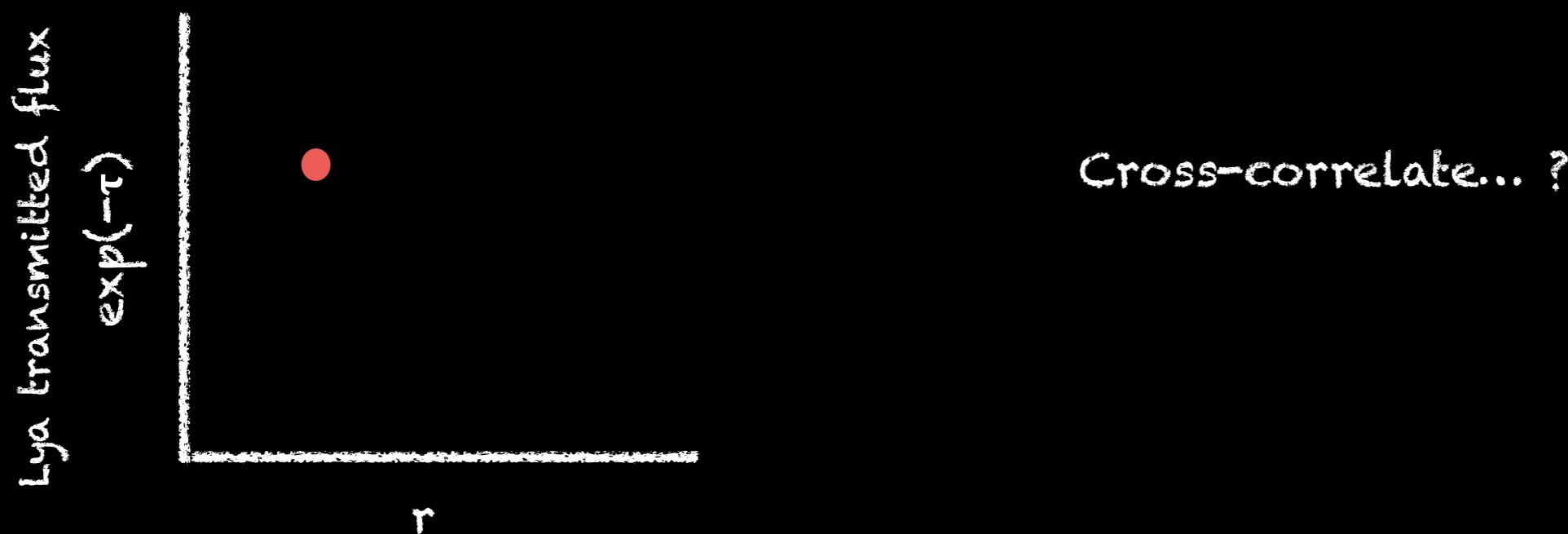
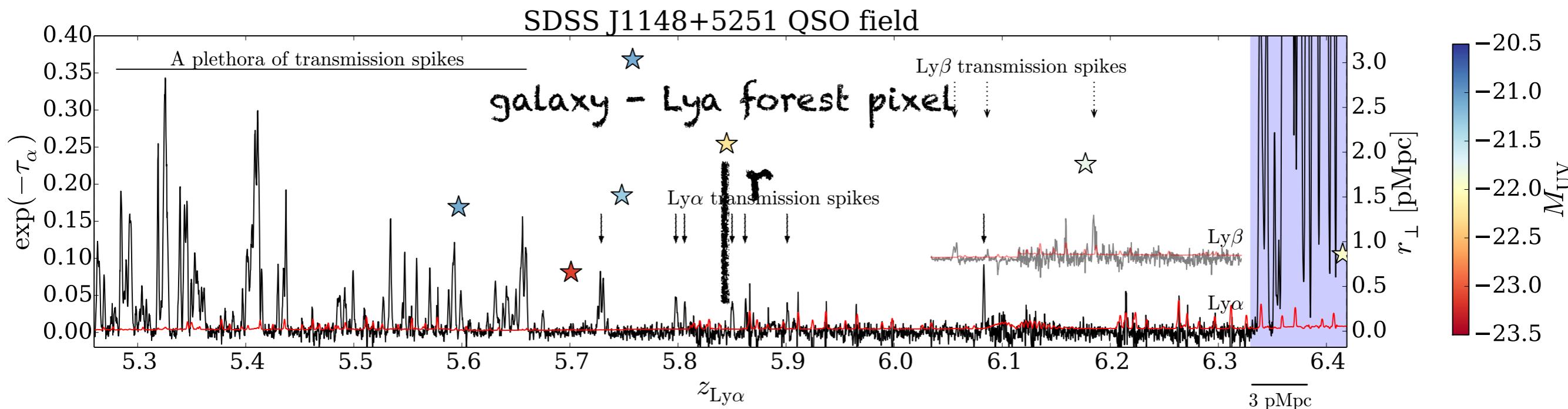
$$\text{Ly}\alpha \text{ optical depth} \quad \tau_\alpha \simeq 11(1 + \delta_m)^2 \left(\frac{\Gamma_{\text{HI}}}{10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{T}{10^4 \text{ K}} \right)^{-0.72} \left(\frac{1+z}{7} \right)^{9/2}$$

Gas density UV background Temperature



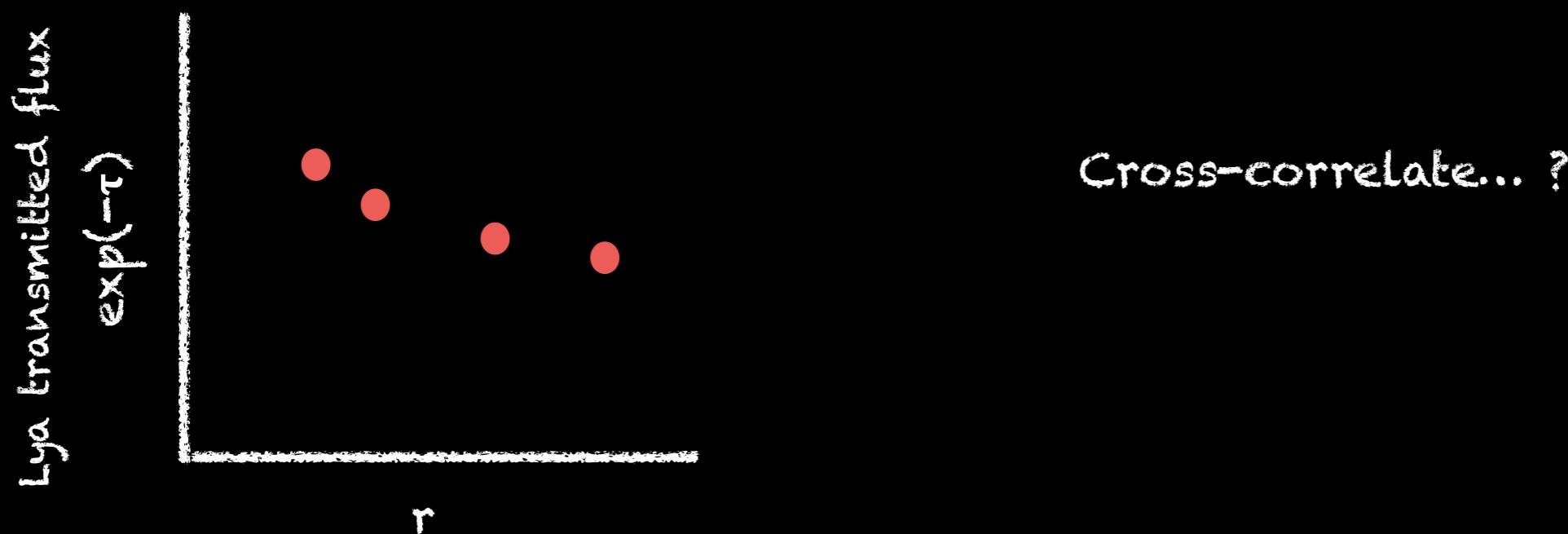
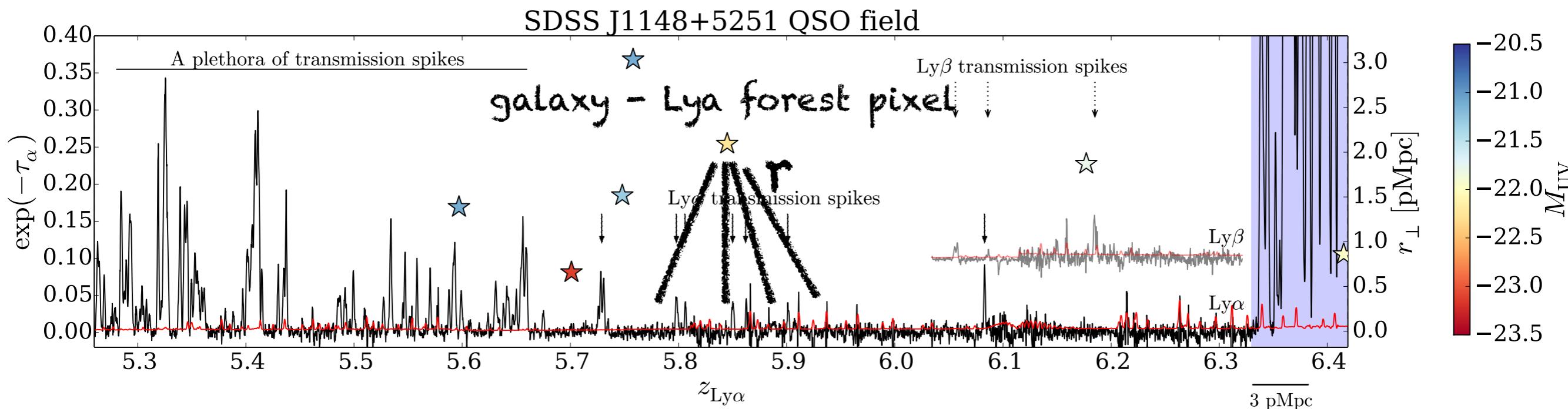
Ly α emitting Lyman-break galaxies in J1148+5251 QSO field

“Direct mapping of the physical state of the IGM around galaxies at z~6”



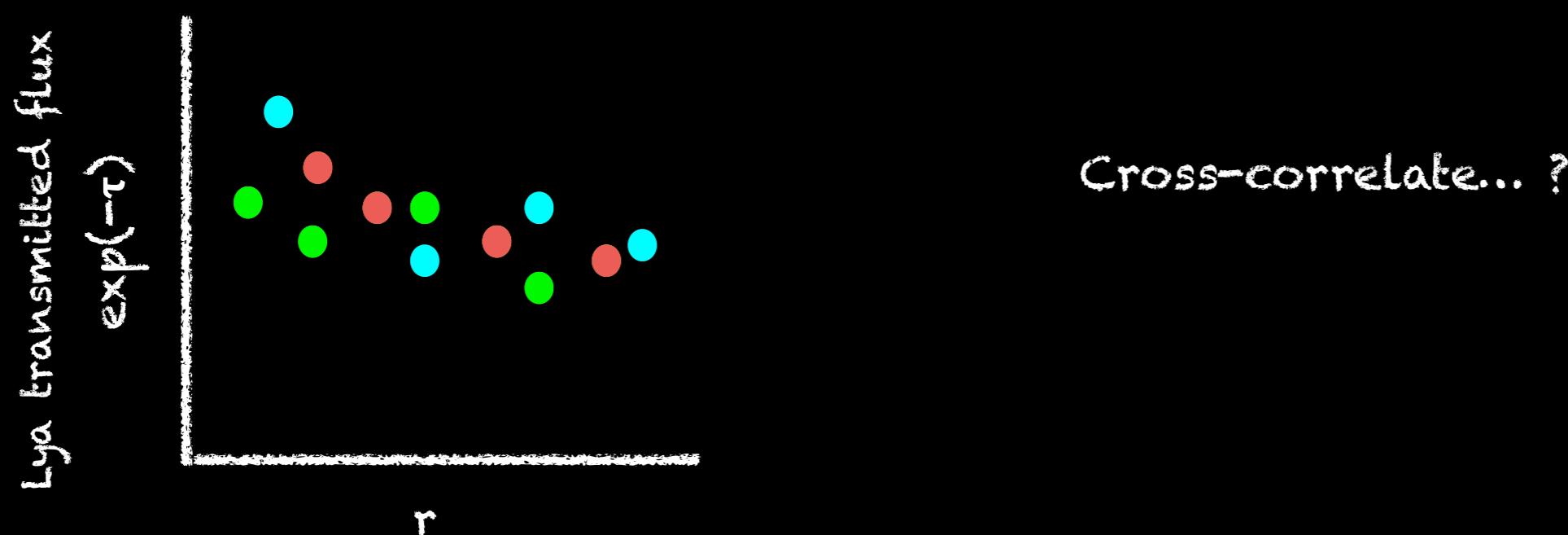
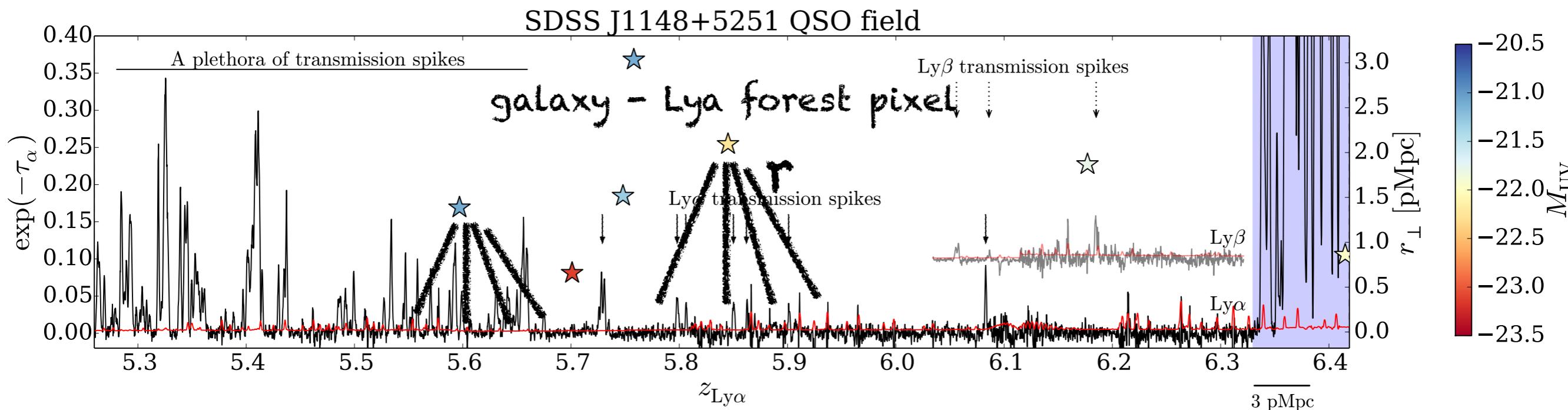
Ly α emitting Lyman-break galaxies in J1148+5251 QSO field

“Direct mapping of the physical state of the IGM around galaxies at z~6”



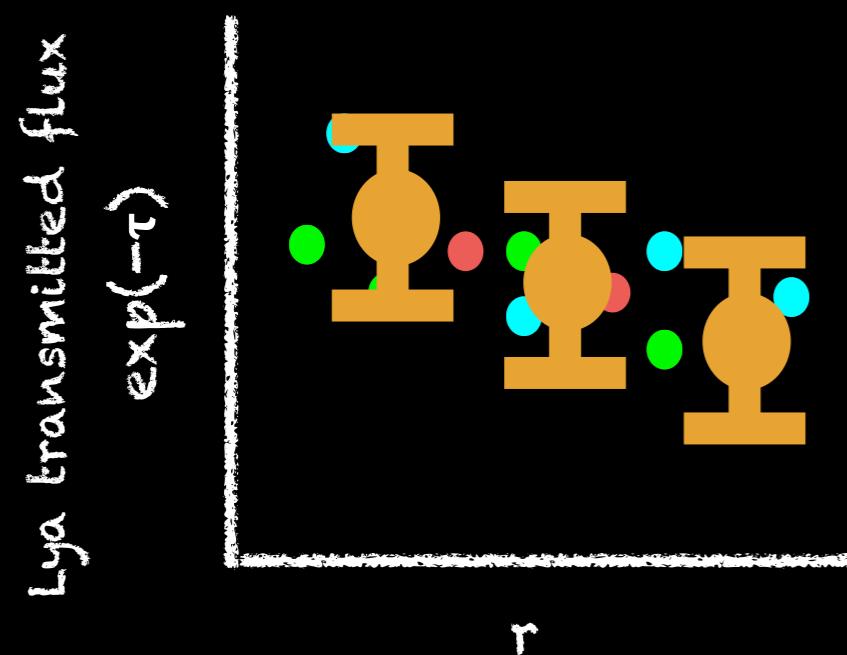
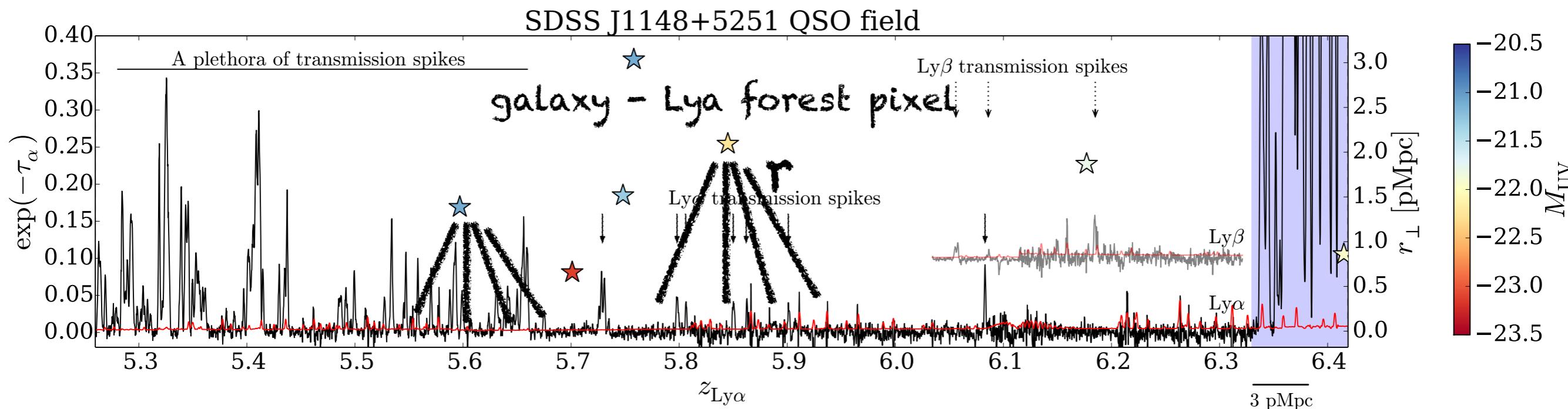
Ly α emitting Lyman-break galaxies in J1148+5251 QSO field

“Direct mapping of the physical state of the IGM around galaxies at z~6”

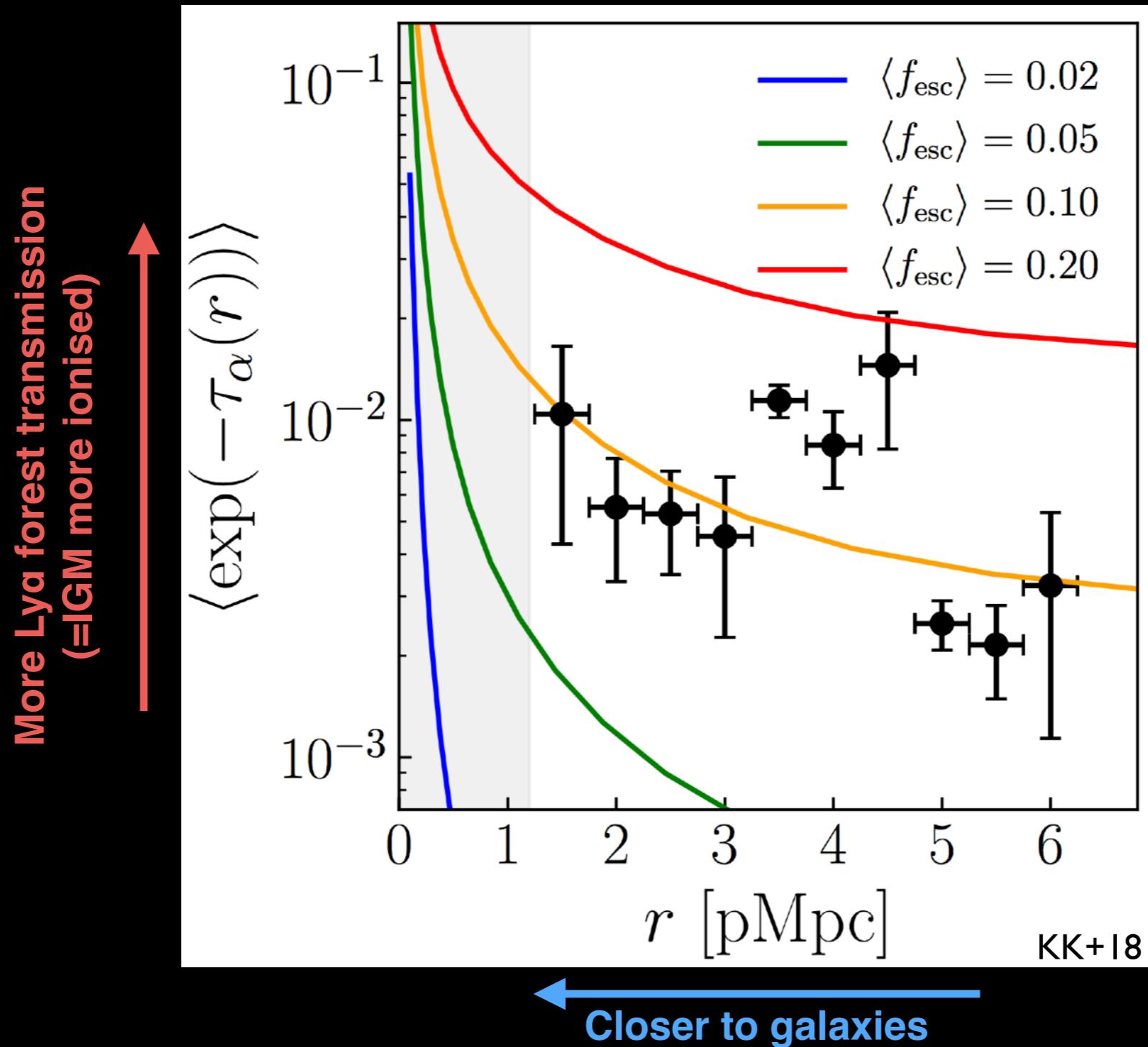


Ly α emitting Lyman-break galaxies in J1148+5251 QSO field

“Direct mapping of the physical state of the IGM around galaxies at z~6”



Mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs at z~5.8



“Tentative”, but promising, evidence of
“Statistical HI proximity effect” ?

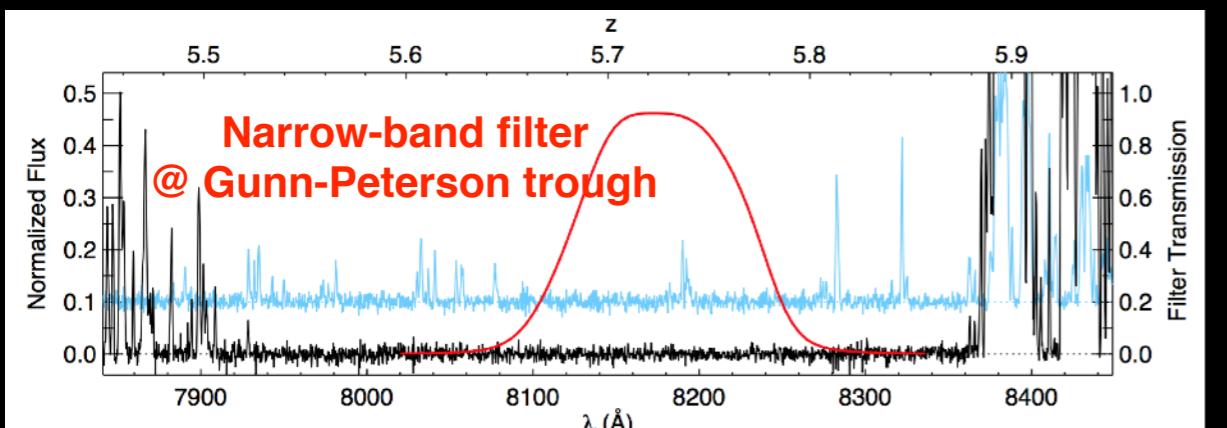
More QSO field observations
are on-going and now being
analysed to secure this!!

Independent test of statistical HI proximity effect

Statistical HI proximity effect →
more galaxies around high Ly α forest transmission



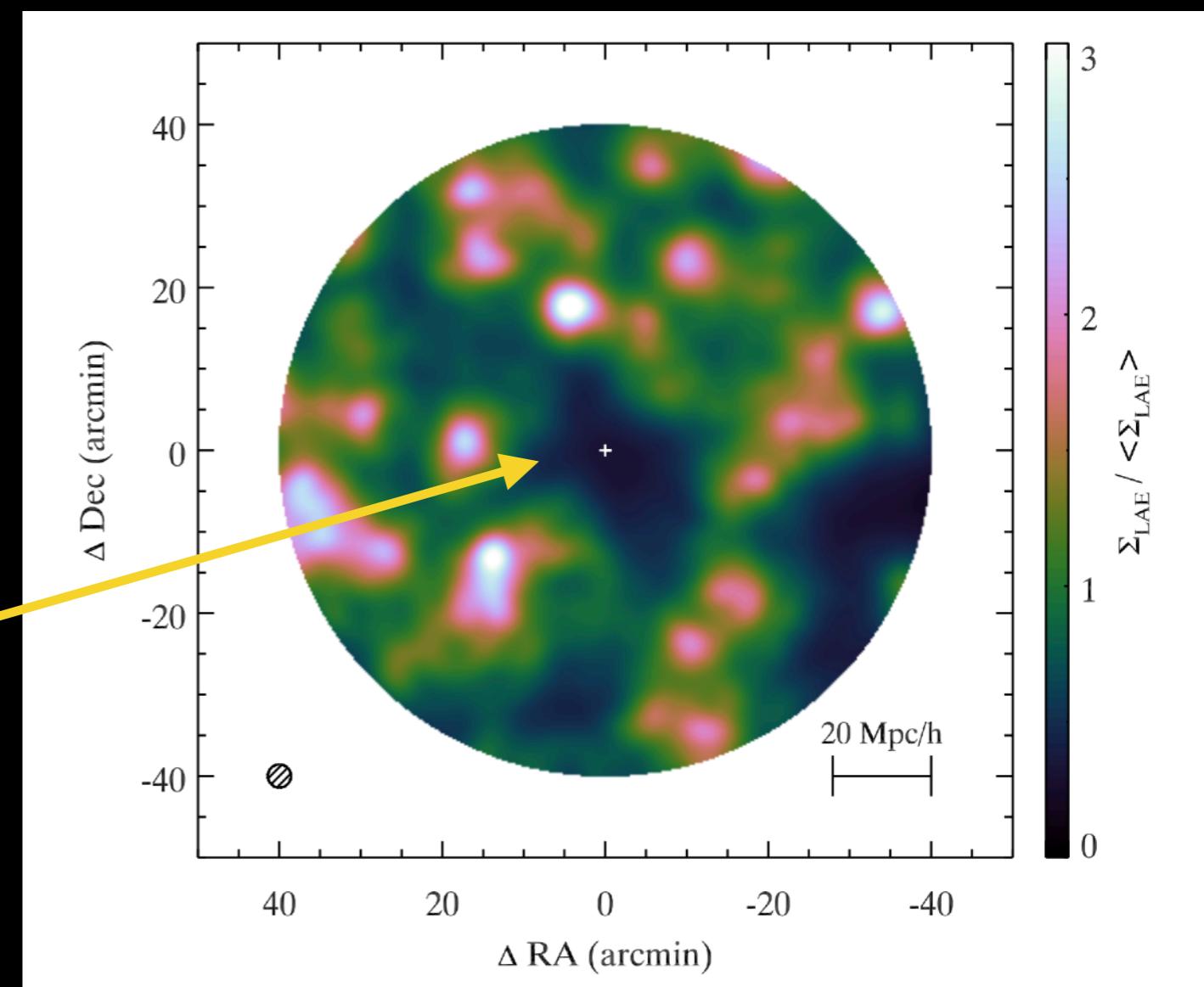
“less galaxies around Gunn-Peterson troughs”



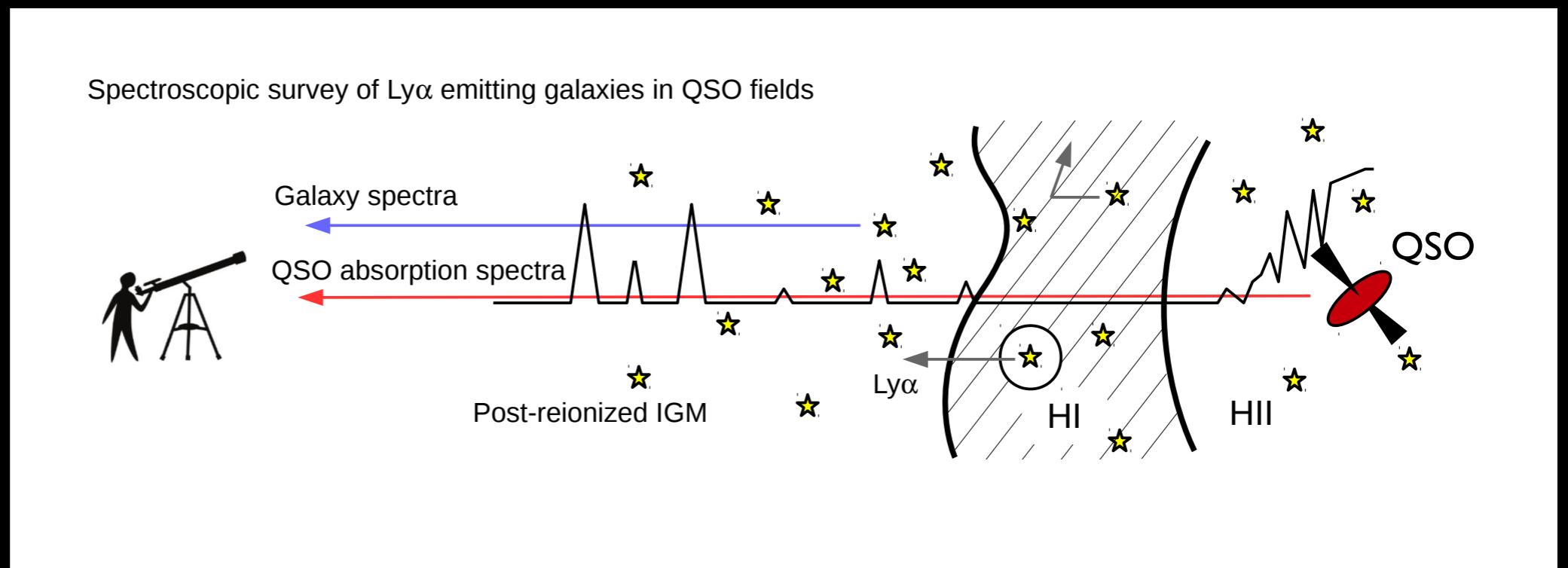
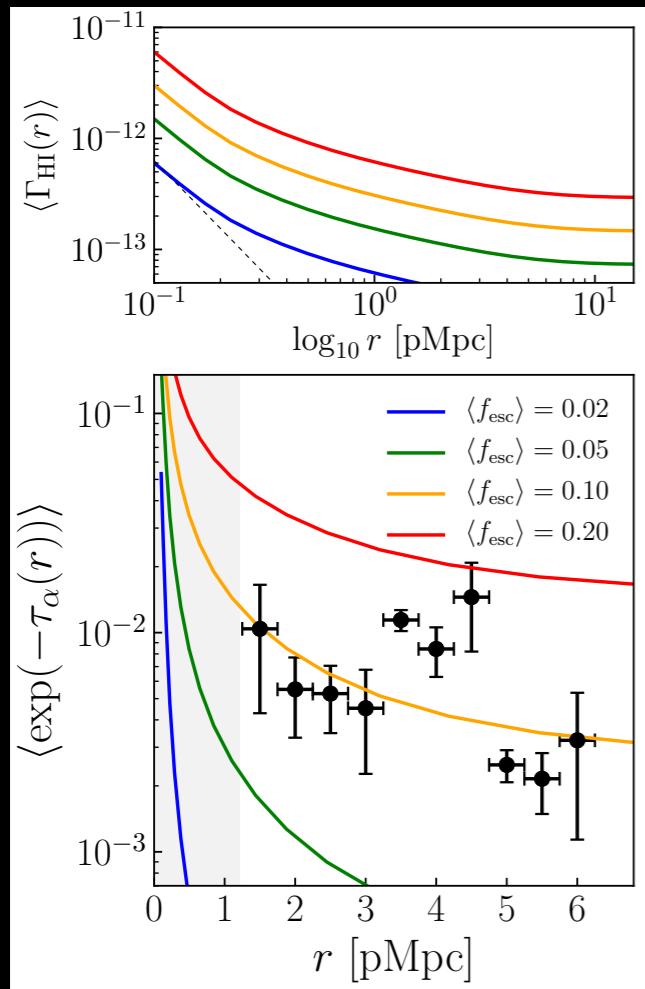
Becker+18

Subaru/HSC narrow-band observation
of $z \sim 5.7$ LAEs around the large Gunn-
Peterson trough finds a ‘*deficit*’ of LAEs.

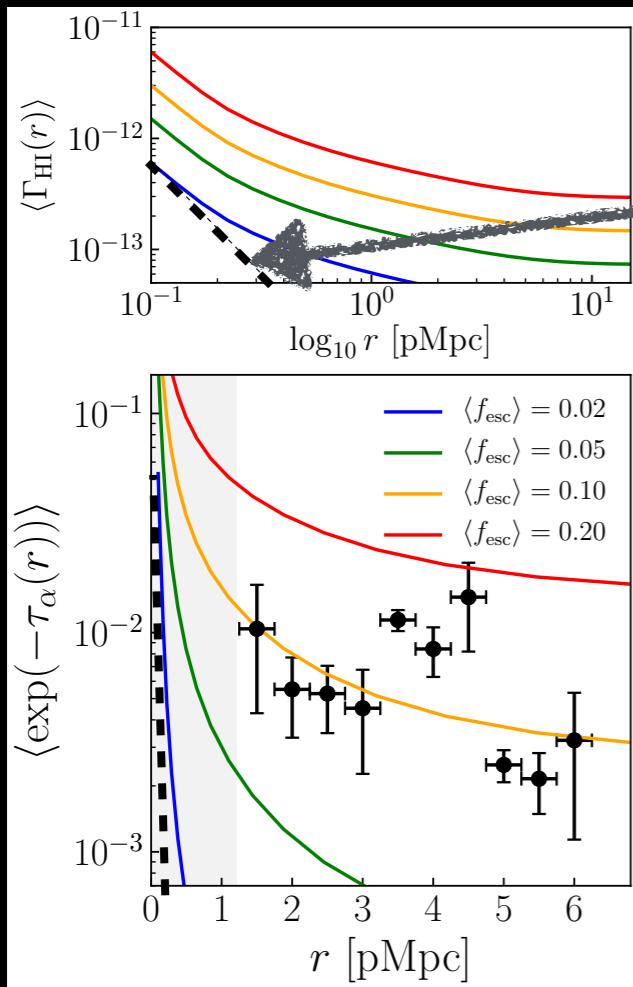
→ Independent confirmation of the
proximity effect around galaxies



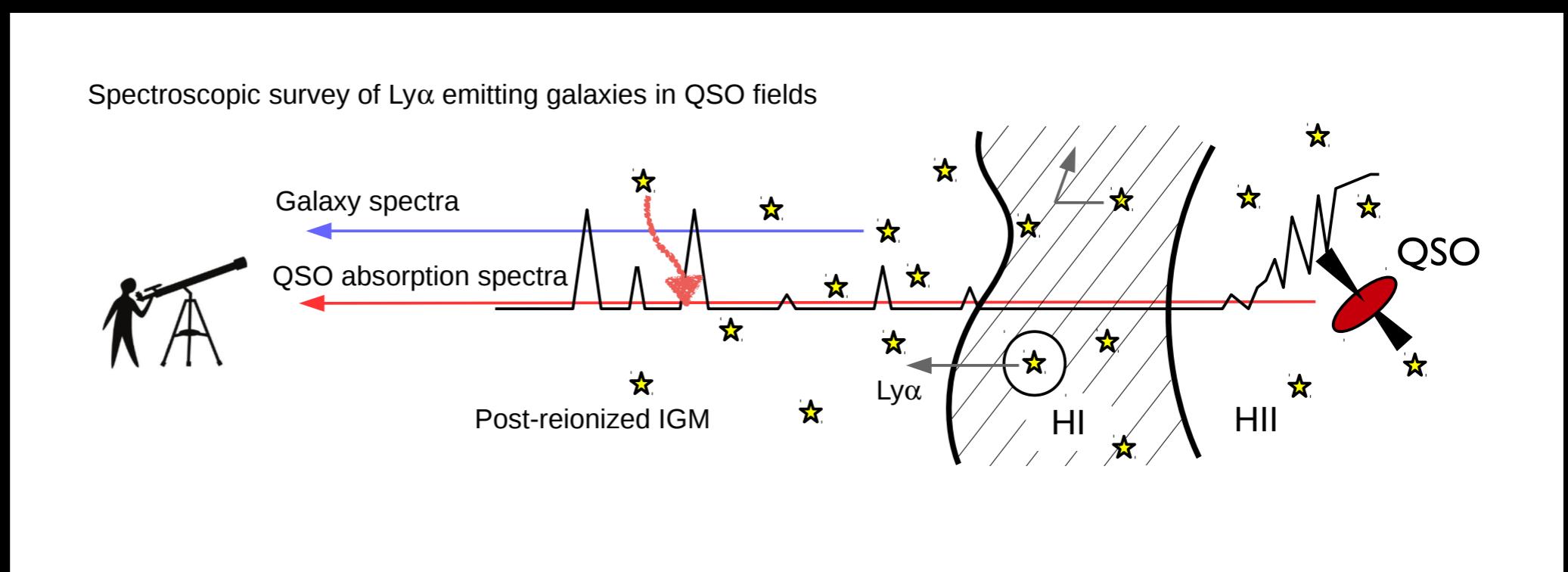
Interpretation: Mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs at z~5.8



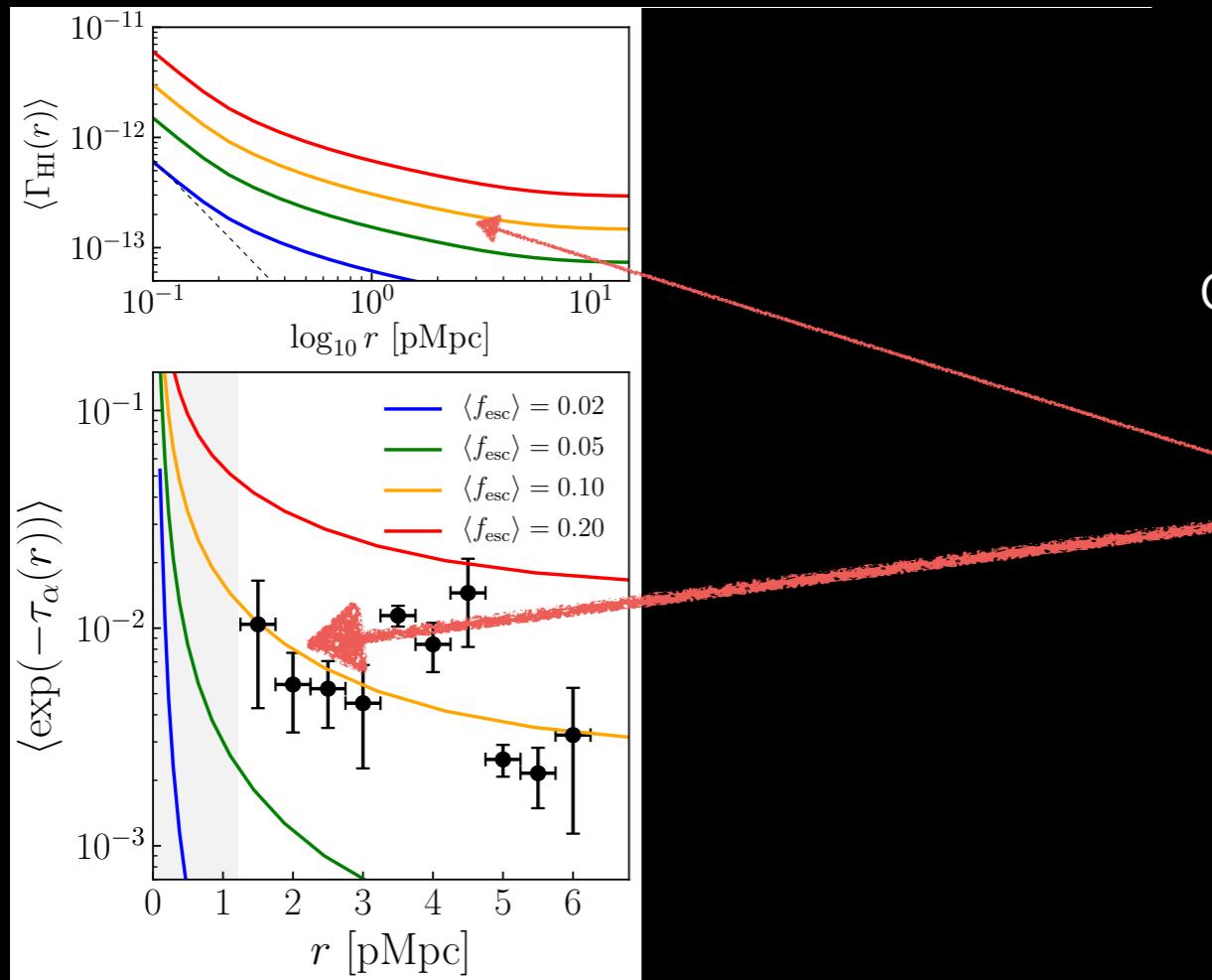
Interpretation: Mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs at z~5.8



Ionising radiation from the ‘detected’ galaxies is too small to explain the observation (statistical HI proximity effect)



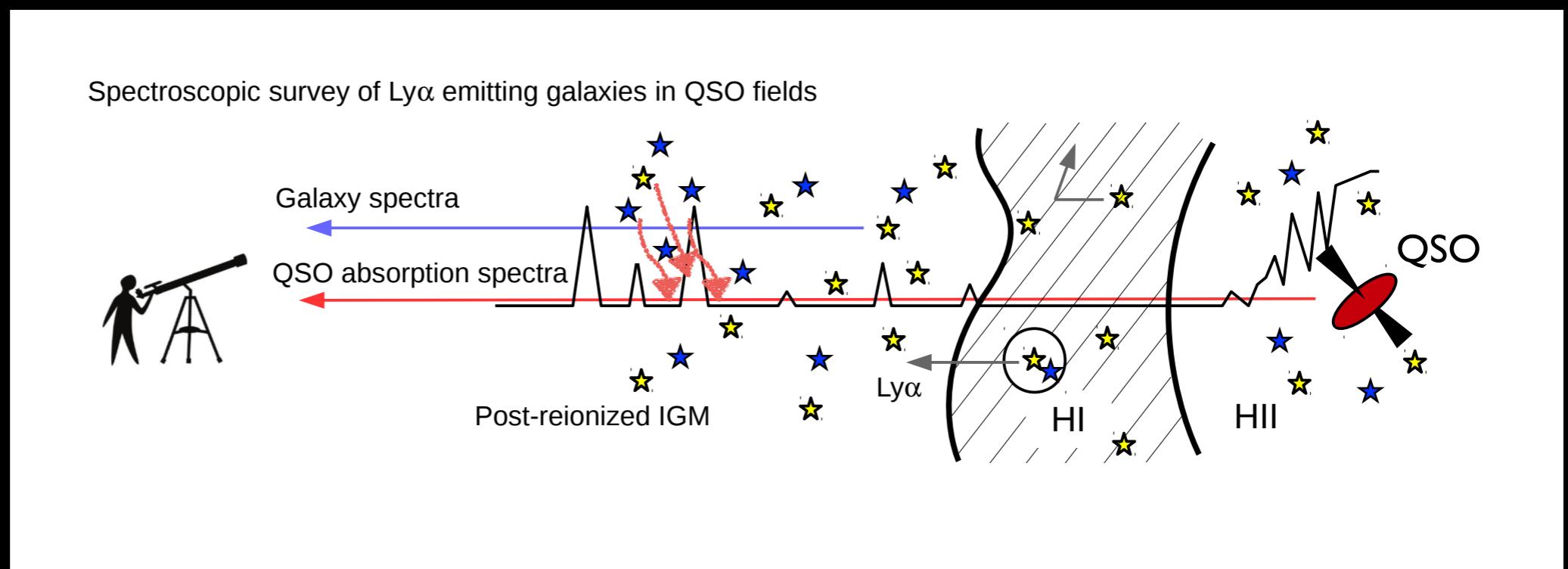
Interpretation: Mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs at z~5.8



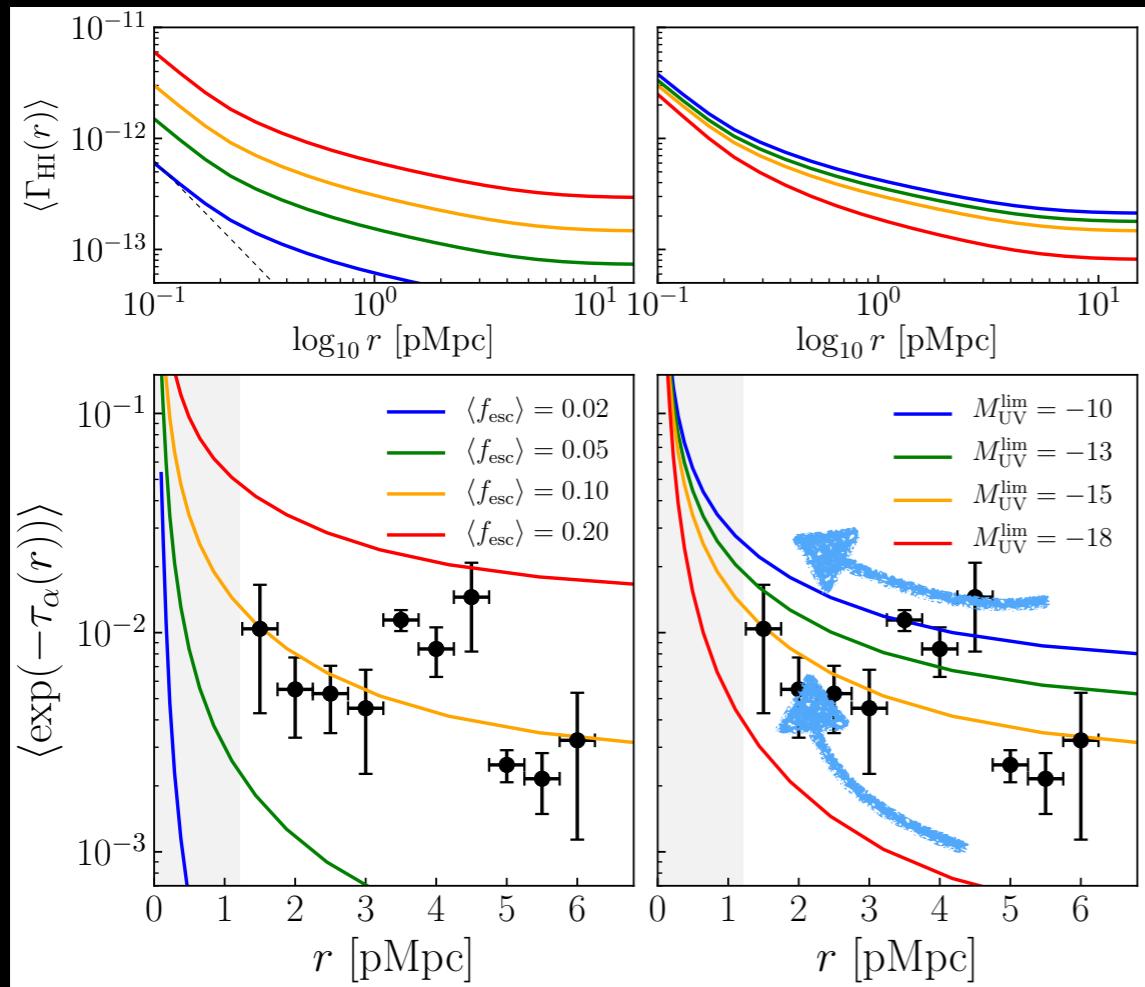
Ionising radiation from the ‘detected’ galaxies is too small to explain the observation (statistical HI proximity effect)

Need “faint unseen galaxies clustering around the detected galaxies” & their collective ionising radiation

(modelled by CLF/HOD framework and joint analysis of luminosity function and angular galaxy clustering, then do RT)



Interpretation: Mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs at z~5.8

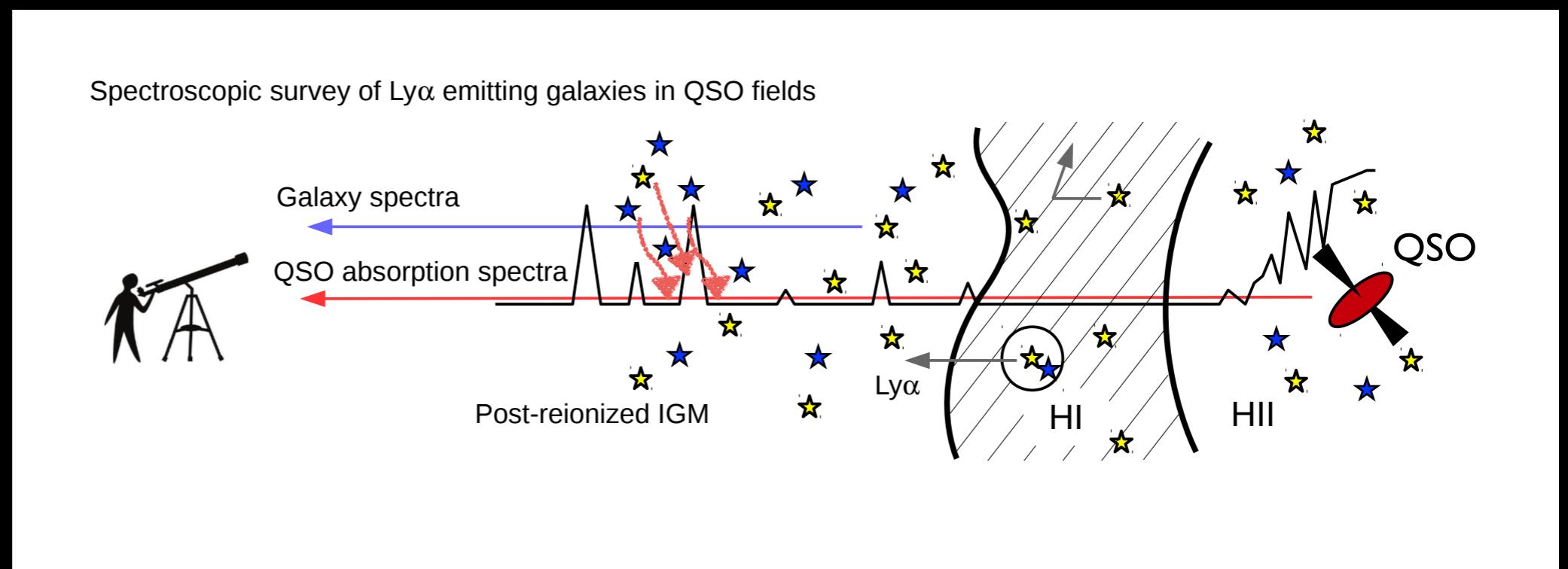


Ionising radiation from the ‘detected’ galaxies is too small to explain the observation (statistical HI proximity effect)

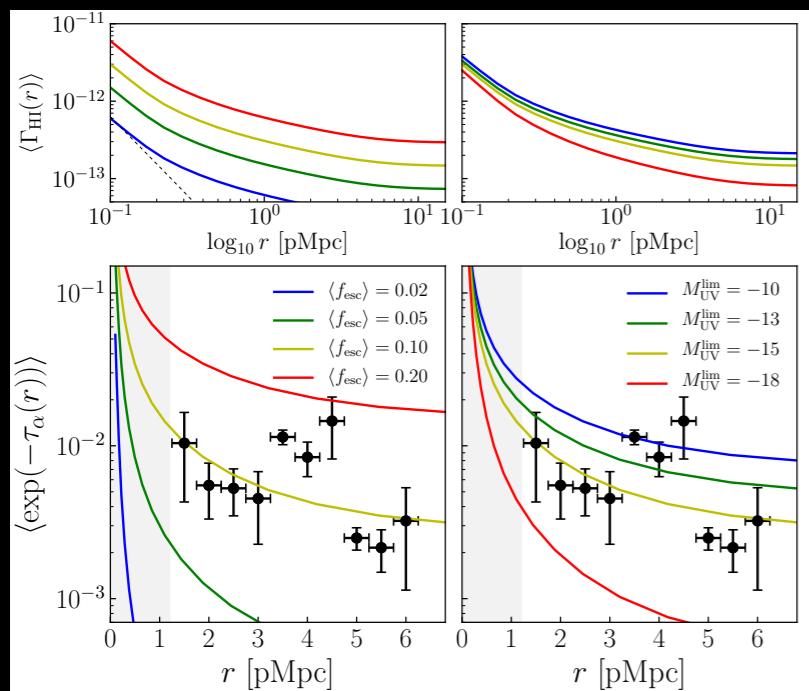
Need “faint unseen galaxies clustering around the detected galaxies” & their collective ionising radiation

(modelled by CLF/HOD framework and joint analysis of luminosity function and angular galaxy clustering, then do RT)

**Slope is shallower if the IGM is ionised by even fainter galaxies
‘clustering bias of ionising sources’**

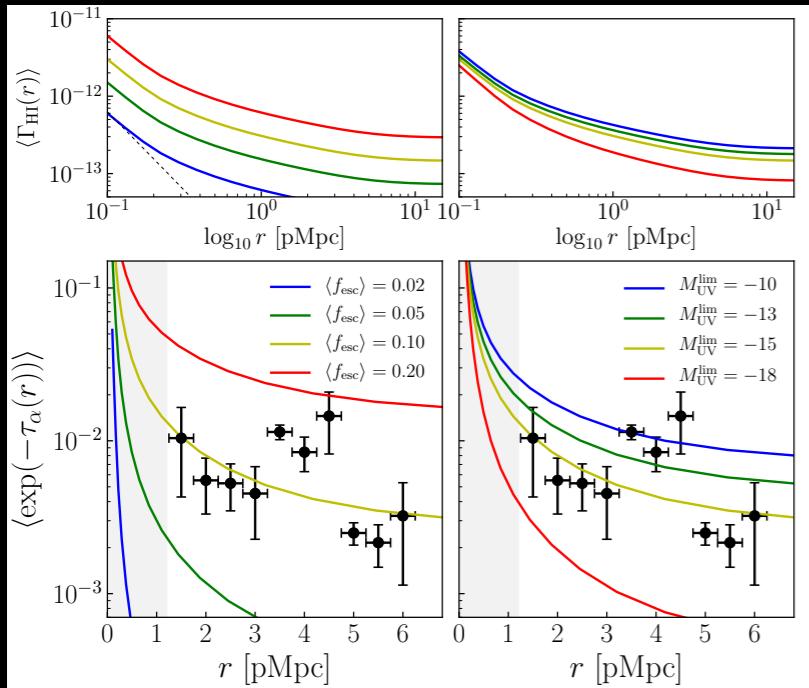


From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction

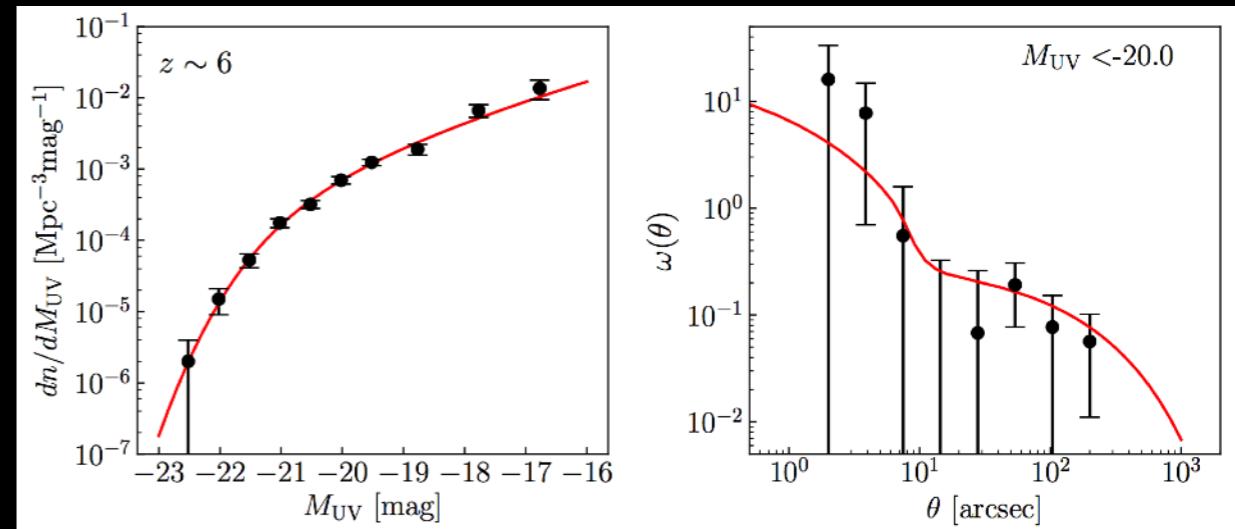


$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction



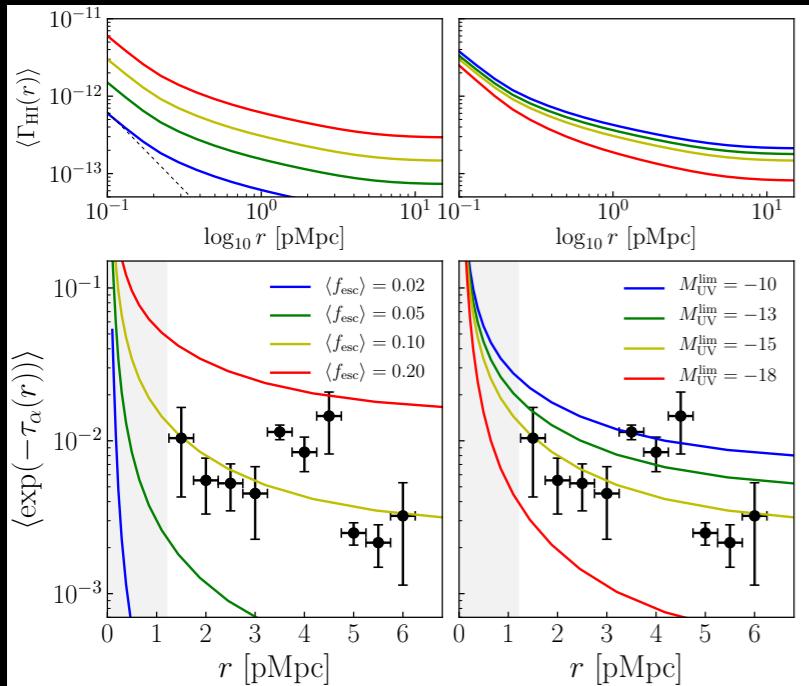
Luminosity function + LBG clustering



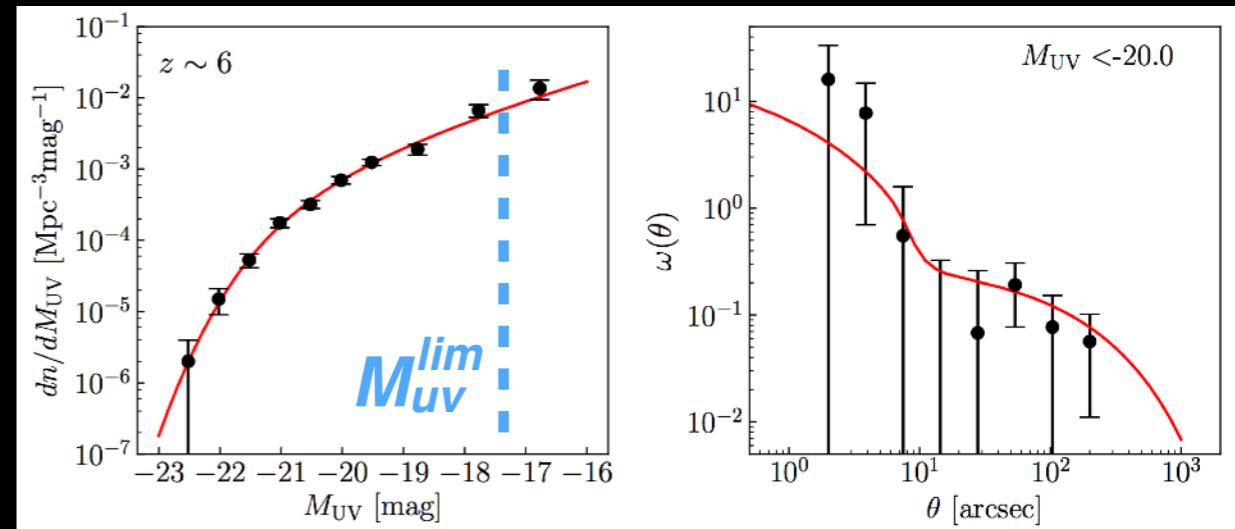
\downarrow \downarrow

$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction



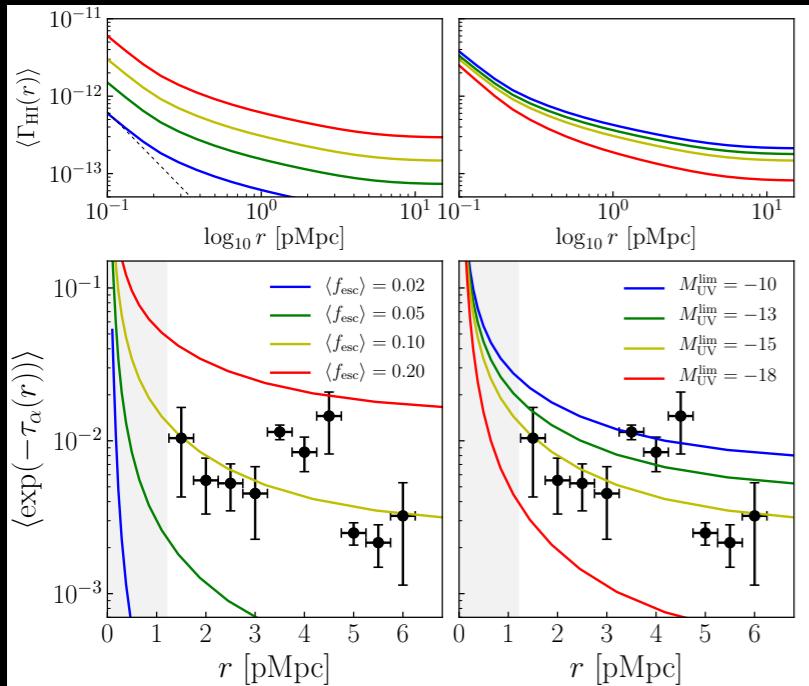
Luminosity function + LBG clustering



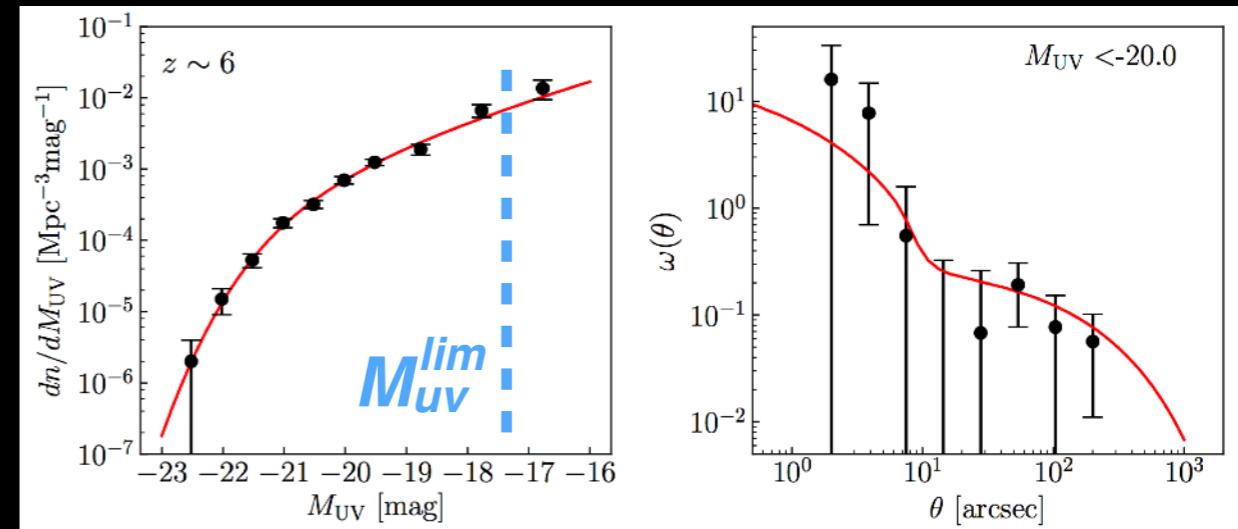
\downarrow \downarrow

$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction



Luminosity function + LBG clustering

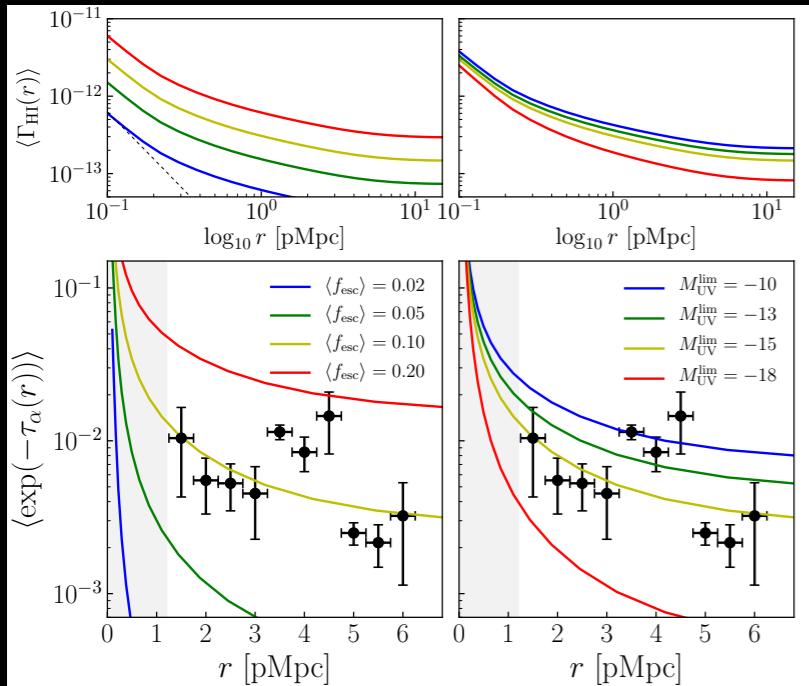


\downarrow \downarrow

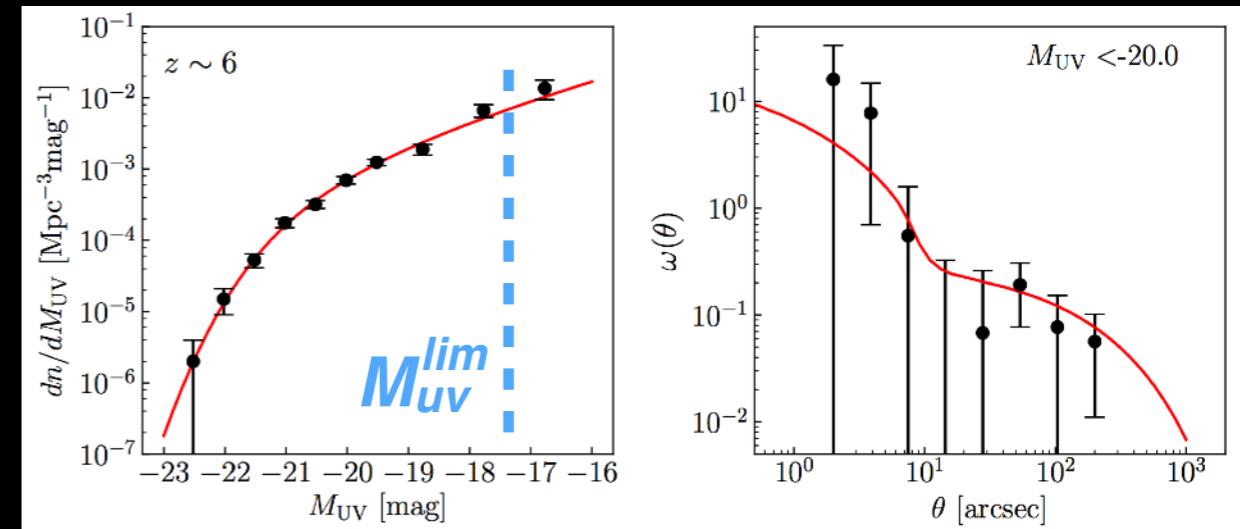
$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

Spectral hardness of sources

From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction



Luminosity function + LBG clustering



\downarrow

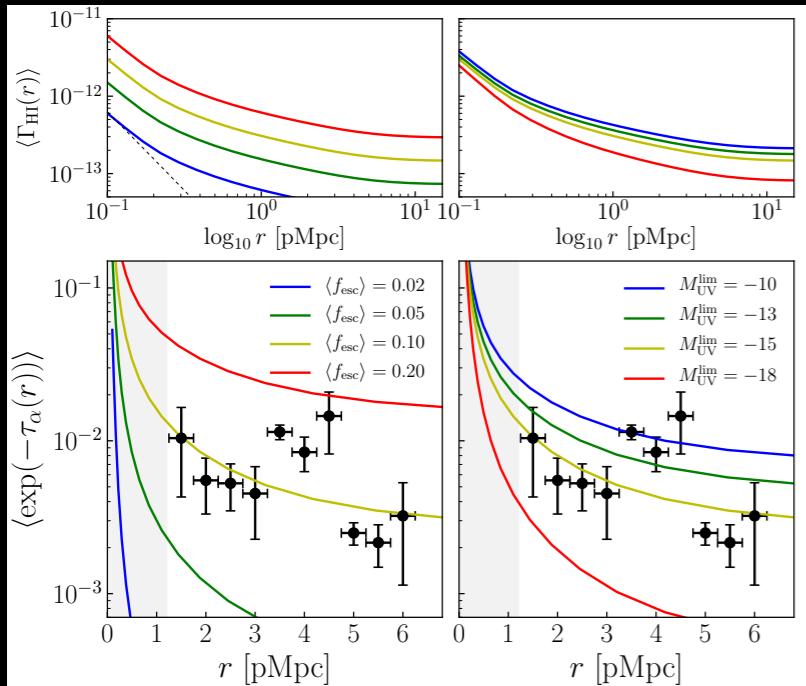
$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \int \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

\nearrow

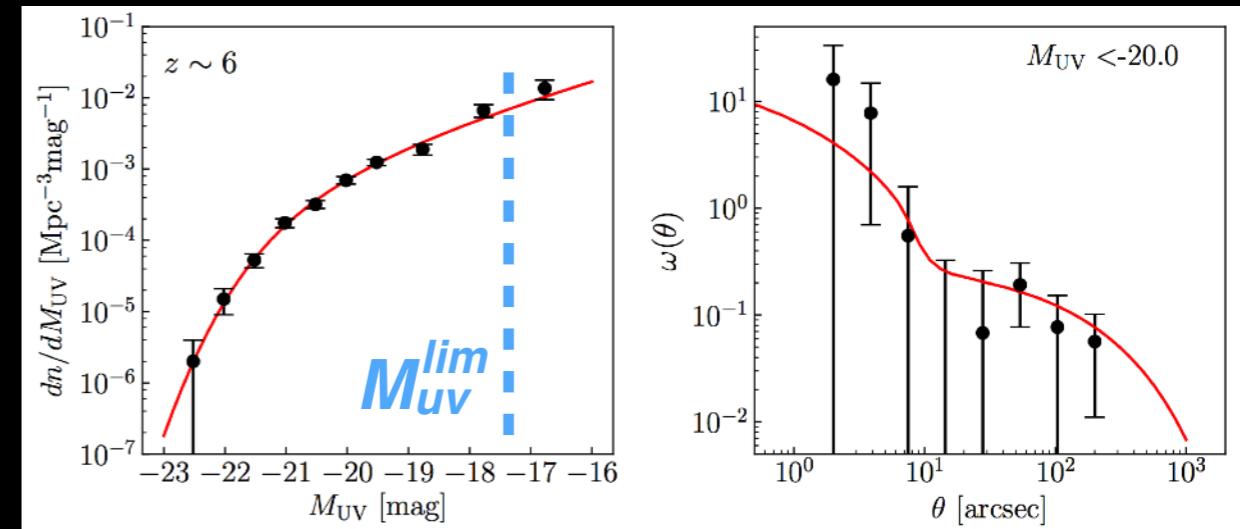
Spectral hardness of sources

Do radiative transfer calculation...

From the mean Ly α transmitted flux around LBGs to the average LyC escape fraction



Luminosity function + LBG clustering



\downarrow

$$\langle \Gamma_{\text{HI}}(r) \rangle \propto \langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle \times \frac{\alpha_g \langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{\alpha_g + 3} \times \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Galaxy abundance:} \\ \text{LBG + galaxy clustering } P_g(k) \end{array} \right]$$

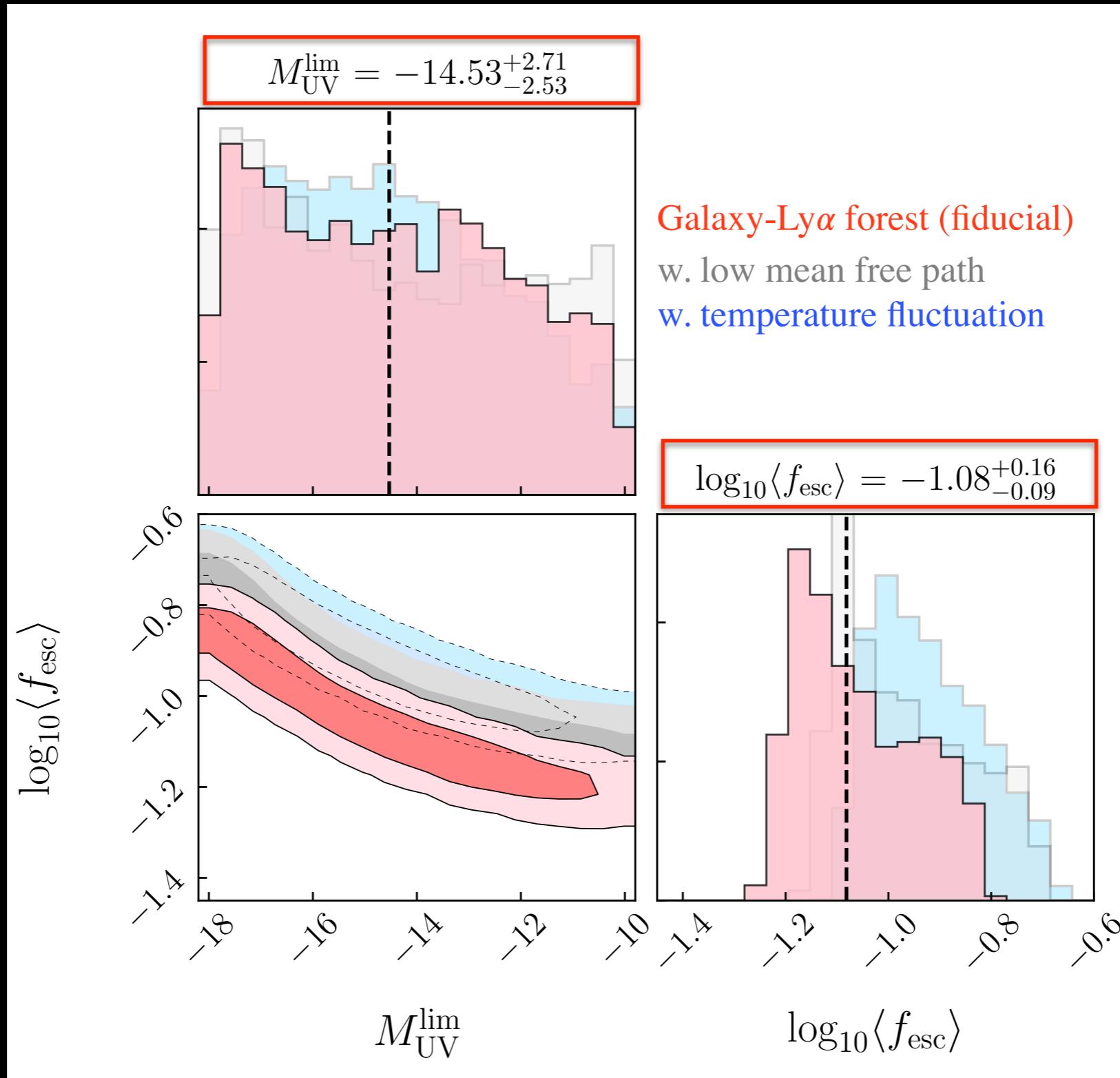
\uparrow

Spectral hardness of sources

Do radiative transfer calculation...

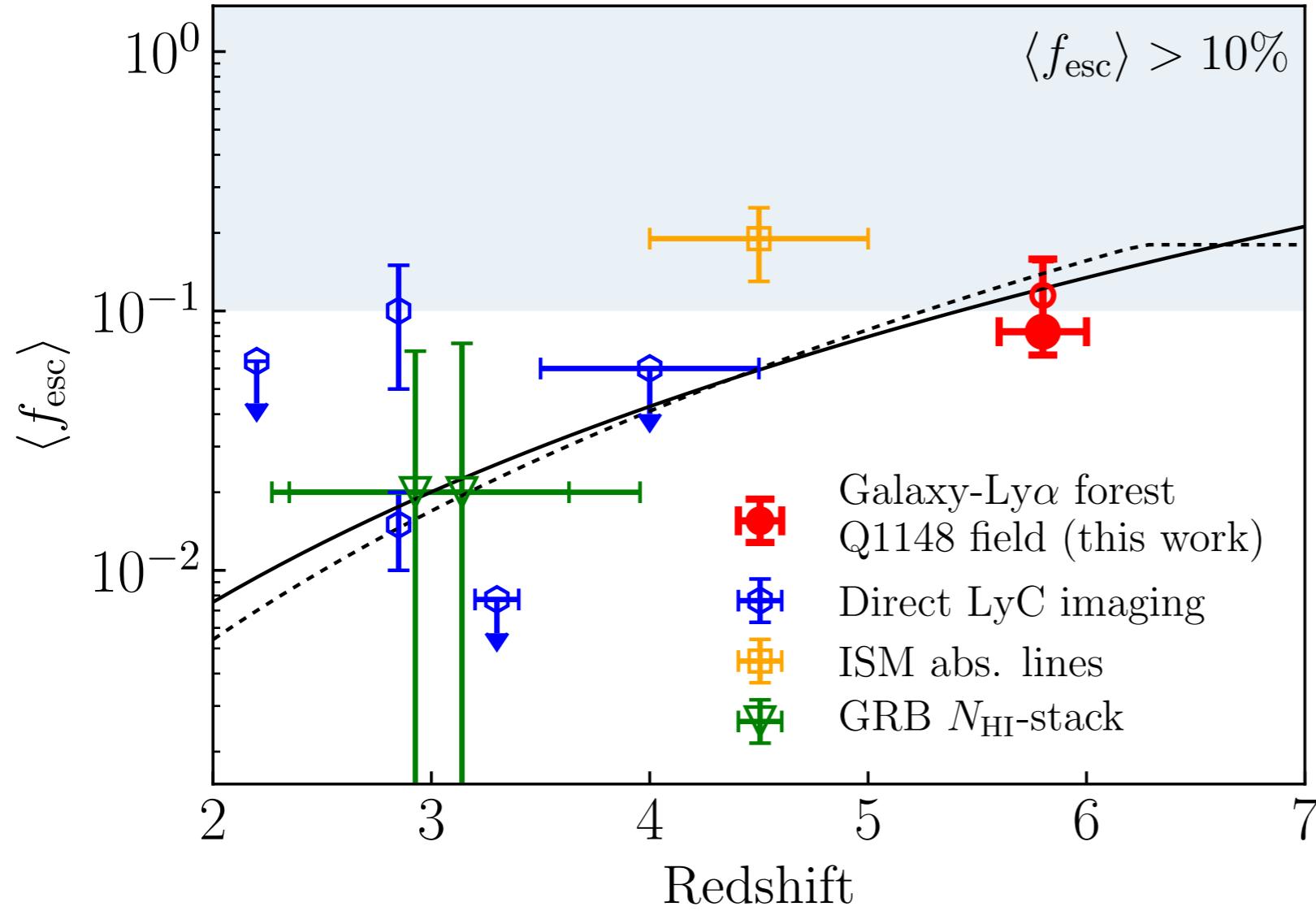
Measurement of the population-averaged escape fraction!!

Constraint on the average escape fraction at z~5.8



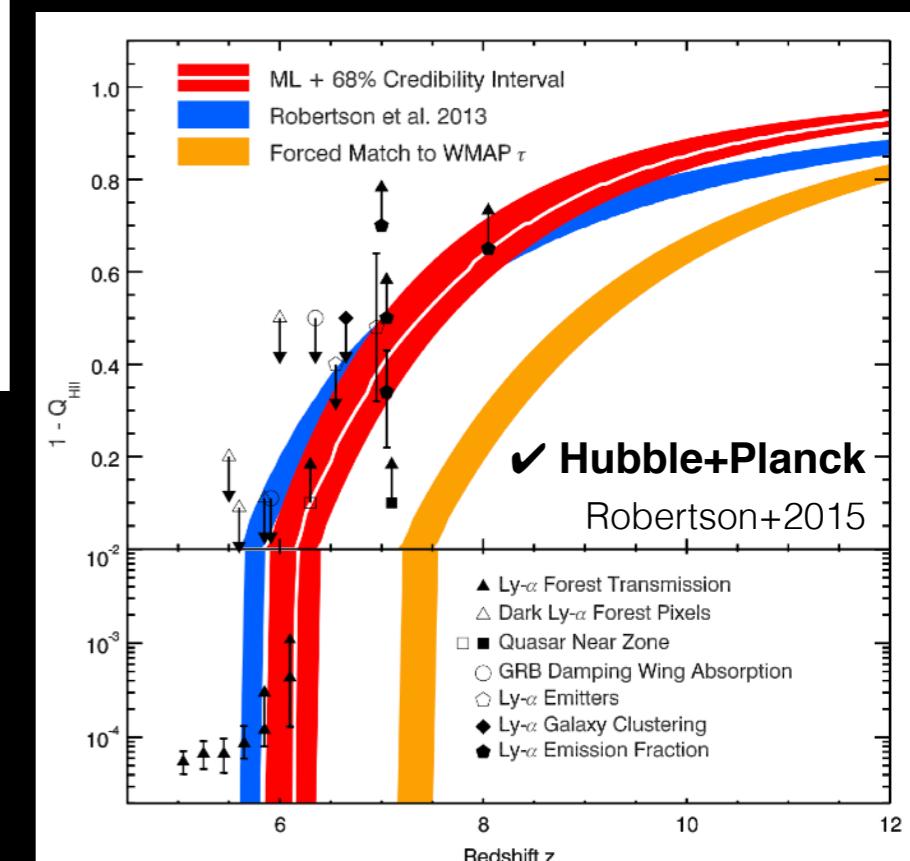
$$\langle f_{\text{esc}} \rangle = 0.08^{+0.08}_{-0.02} \left(\frac{\langle \xi_{\text{ion}} \rangle}{10^{25.2} \text{ erg}^{-1} \text{ Hz}} \right)^{-1}$$

Constraint on the average escape fraction at z~5.8



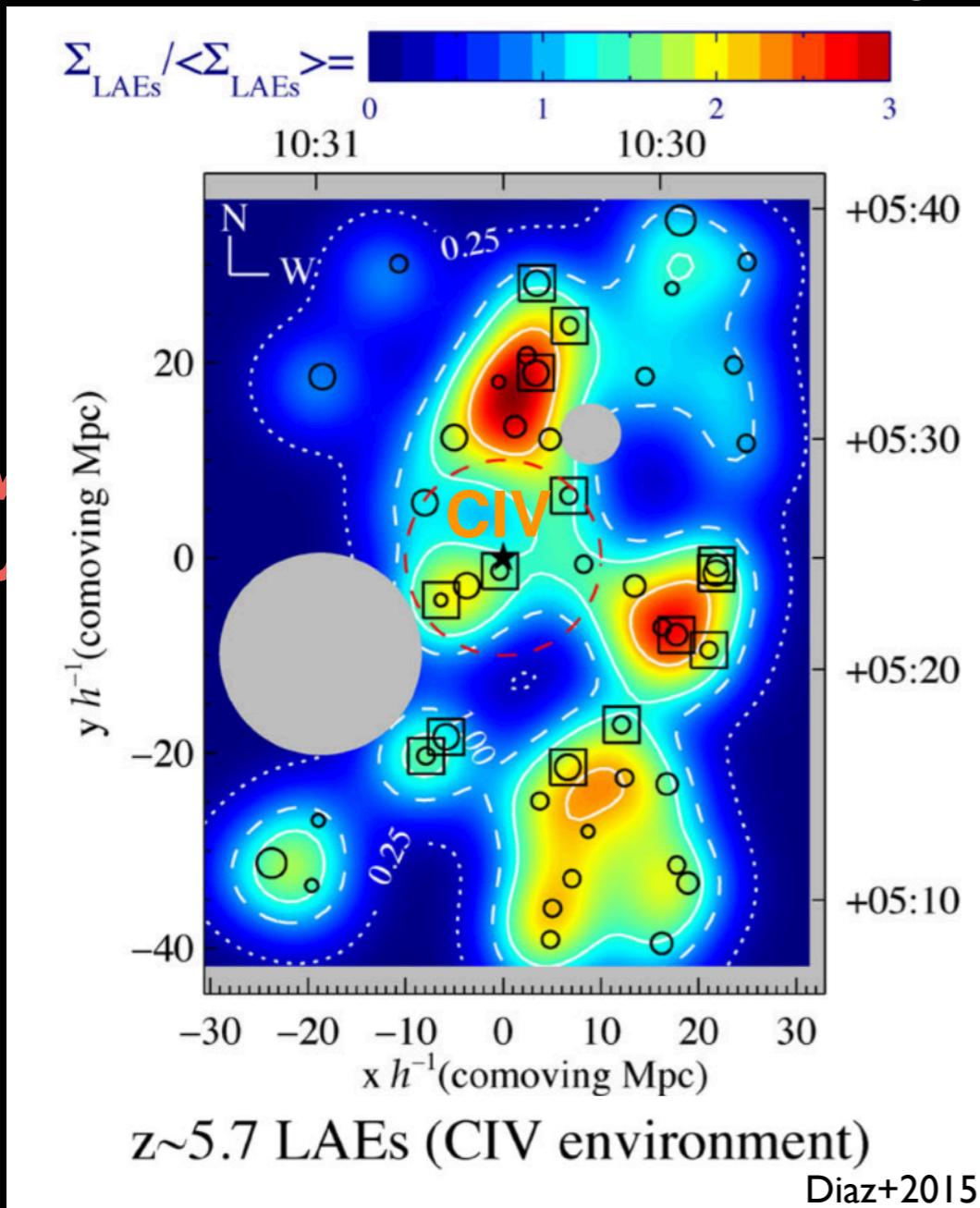
What reionised the Universe?

Faint galaxies ($M_{\text{uv}} < -15$) deposit enough ionising radiation to the IGM to drive H I reionisation ($f_{\text{esc}} > 10\%$)

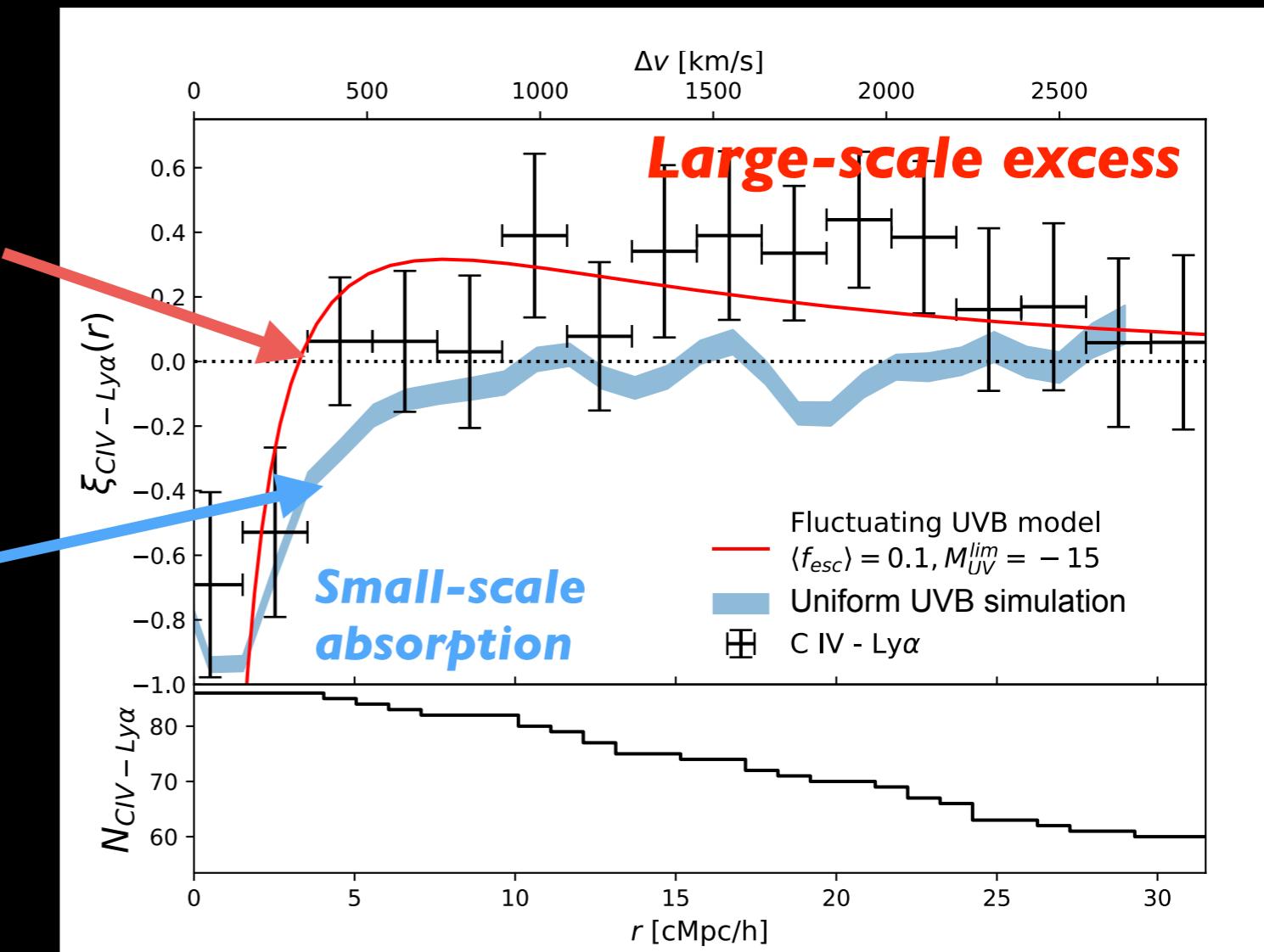


Gaseous environment of faint low-mass galaxies

Insight from CIV



Cross-correlation measurement at $\langle z \rangle = 5.2$



**Need for the enhanced UV background
by clustered galaxies around CIV-host galaxies**
Consistent with reionisation by faint galaxies with $f_{\text{esc}}=10\%$ (work in progress)

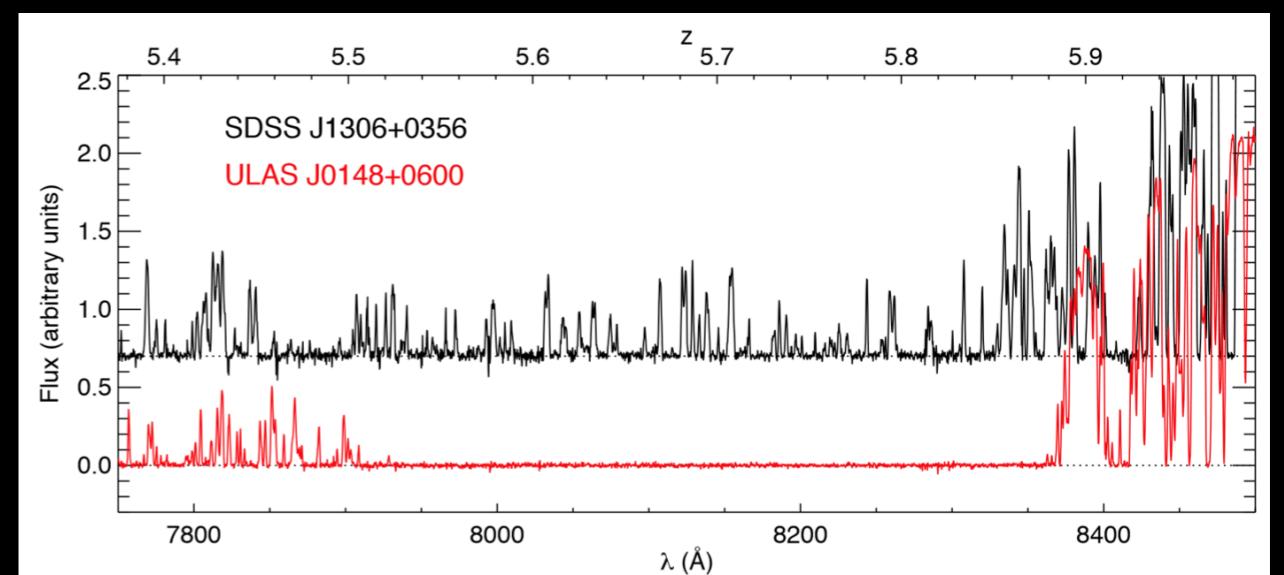
Romain Meyer, Bosman, Kakiuchi, Ellis (in prep)

What reionised the Universe?

Faint galaxies $f_{esc} > 10\%$...

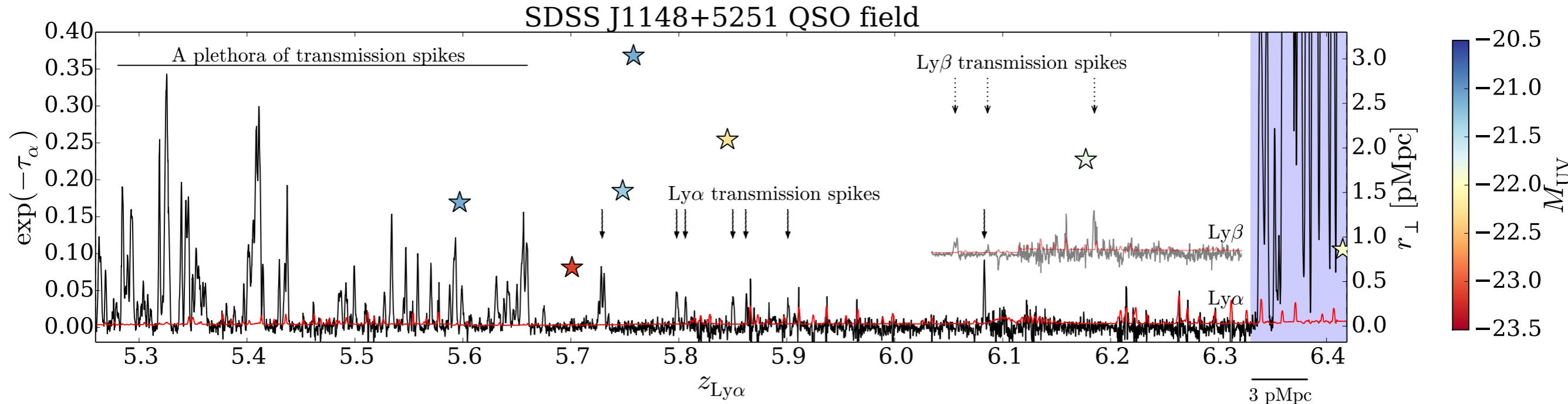
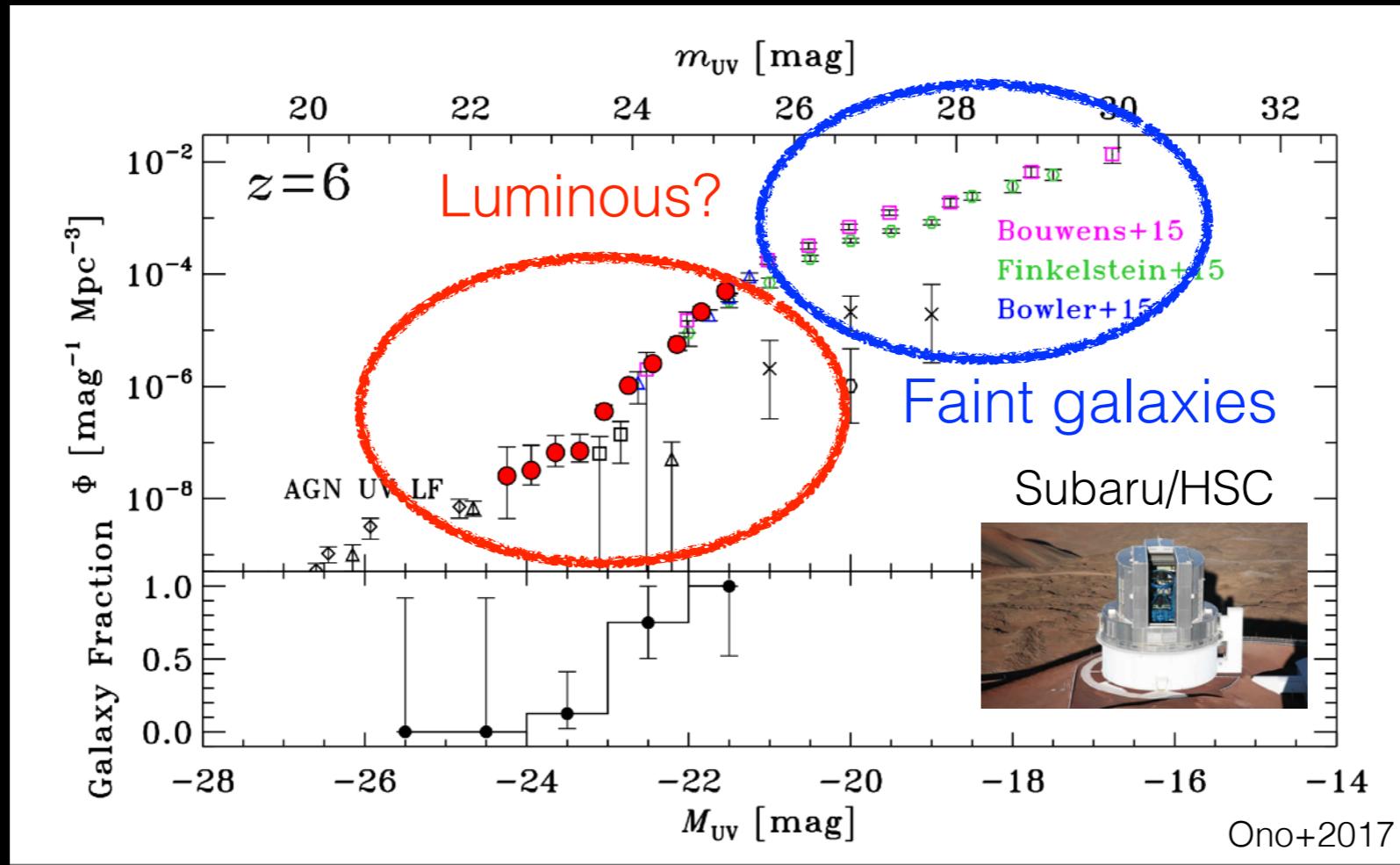


What about this then?



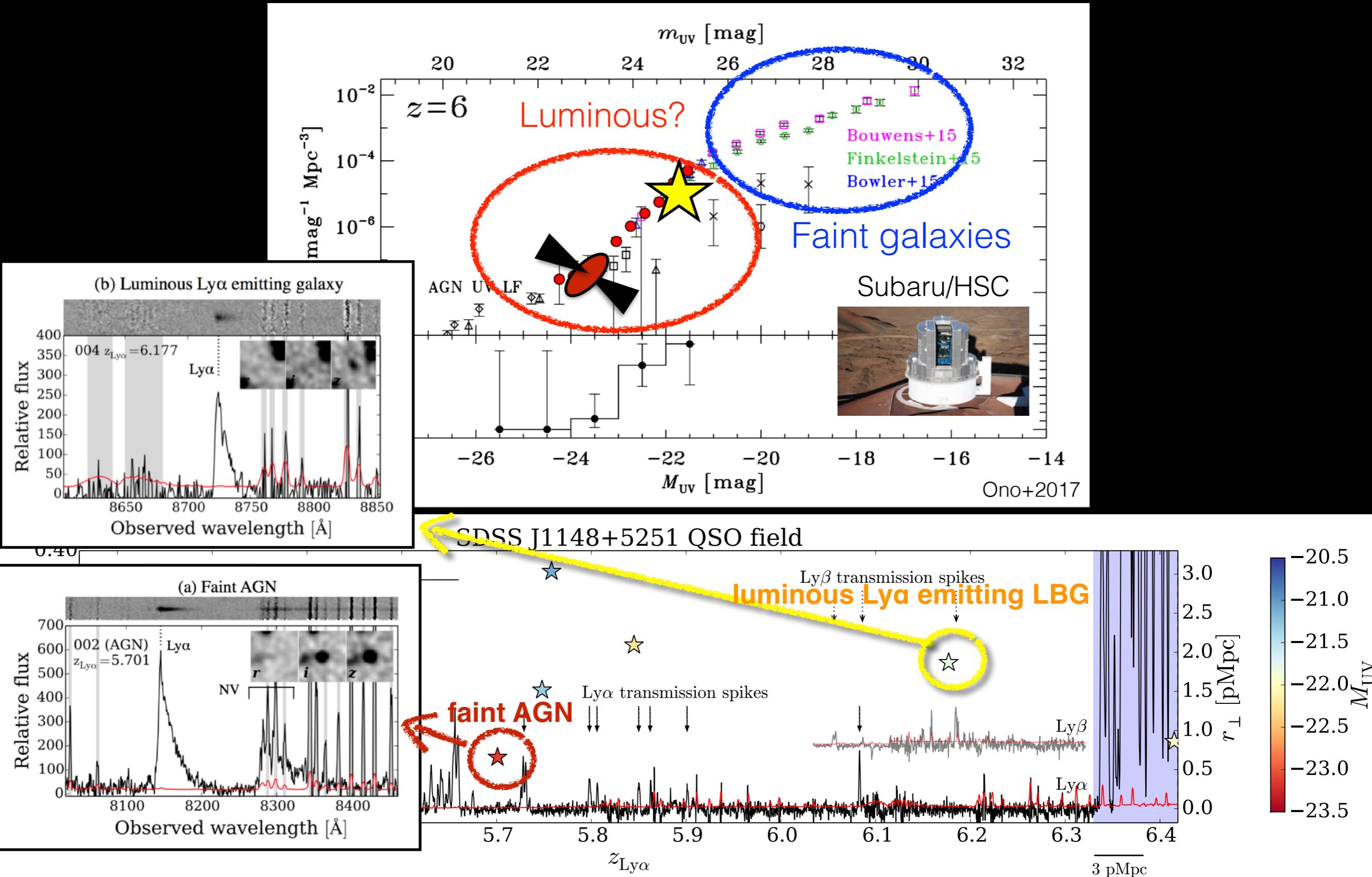
Twist in a story: luminous systems

bright galaxies & faint AGN

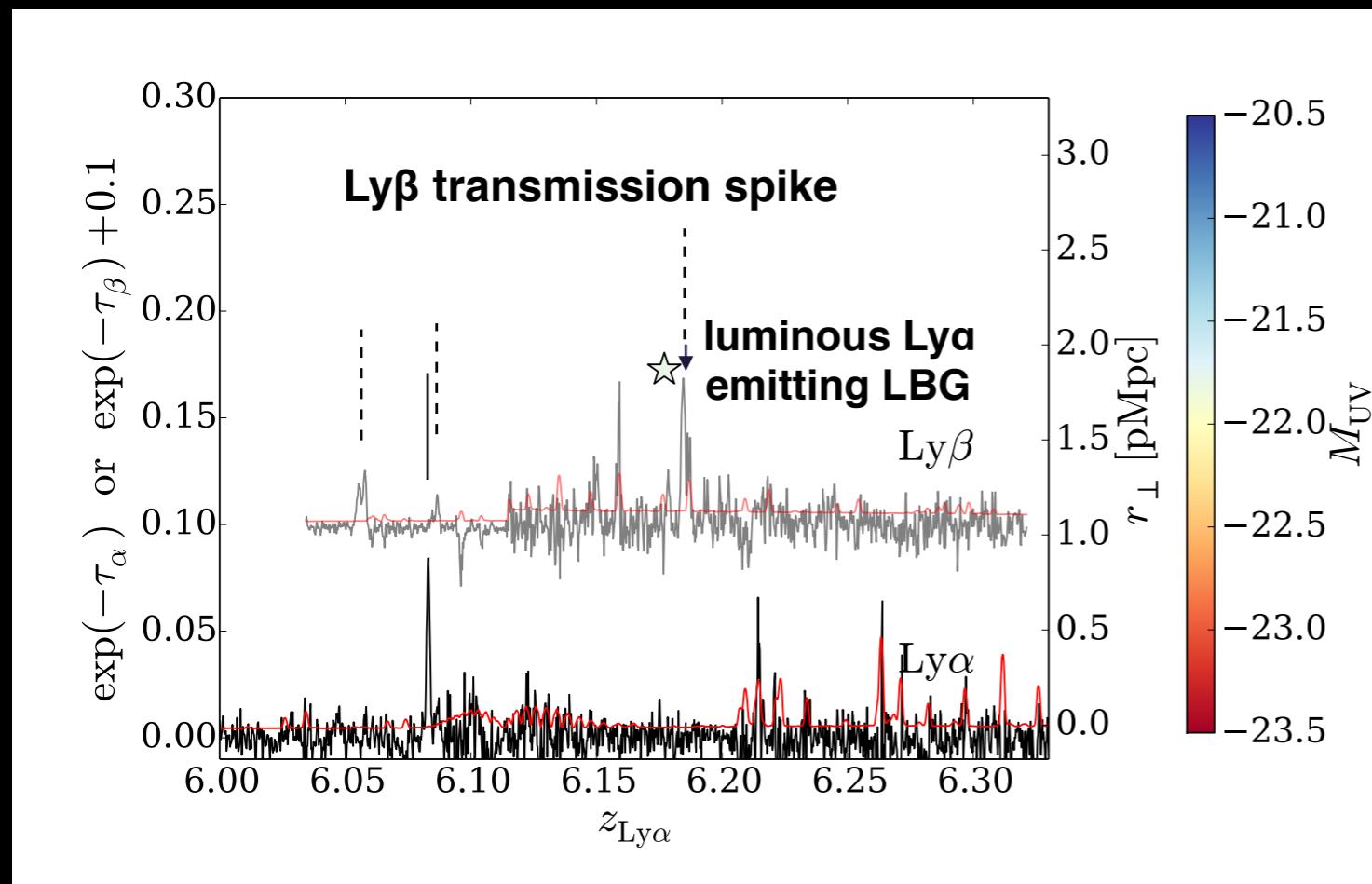


Twist in a story: luminous systems

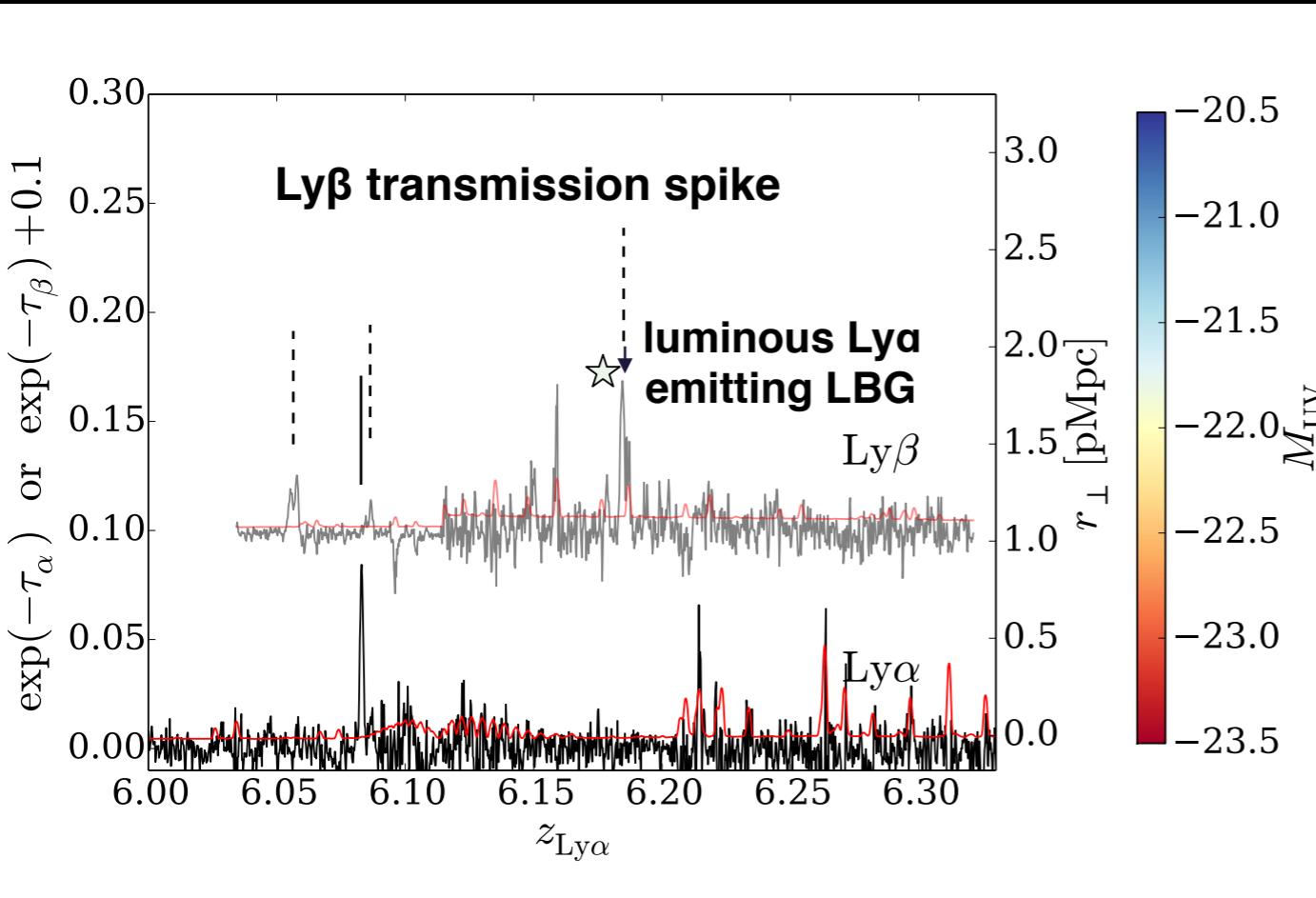
bright galaxies & faint AGN



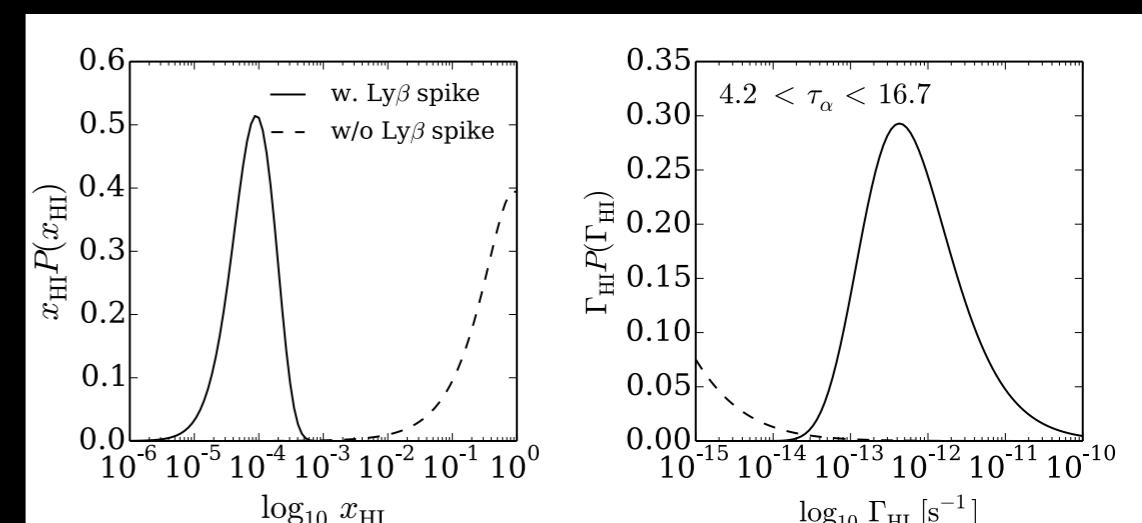
A discovery of an individual transverse proximity effect around z=6.177 luminous LBG



A discovery of an individual transverse proximity effect around z=6.177 luminous LBG

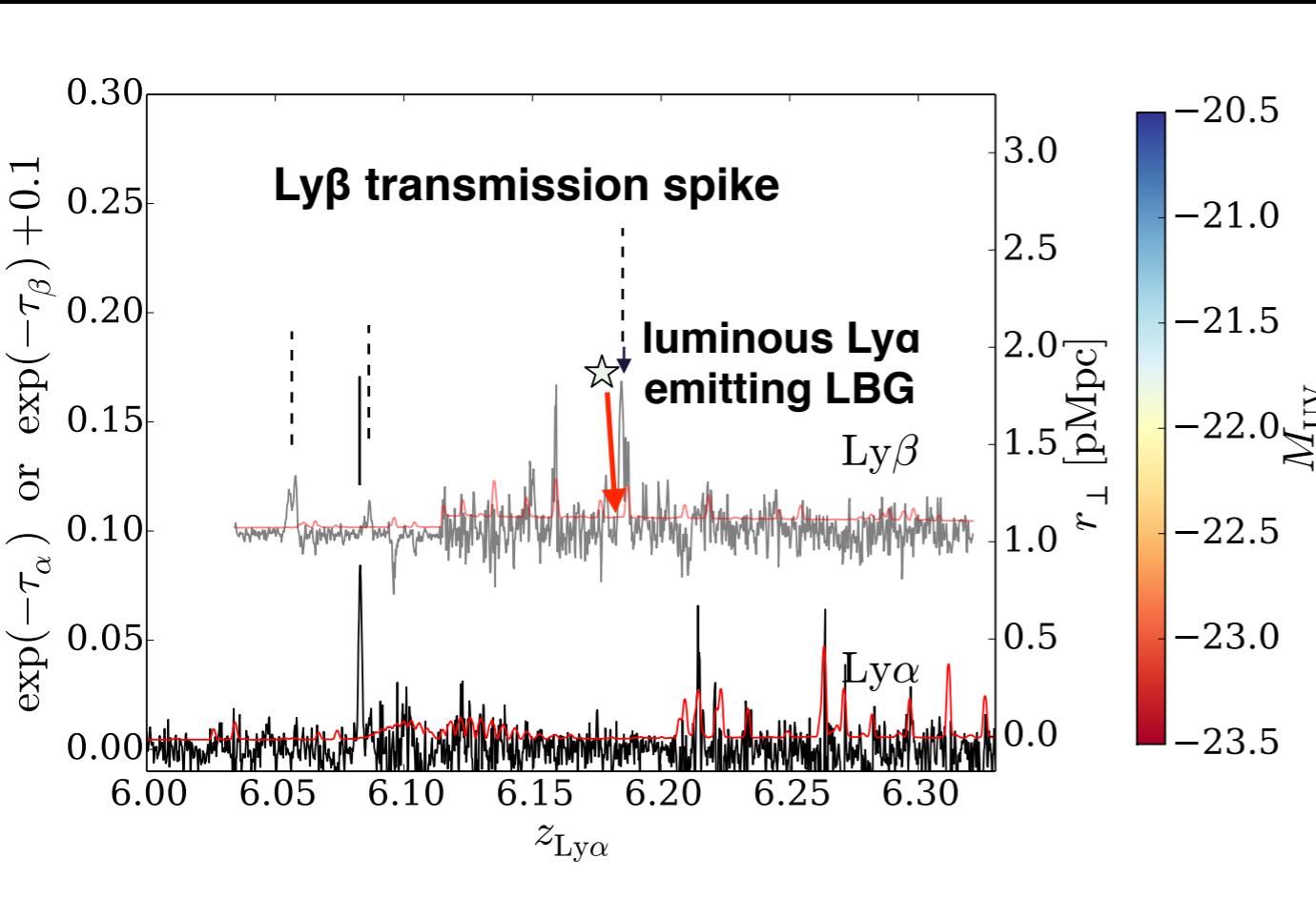


Evidence that **$z > 6$ luminous galaxies preferentially reside in highly ionized environment,**



With cosmo. hydrodynamical simulations

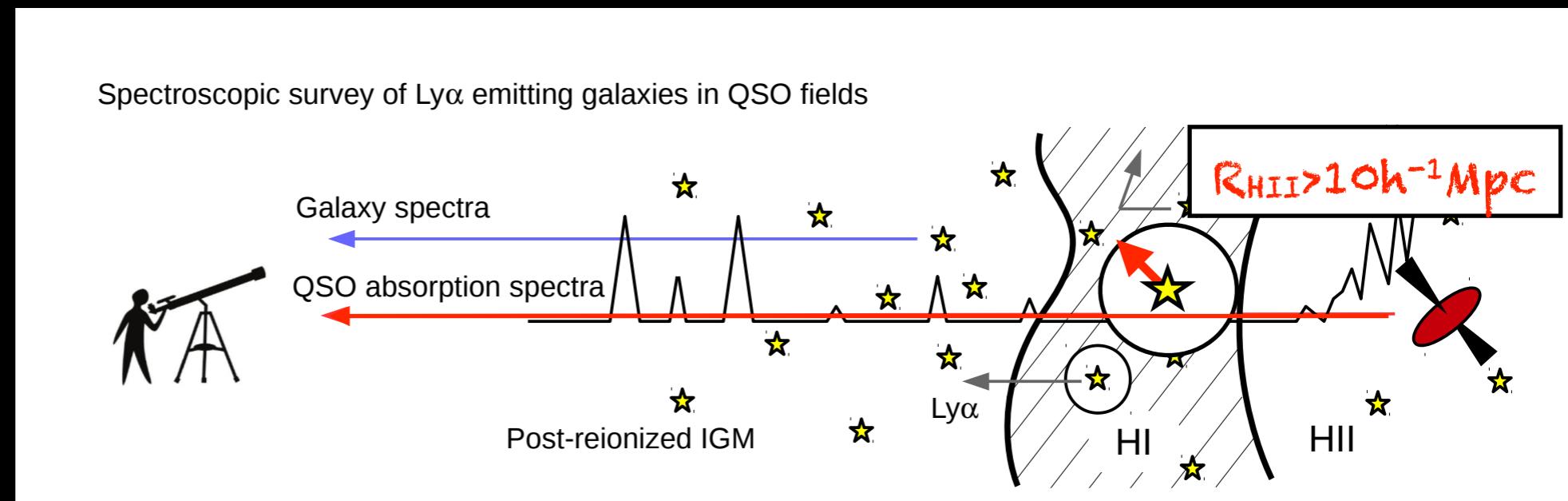
A discovery of an individual transverse proximity effect around $z=6.177$ luminous LBG



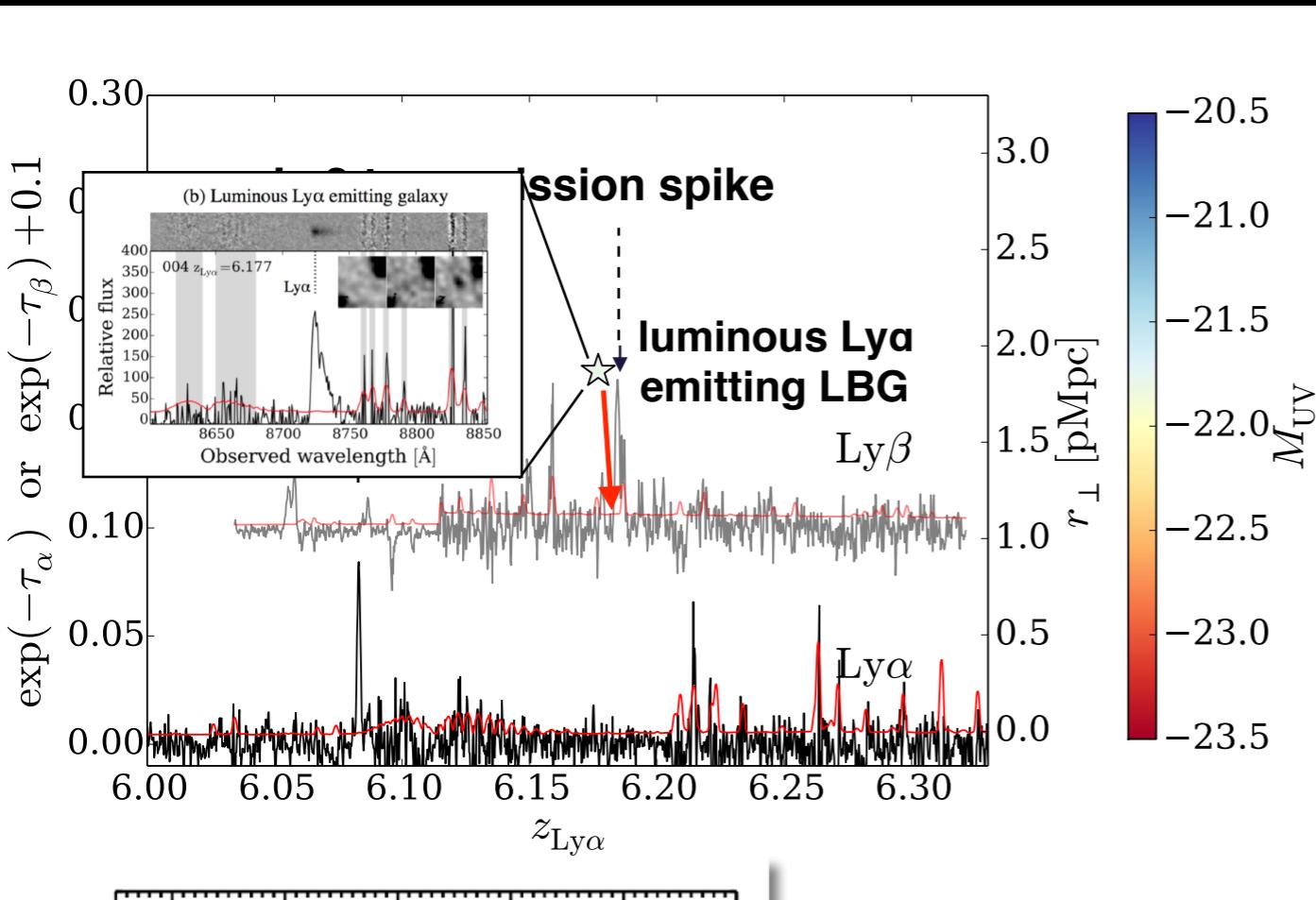
Evidence that $z>6$ luminous galaxies preferentially reside in highly ionized environment,

A lower limit to the size of cosmological HII region

$R_{HII} > d_{spike} \approx 10h^{-1}Mpc @ z \approx 6.2$



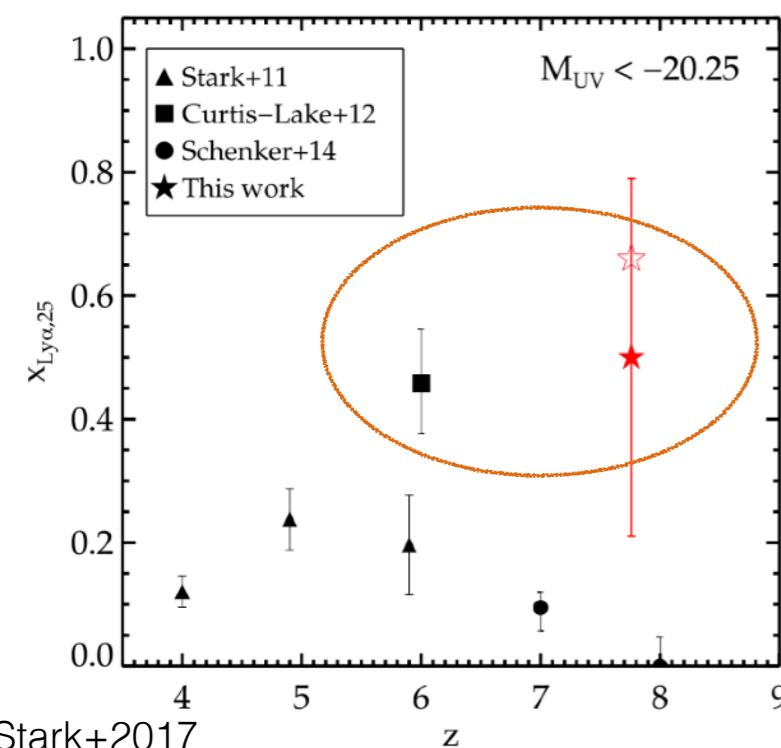
A discovery of an individual transverse proximity effect around $z=6.177$ luminous LBG



Evidence that $z>6$ luminous galaxies preferentially reside in highly ionized environment,

A lower limit to the size of cosmological HII region

$$R_{\text{HII}} > d_{\text{spike}} \approx 10h^{-1}\text{Mpc} @ z \approx 6.2$$



Accelerated reionization around luminous galaxies...

...needs clustered faint galaxies to produce the HII region?

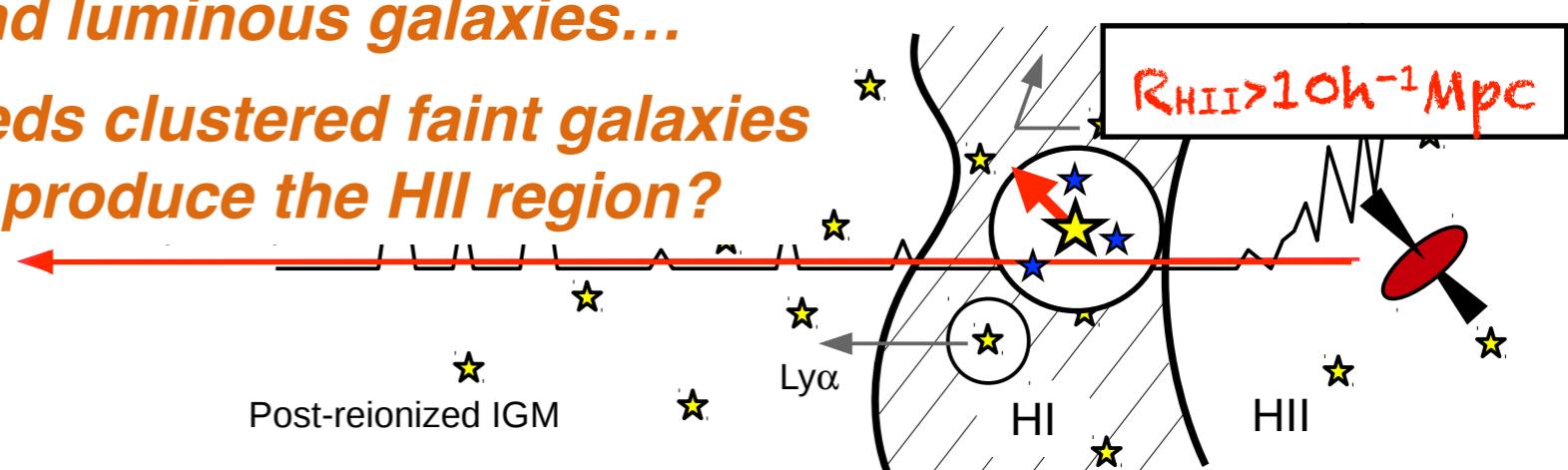
Post-reionized IGM

Ly α

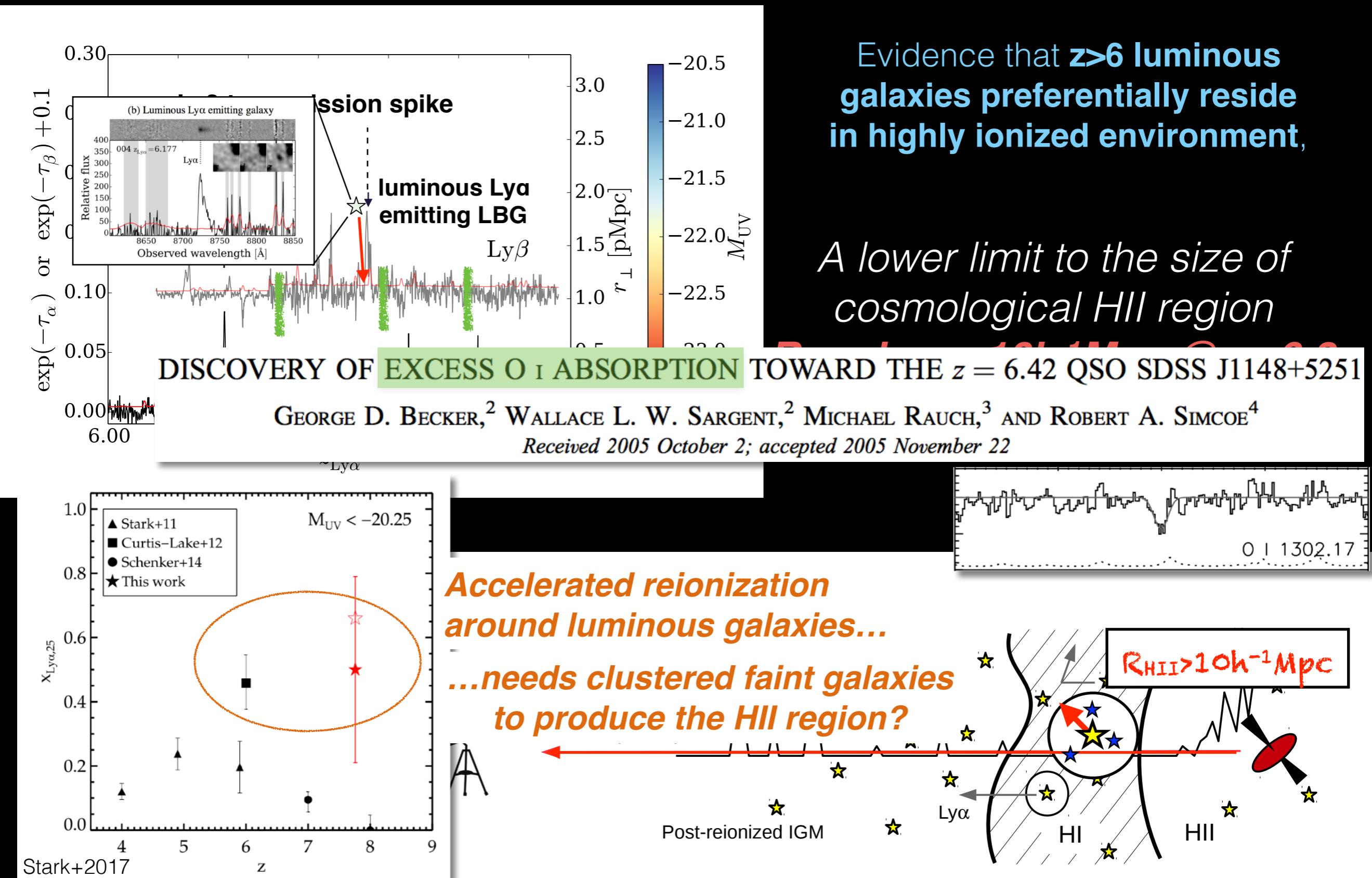
HII

HI

$$R_{\text{HII}} > 10h^{-1}\text{Mpc}$$



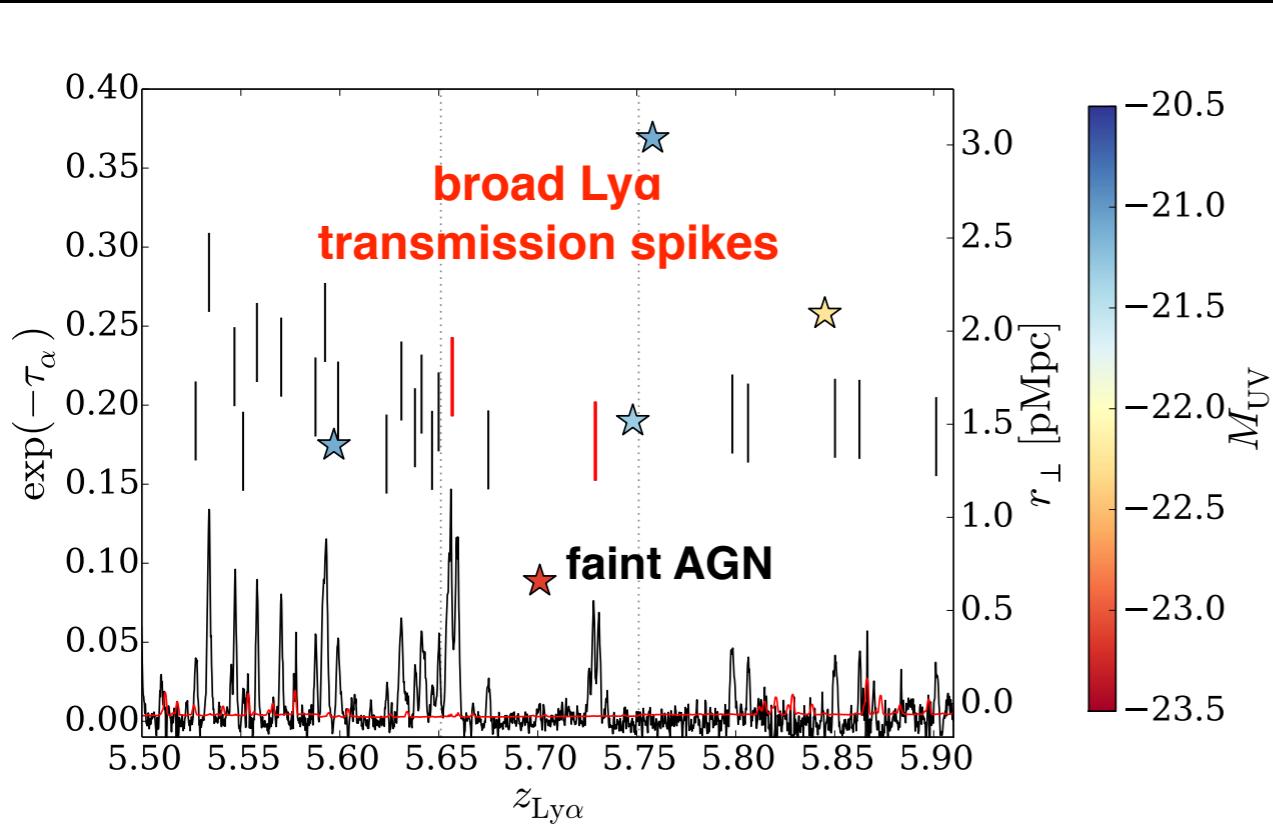
A discovery of an individual transverse proximity effect around z=6.177 luminous LBG



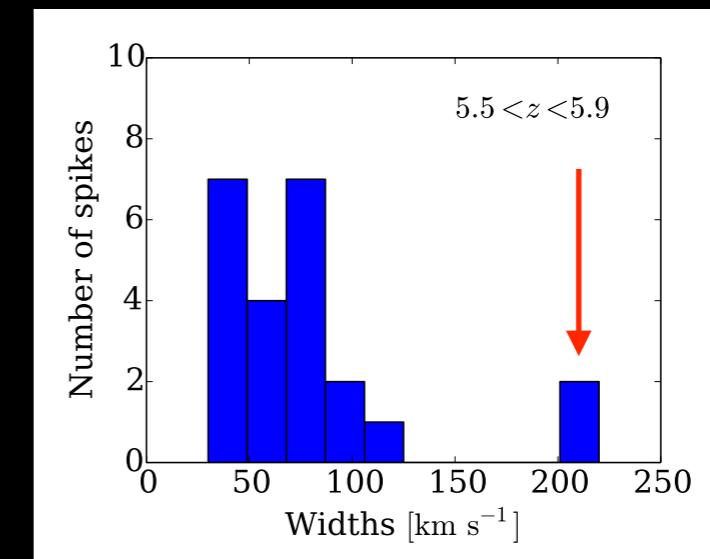
The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium



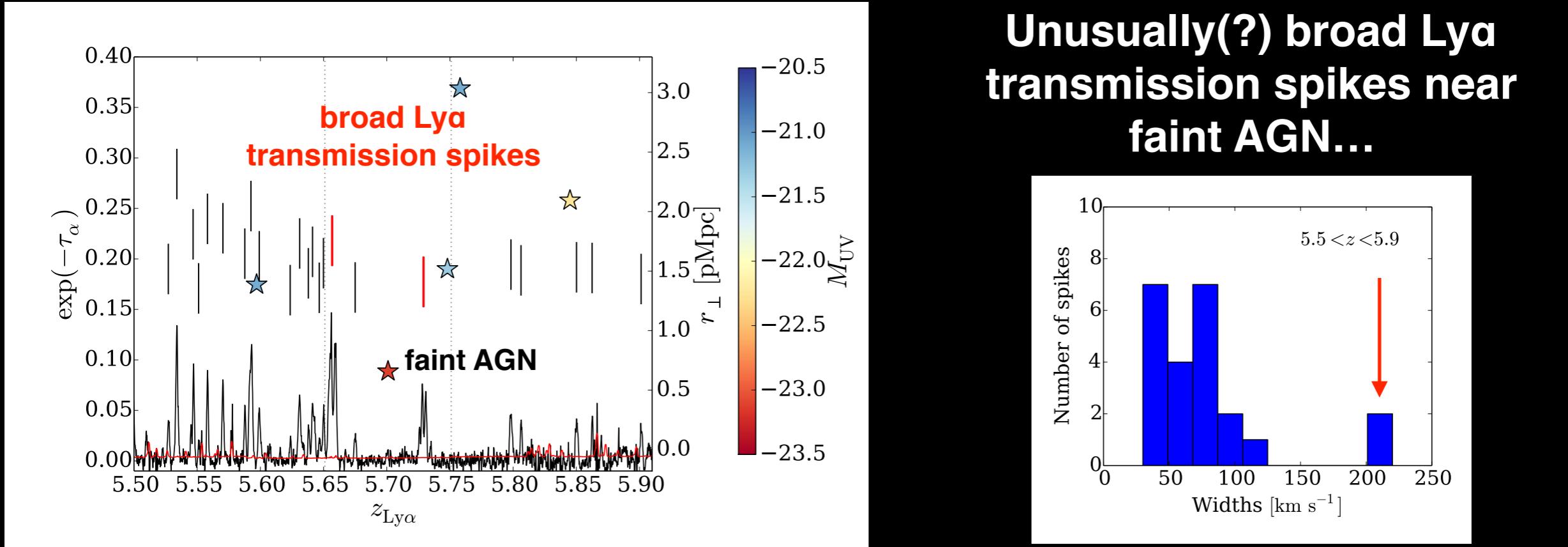
The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium



Unusually(?) broad Ly α
transmission spikes near
faint AGN...

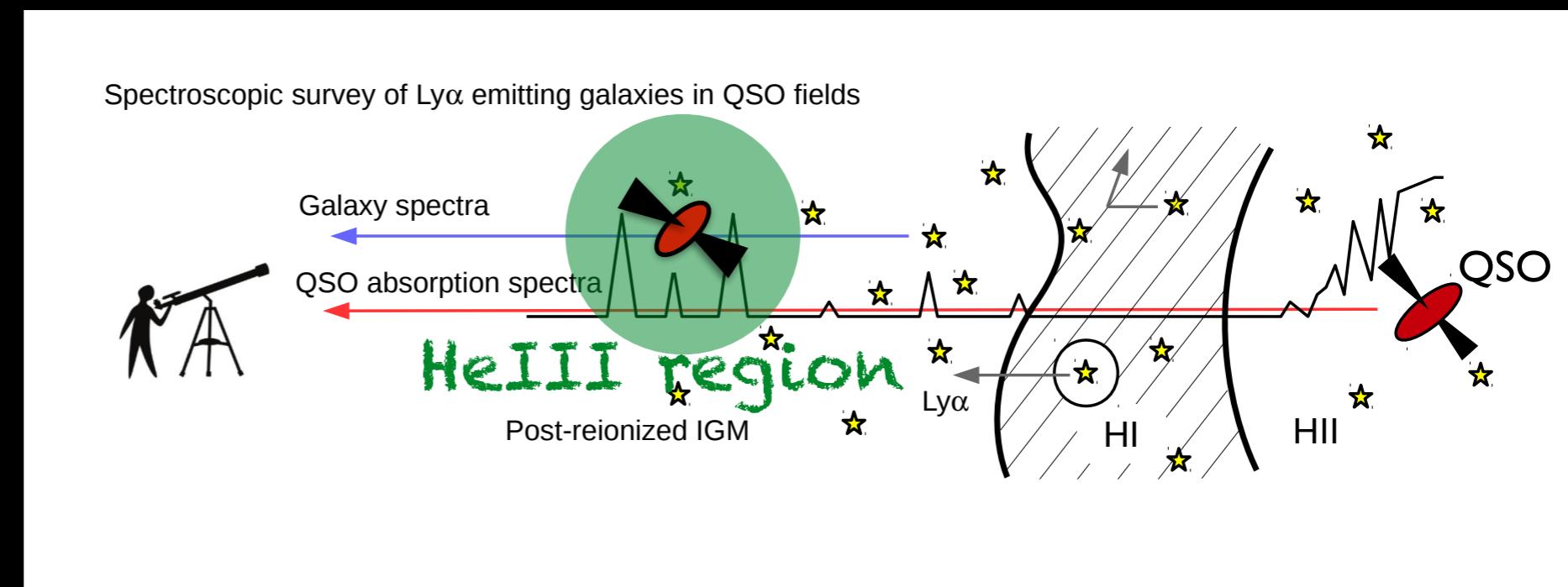


The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium

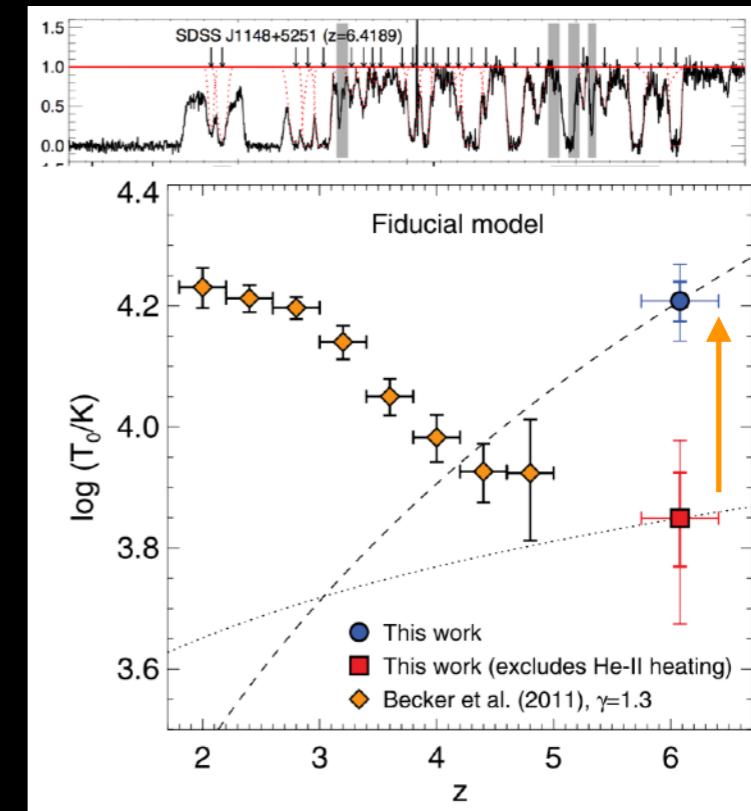
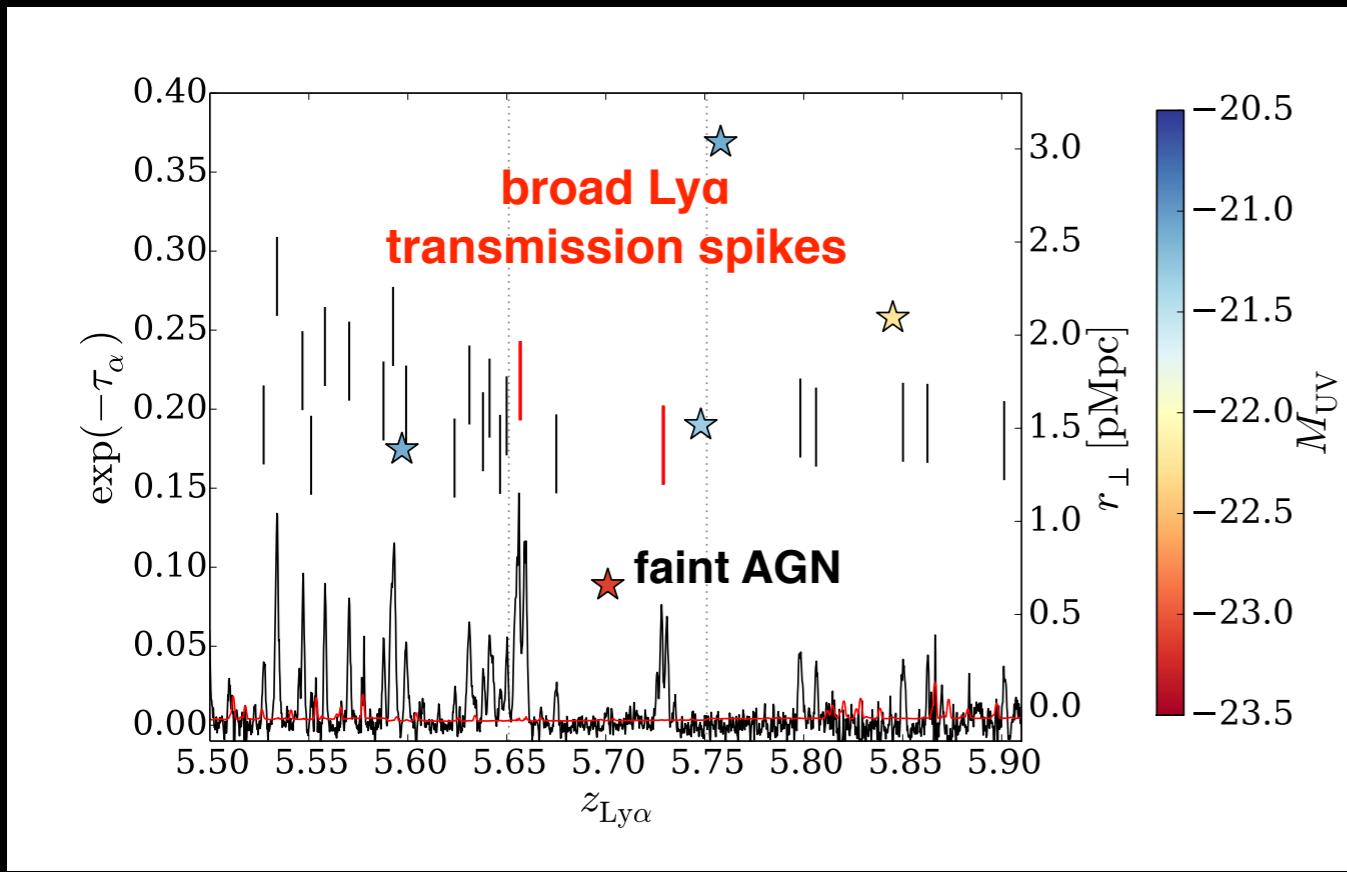


AGN may heat up the IGM through HeII photo-heating across HeIII ionization front

Early $z > 5$ patchy onset of HeII reionization?



The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium

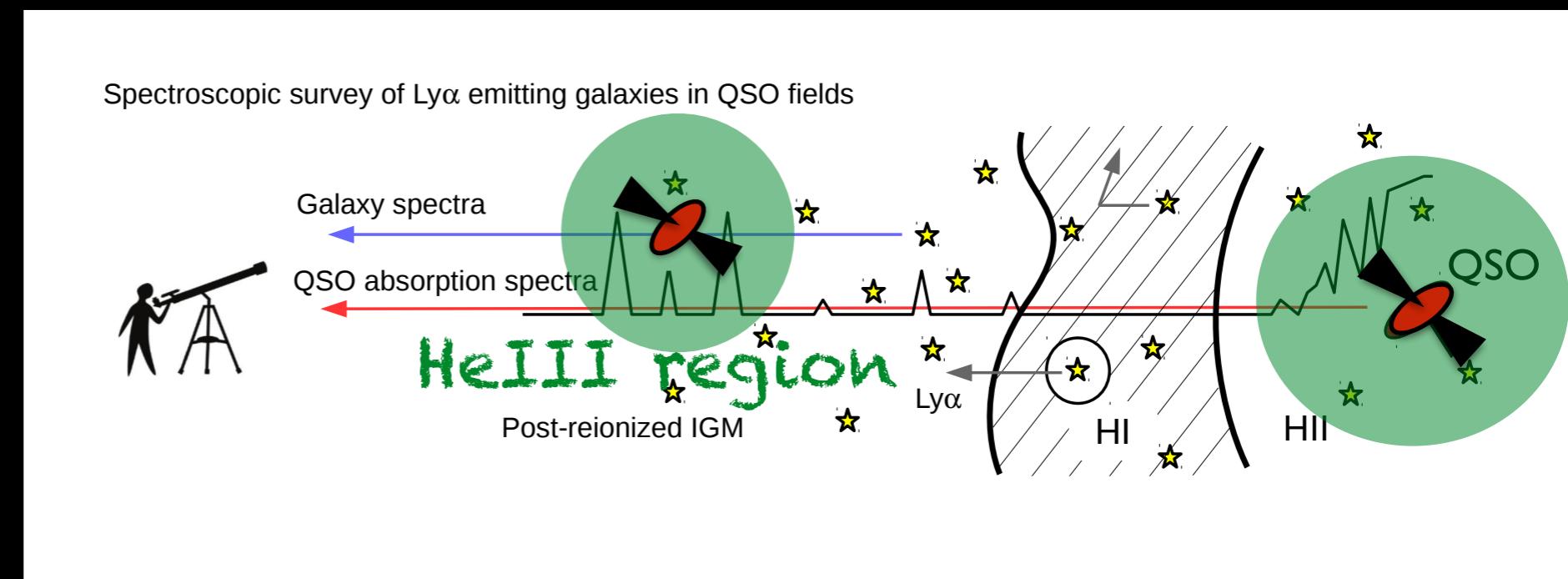


Bolton+2012

**Evidence of early onset of Hell reionization
The effect of Hell heating in the proximity
zone of bright QSOs**

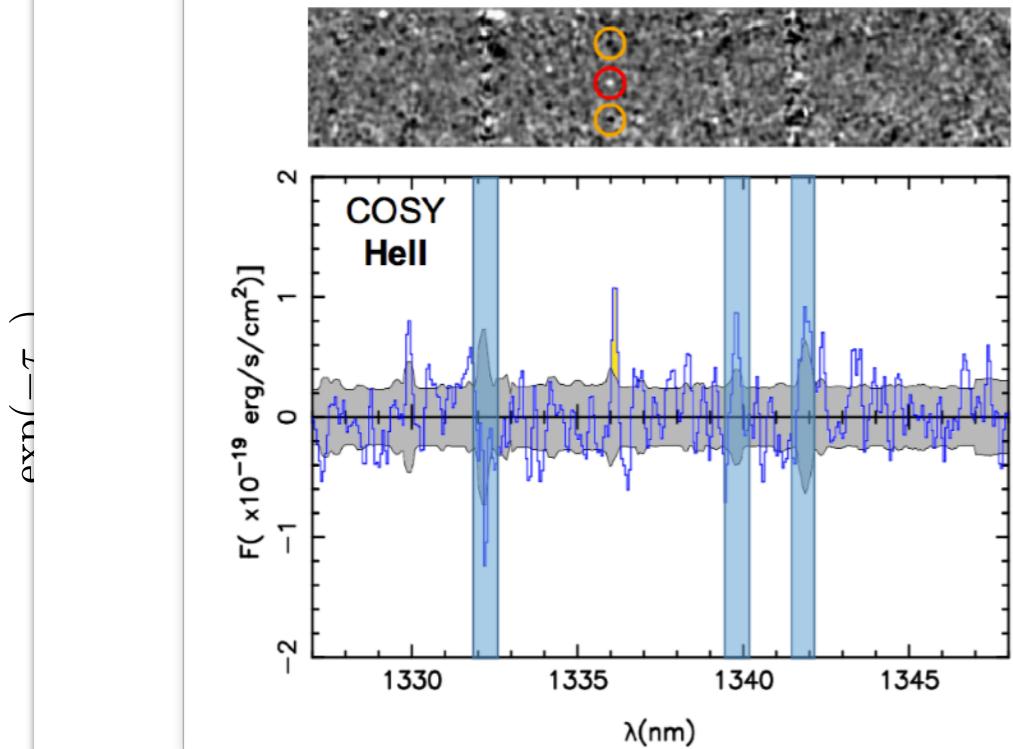
AGN may heat up the IGM
through Hell photo-heating
across HeIII ionization front

**Early $z>5$ patchy onset
of Hell reionization?**

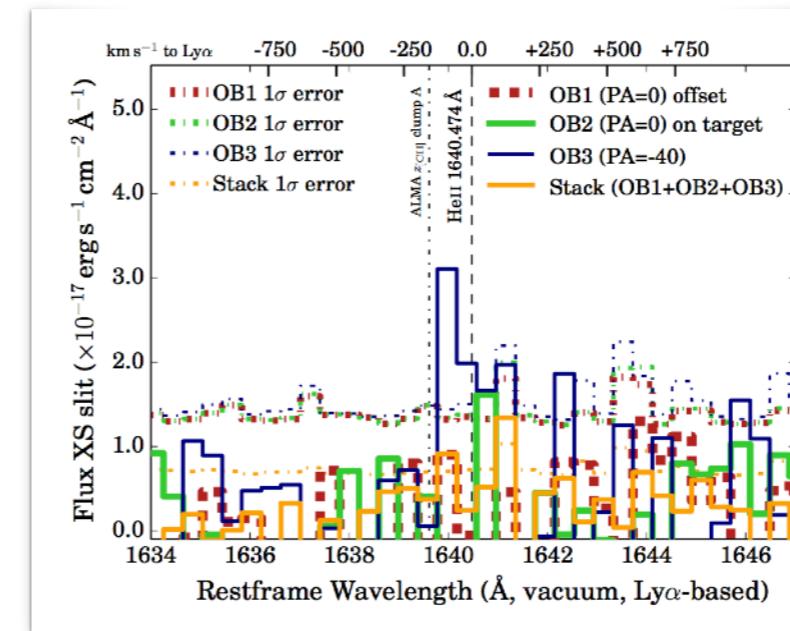


The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium

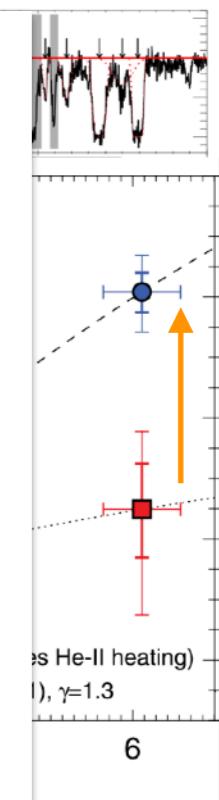
Galaxy that could drive Hell reionization in its local environment



**$z=7.15$ galaxy with AGN activity
(Laporte+2017)**



**$z=6.6$ CR7?
(Sobral+2018, but Shibuya+2018)**



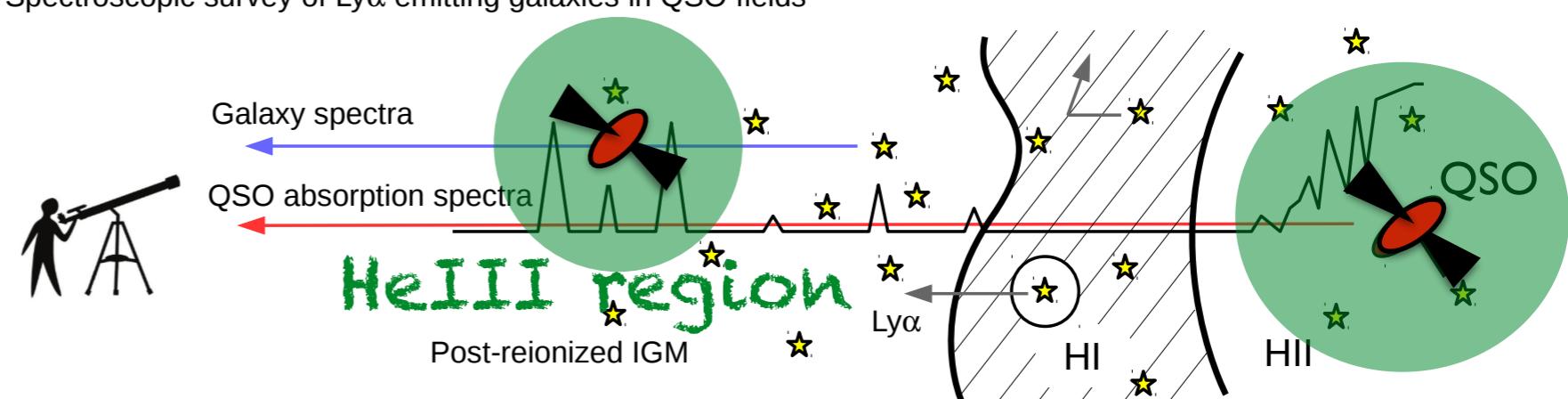
Bolton+2012

**Hell reionization
in the proximity
of QSOs**

*AGN may heat up the IGM
through Hell photo-heating
across HeIII ionization front*

*Early $z>5$ patchy onset
of Hell reionization?*

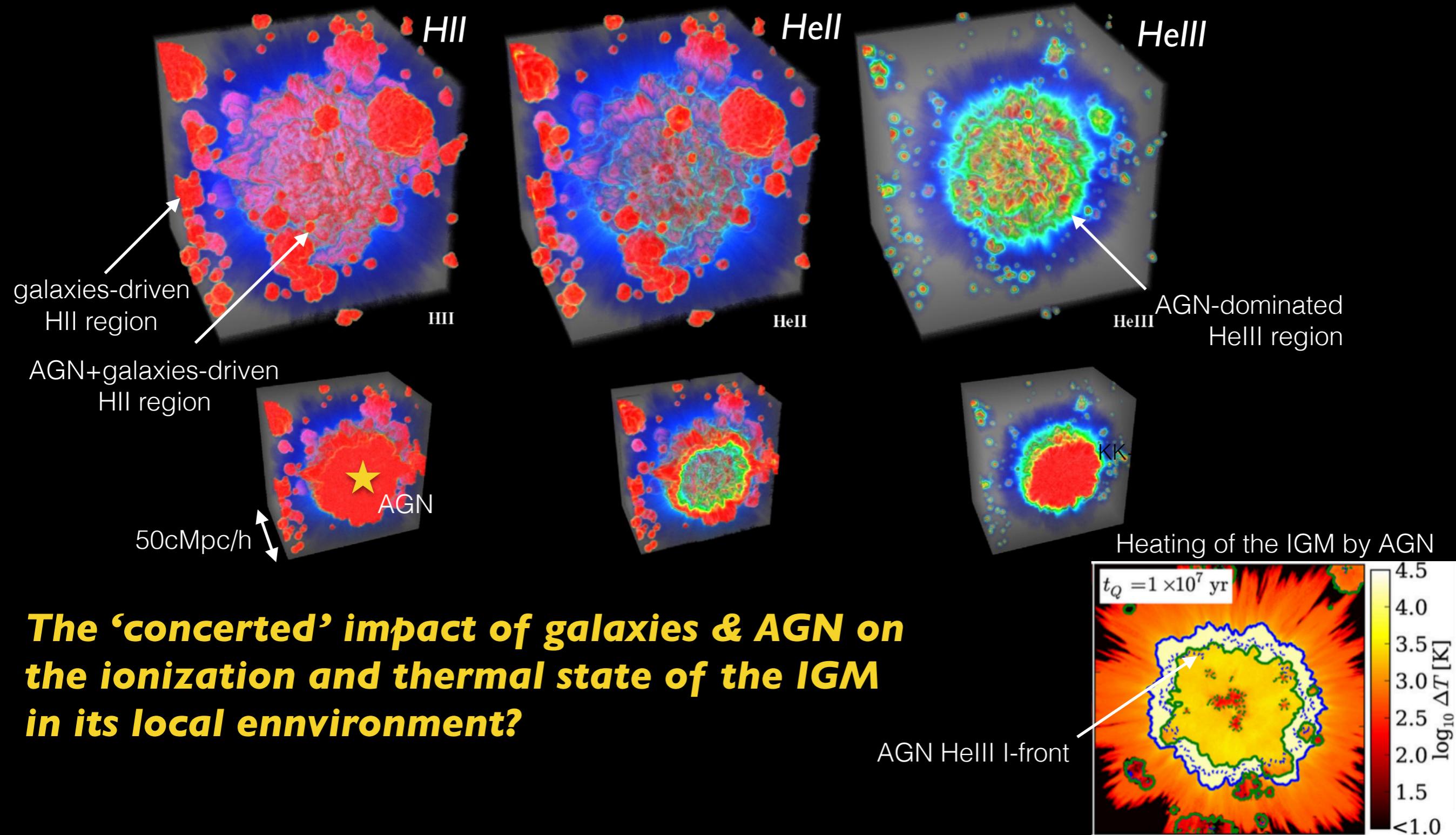
Spectroscopic survey of Ly α emitting galaxies in QSO fields

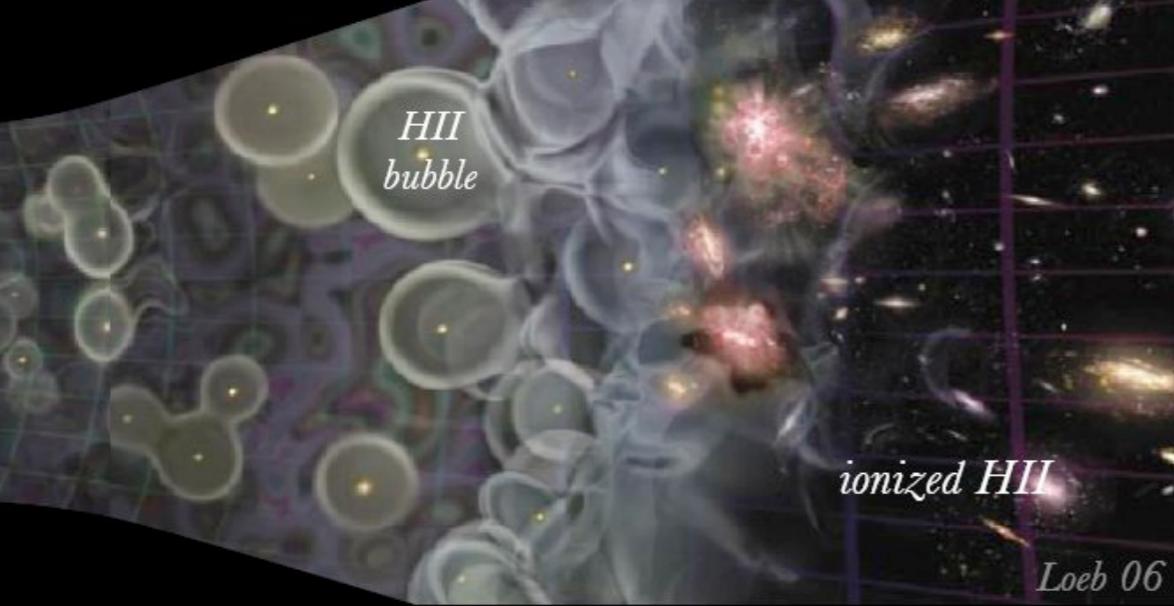


The role of AGN: reionization of hydrogen & helium

Multi-frequency radiative transfer simulation of hydrogen & helium reionization with galaxies and AGN

Kakiuchi+2017





Hypothesis emerging from J1148+5251 QSO field

What reionised the Universe?

While **faint galaxies** with high escape fraction ($>10\%$) primarily **drive reionisation**, **luminous galaxies and AGN** may play an increasingly important role in sourcing the **large-scale fluctuations of the UV background and thermal state of the IGM** towards the tail end of reionisation, possibly via their hard ionising spectra.

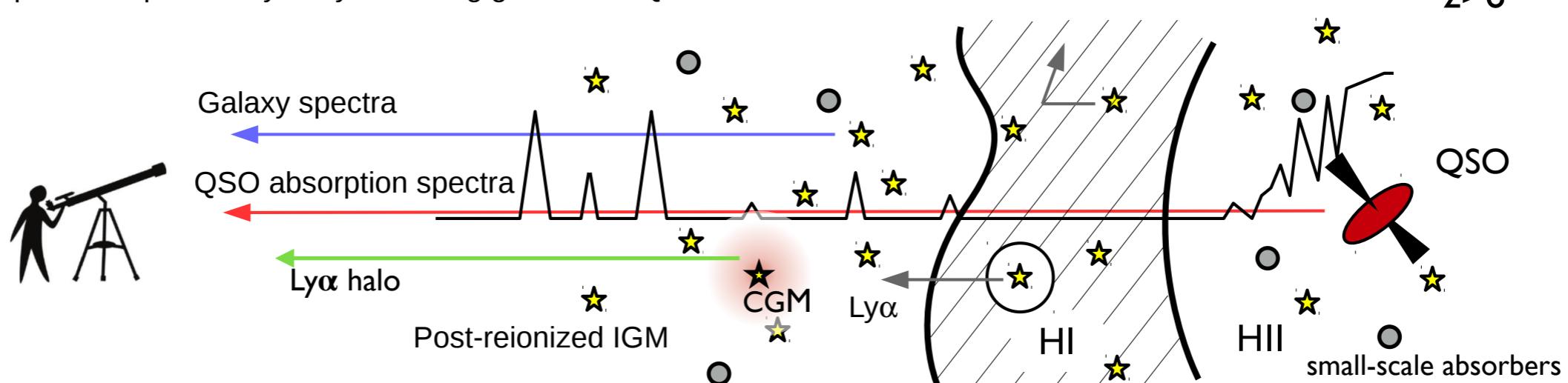
Summary “Ly α probing Ly α ”

What reionised the Universe?

We are mapping **a full 3D distribution of galaxies × the intergalactic medium** (using “Ly α in emission and absorption”) to understand the Epoch of Reionization.

“While **faint galaxies** ($M_{\text{UV}} < -15$) with high escape fraction (>10%) primarily **drive reionization**, **luminous galaxies and AGN** may play an increasingly important role in sourcing the **large-scale fluctuations of the UV background and thermal state of the IGM** towards the tail end of reionisation”

Spectroscopic survey of Ly α emitting galaxies in QSO fields



- 1) A new route to escape fraction. 2) Role of luminous galaxies and AGN. 3) ... more!